

Log-Structured-Merge Trees

Comp115 guest lecture

Niv Dayan

23 February, 2017



DASlab



INSTITUTE FOR APPLIED
COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE
AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY

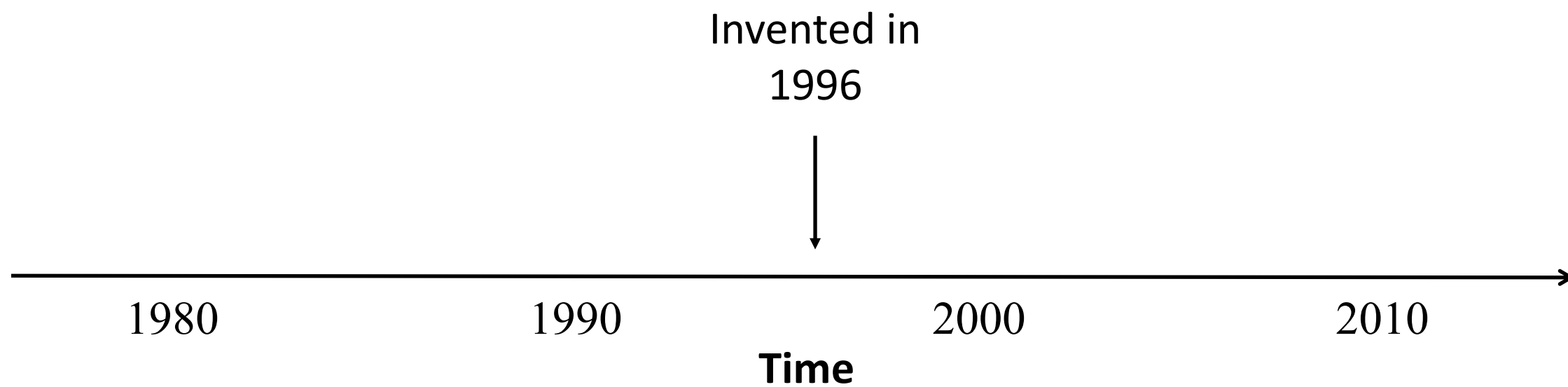


HARVARD
School of Engineering
and Applied Sciences

Useful when?

- Massive dataset
- Rapid updates/insertions
- Fast lookups

⇒ LSM-trees are for you.



Patrick O'Neil
UMass Boston



Invented in
1996



Patrick O'Neil
UMass Boston



Invented in
1996



levelDB



DynamoDB



cassandra



HBASE



Time

Why now?

Patrick O'Neil
UMass Boston



Invented in
1996



levelDB



DynamoDB



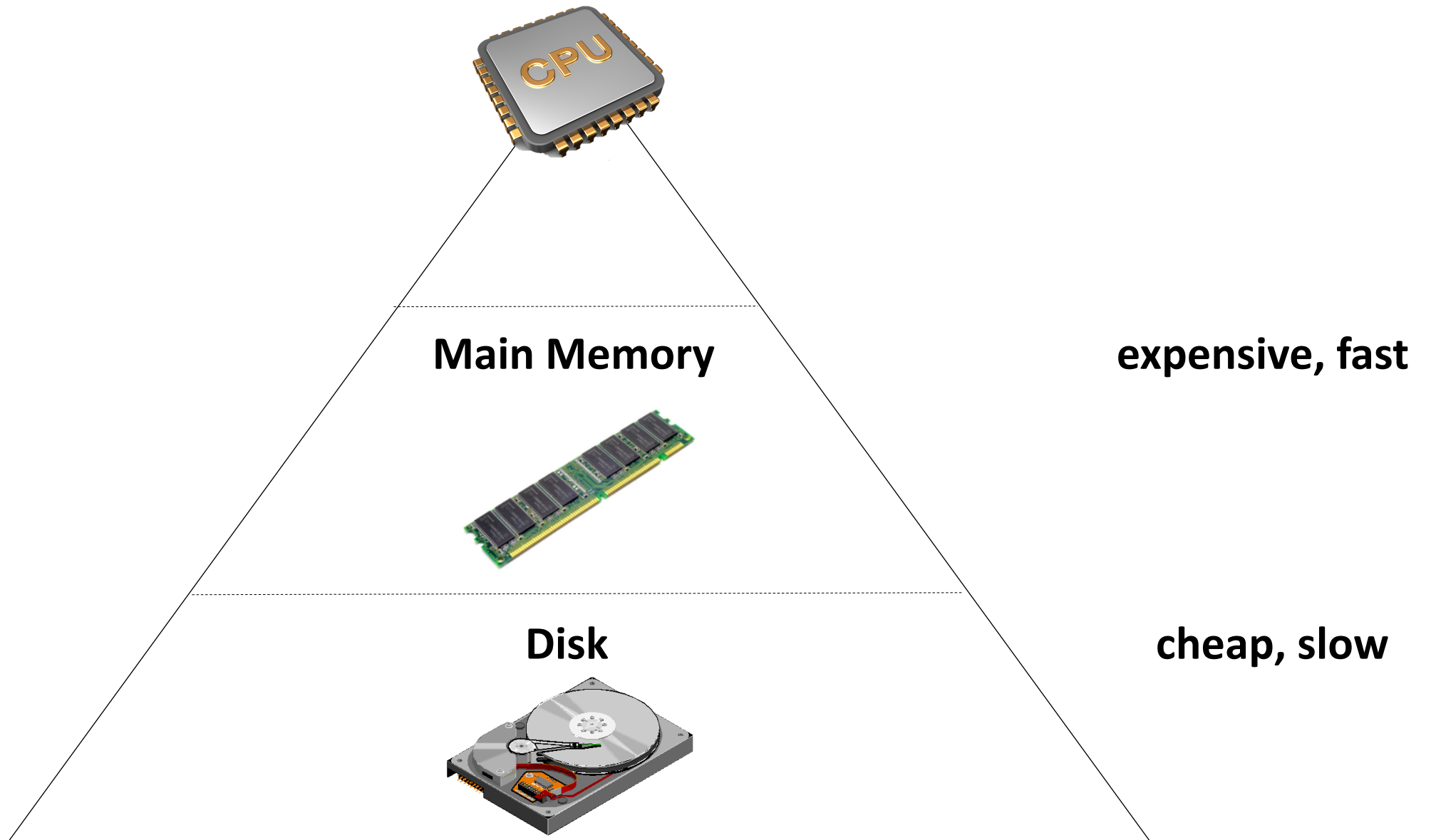


Outline

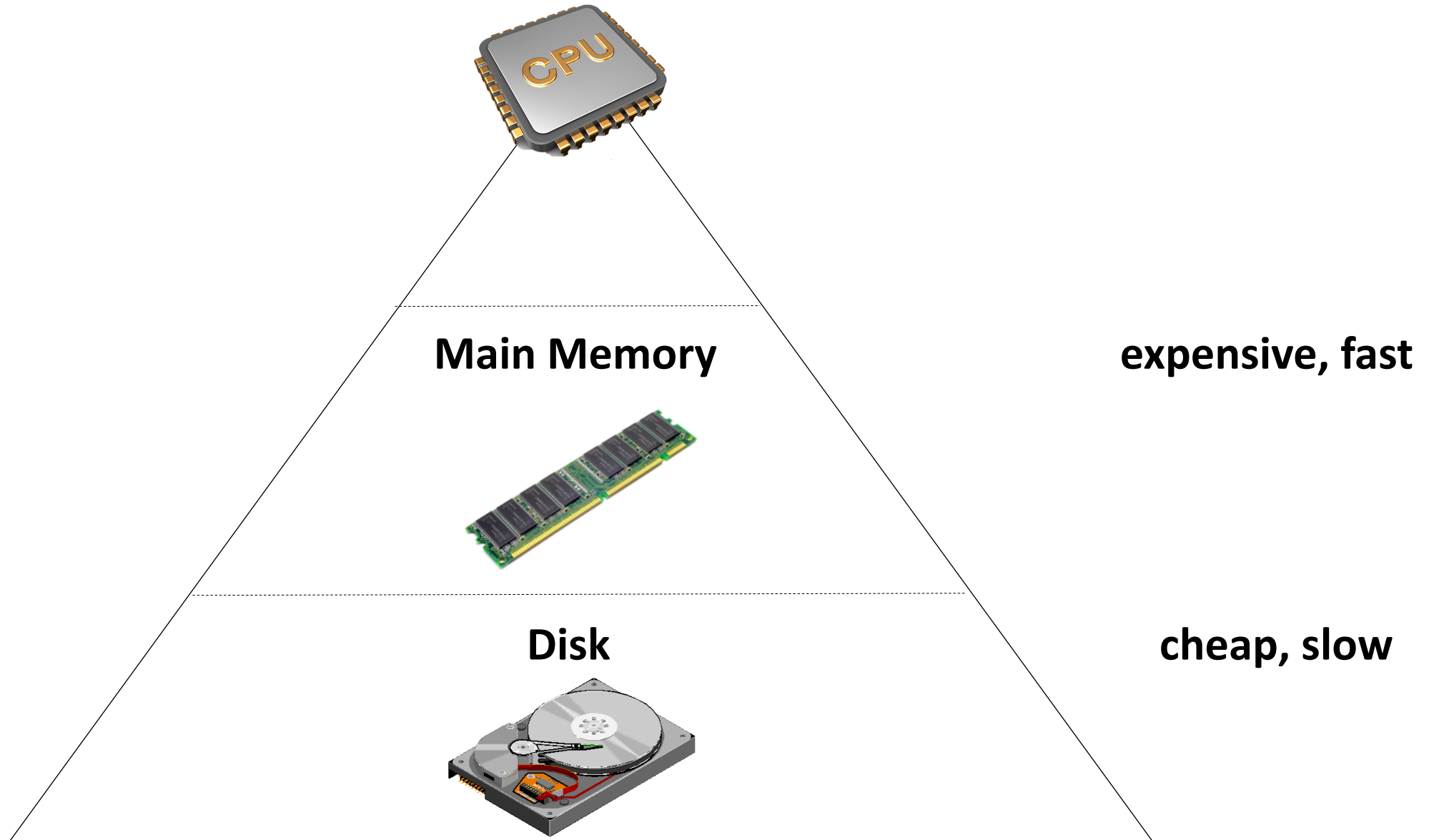
1. Storage devices
2. Indexing problem & basic solutions
3. Basic LSM-trees
4. Leveled LSM-trees
5. Tiered LSM-trees
6. Bloom filters



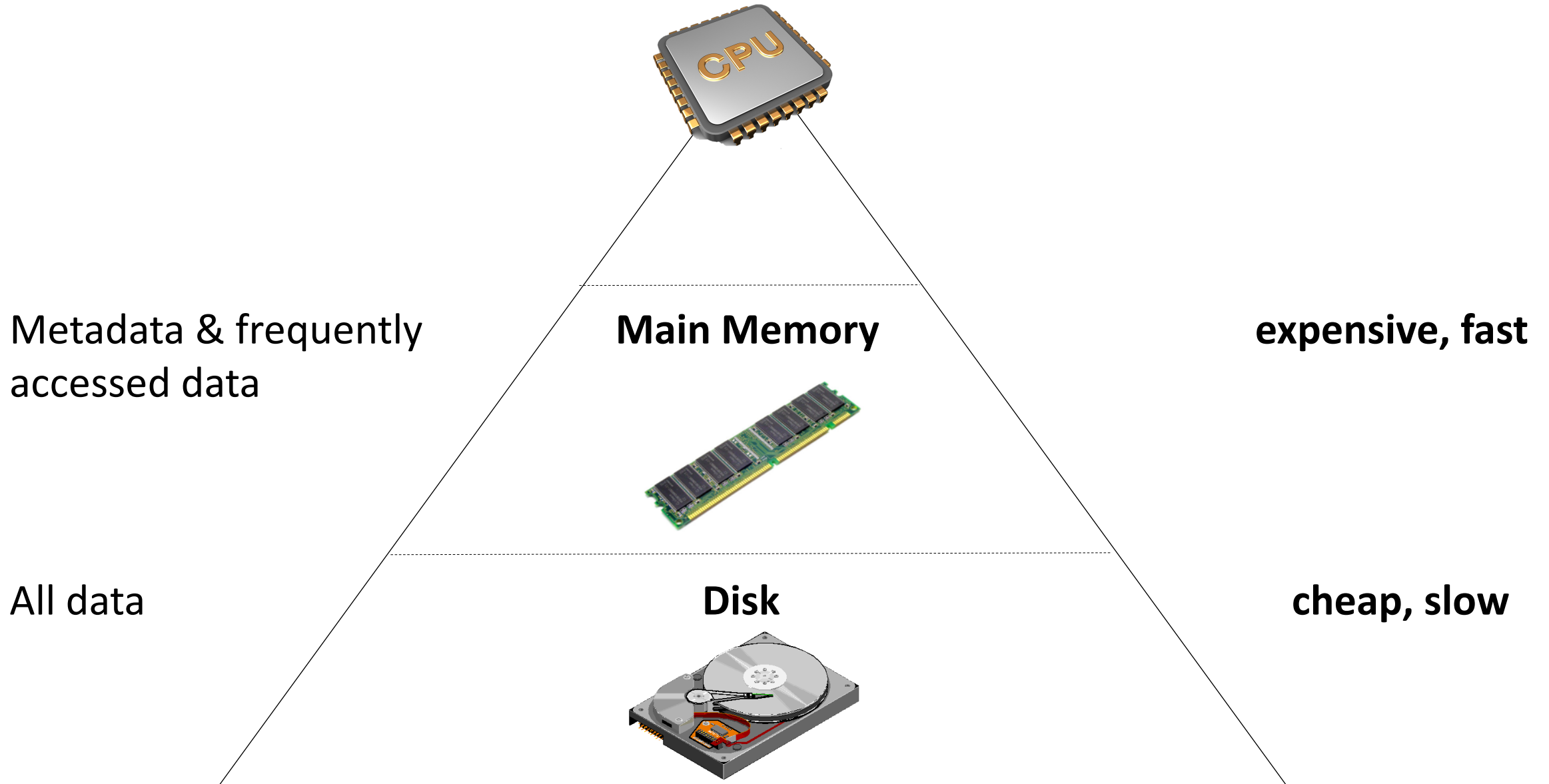
Storage devices

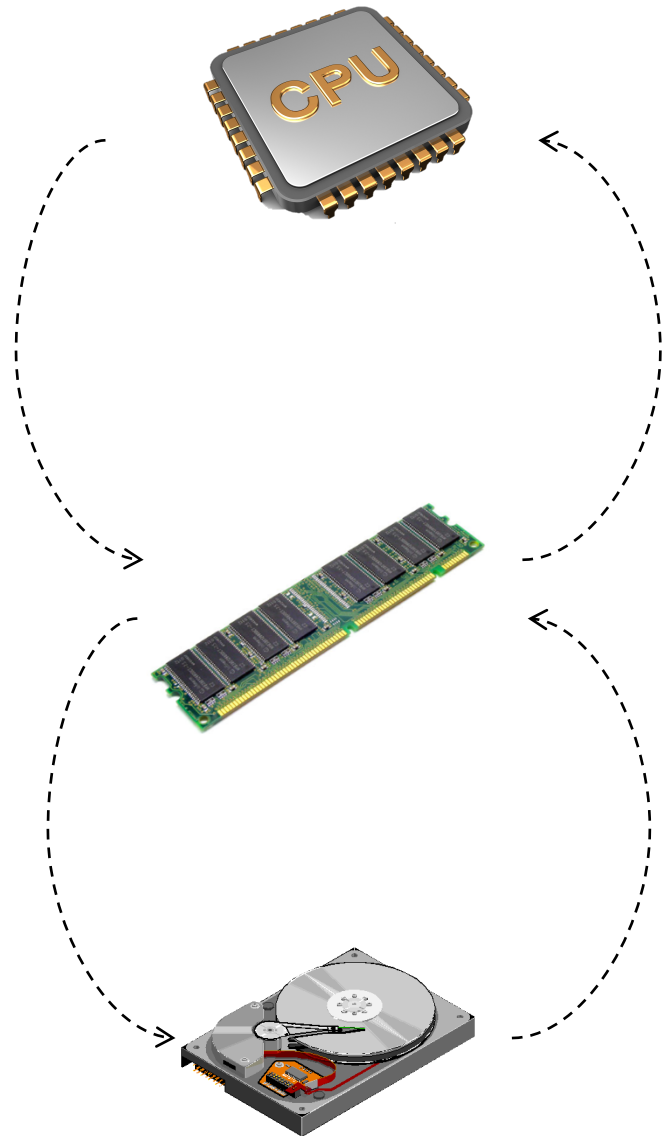


The Memory Hierarchy



The Memory Hierarchy

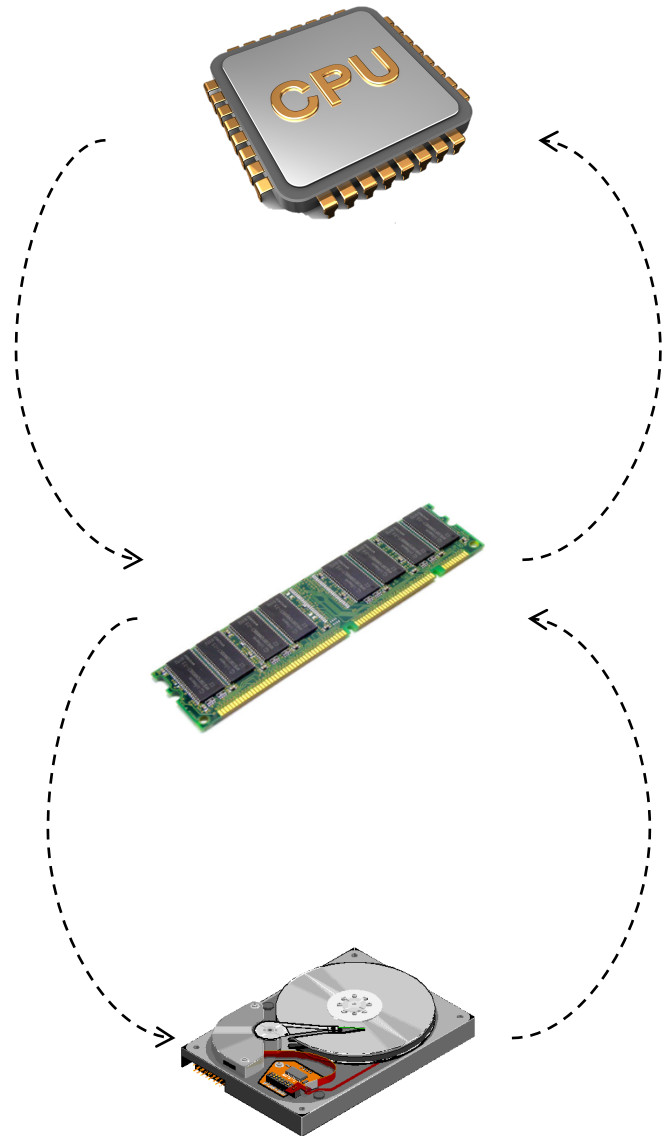




≈ 100 ns

≈ 10 ms

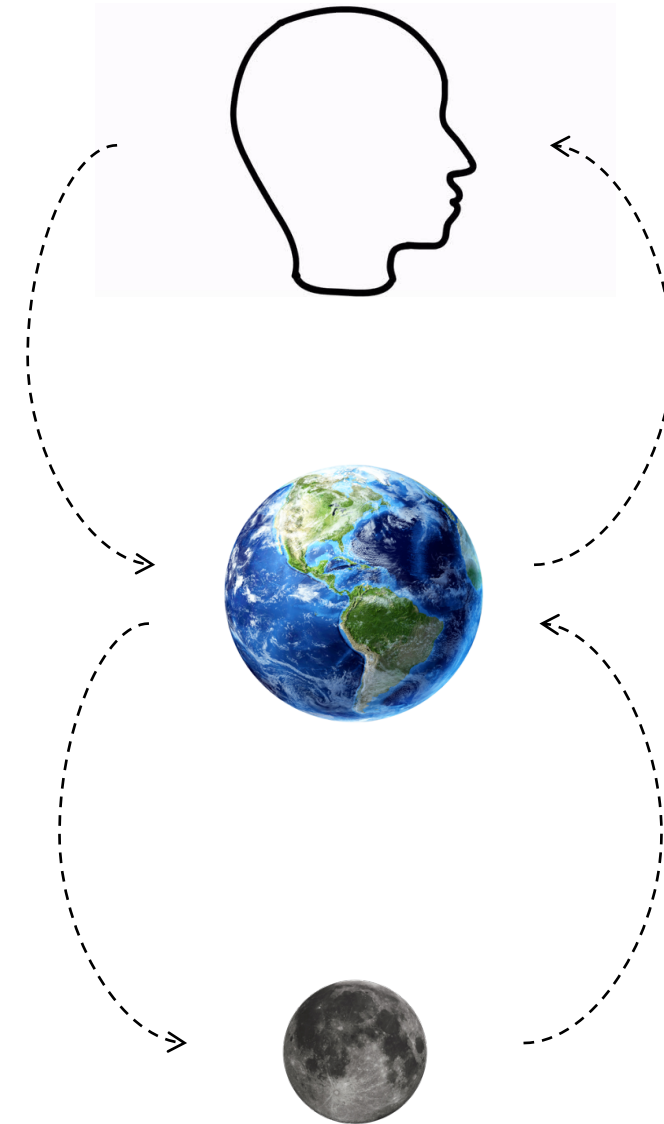
≈ 5 -6 order of magnitude difference



≈ 100 ns

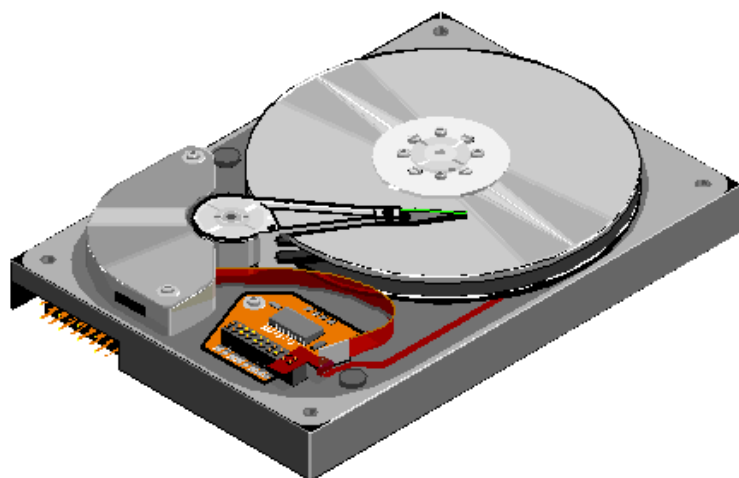
≈ 10 ms

$\approx 5-6$ order of magnitude difference



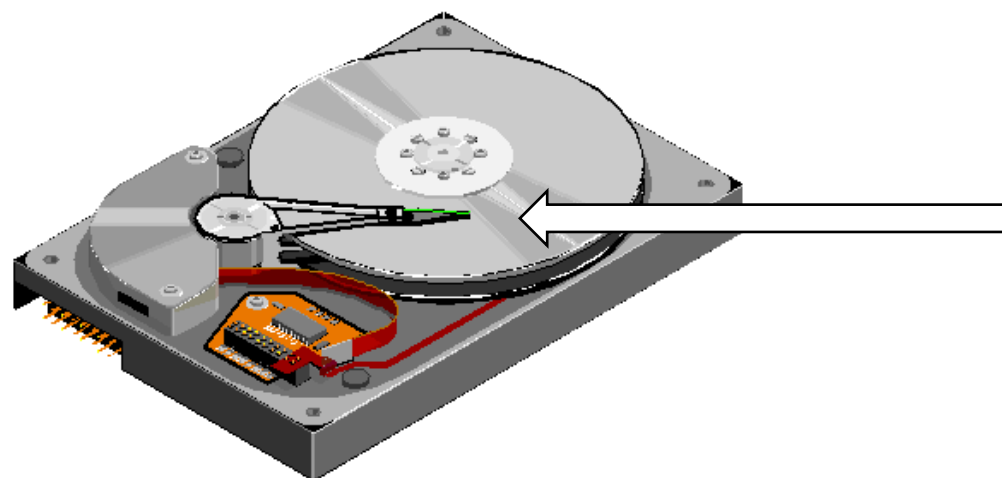


Why is disk slow?



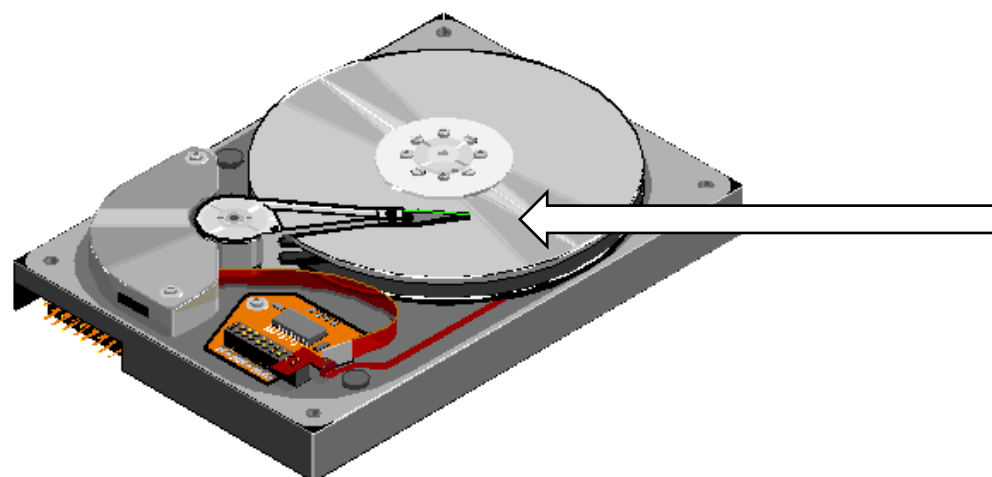


Why is disk slow?



Disk head

Why is disk slow?



Disk head

Random access is slow

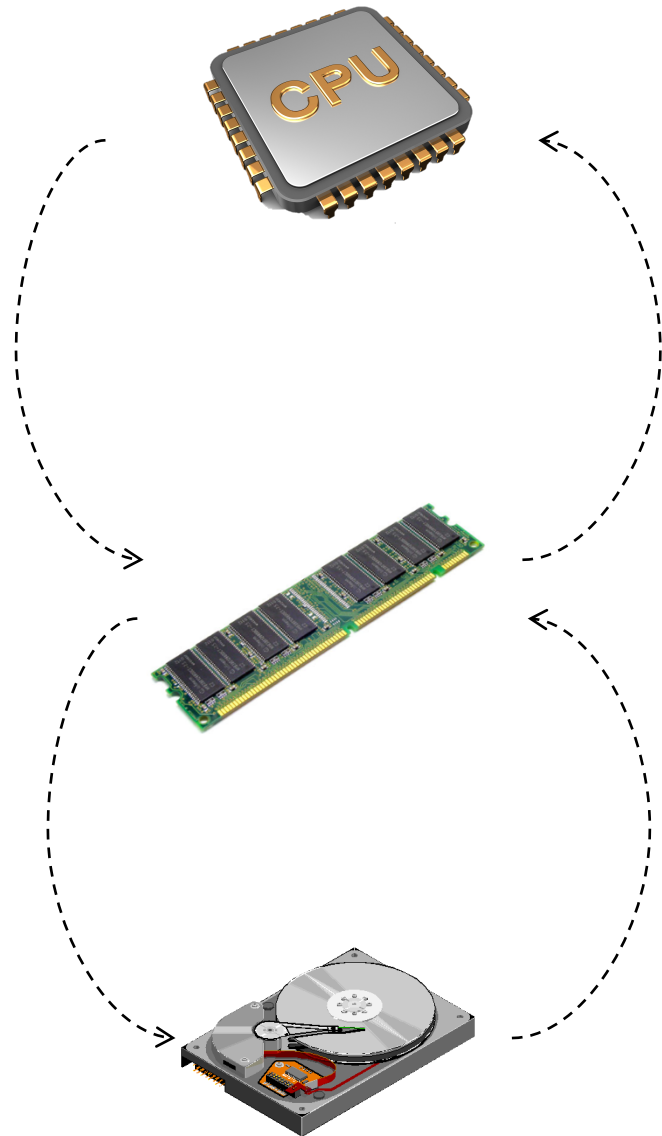


move disk head

Sequential access is faster



let disk spin

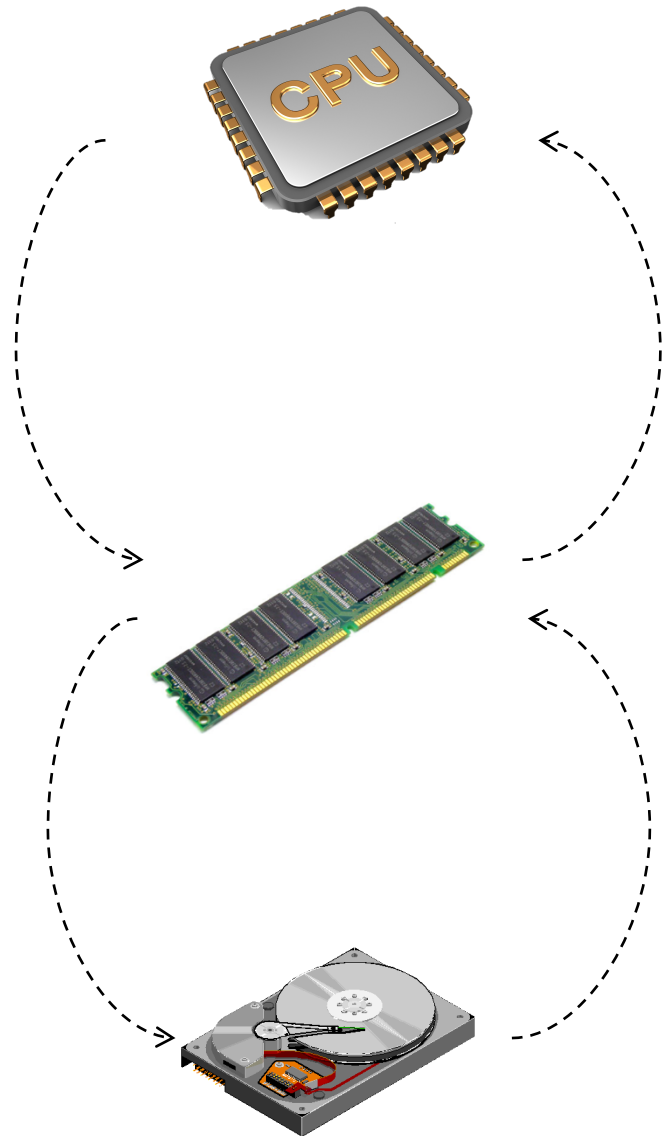


64 byte chunks
Words

Fine access granularity

4 kilobyte chunks
Blocks

Coarse access granularity



64 byte chunks
Words

Fine access granularity

4 kilobyte chunks
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Coarse access granularity



Outline

- 1. Storage devices**
2. Indexing problem & basic solutions
3. Basic LSM-trees
4. Leveled LSM-trees
5. Tiered LSM-trees
6. Bloom filters



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1. Storage devices
2. **Indexing problem & basic solutions**
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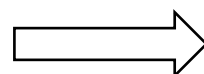


Indexing Problem & Basic Solutions

Indexing Problem



names

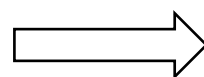


phone numbers

Indexing Problem



names

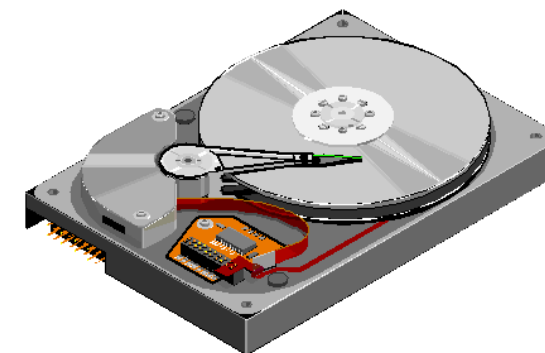


phone numbers

Structure on disk?

Lookup cost?

Insertion cost?





Results Catalogue

Compare and contrast data structures.

What to use when?

Data Structure	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array		
Log		
B-tree		
Basic LSM-tree		
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		



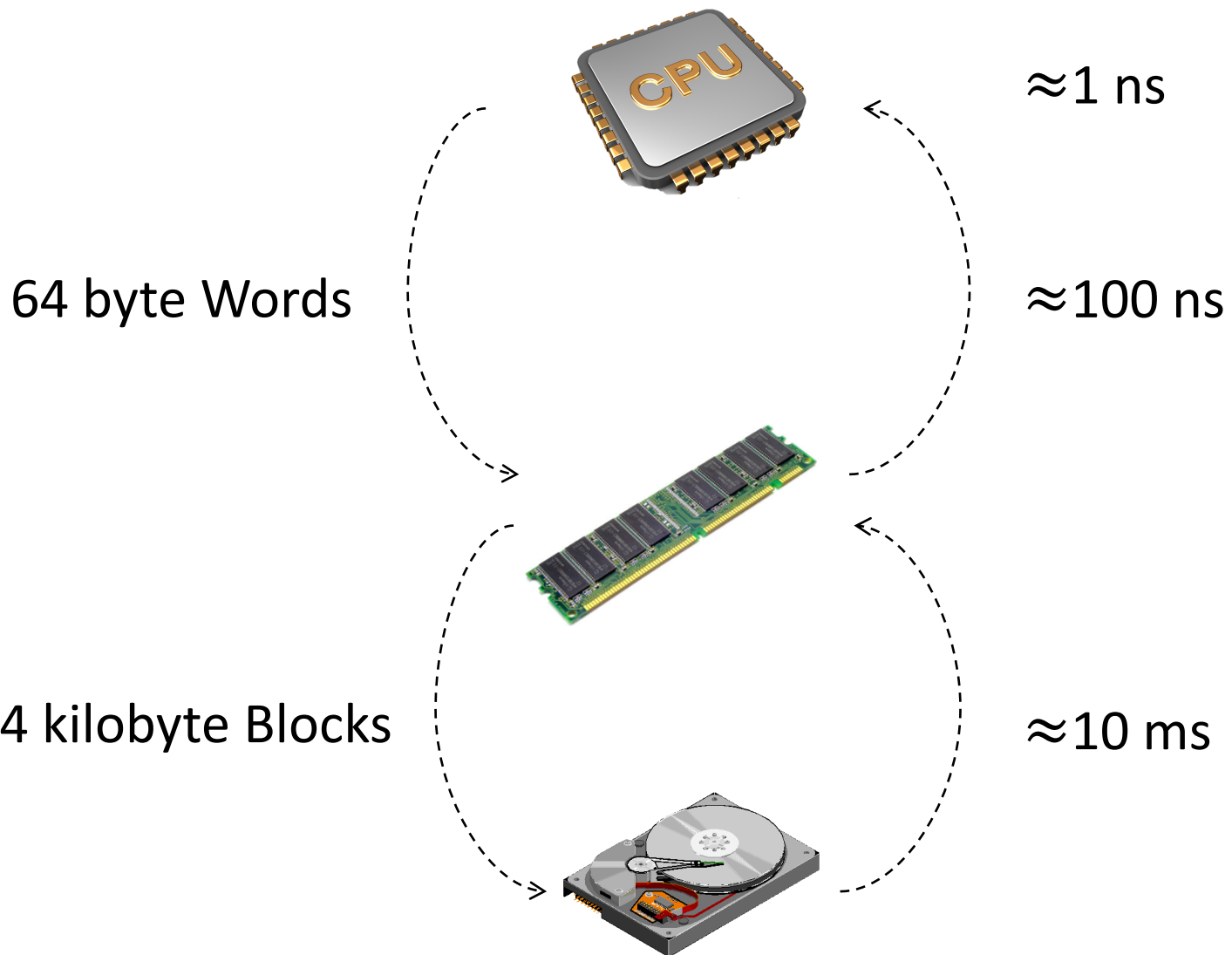
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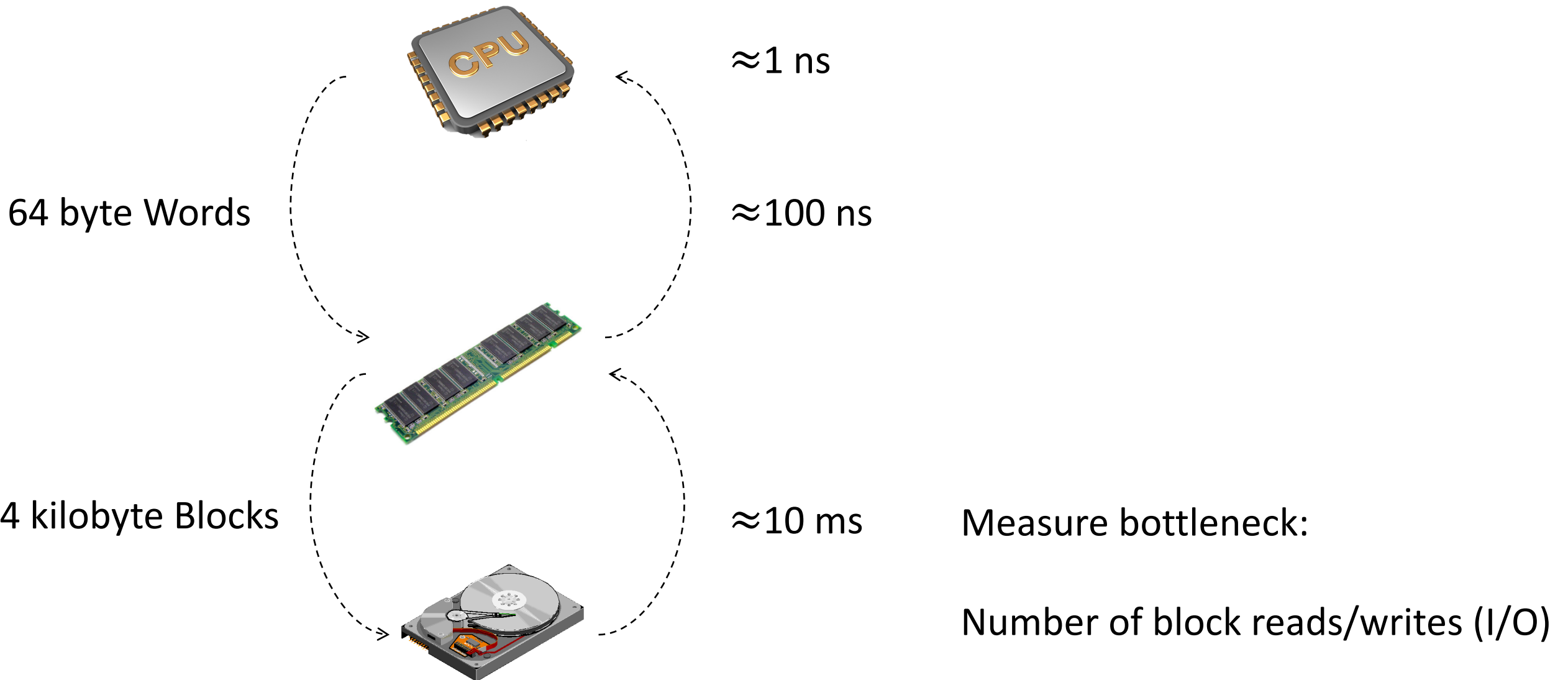
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Leveled LSM-tree		
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Modeling Performance

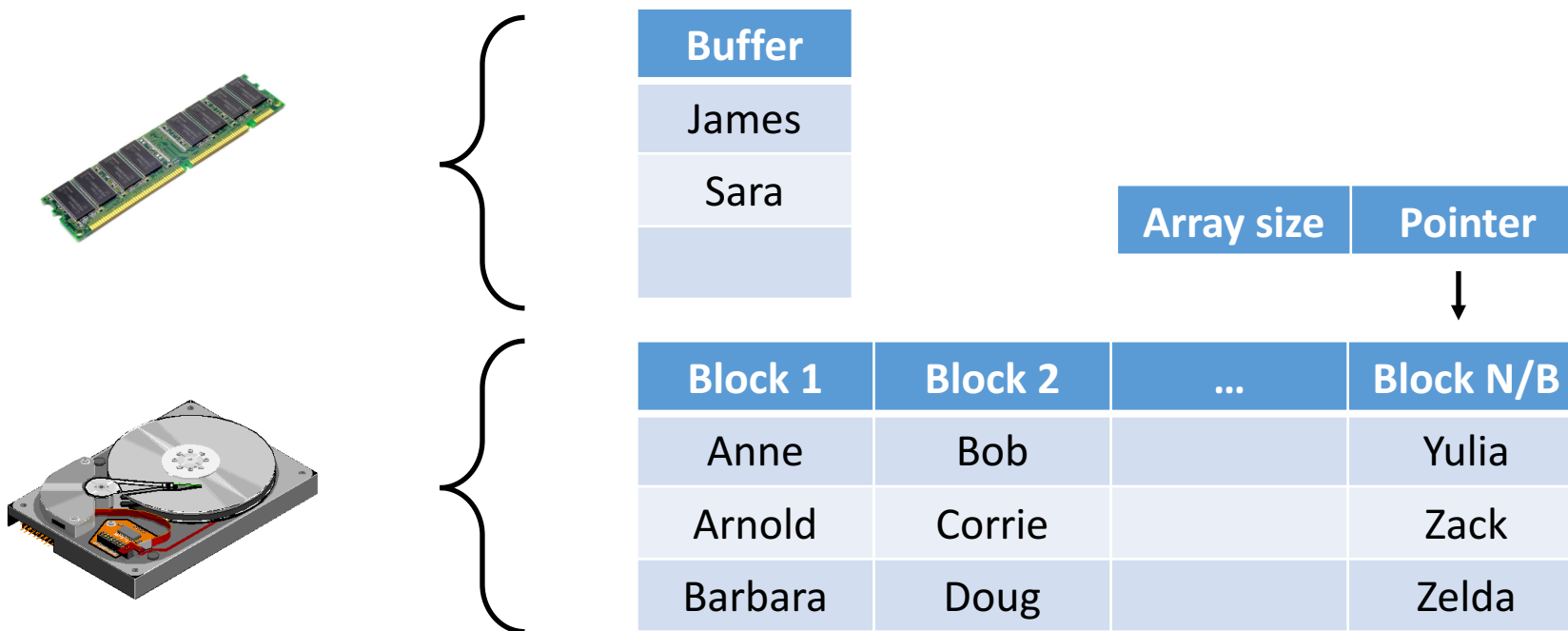


Modeling Performance





Sorted Array



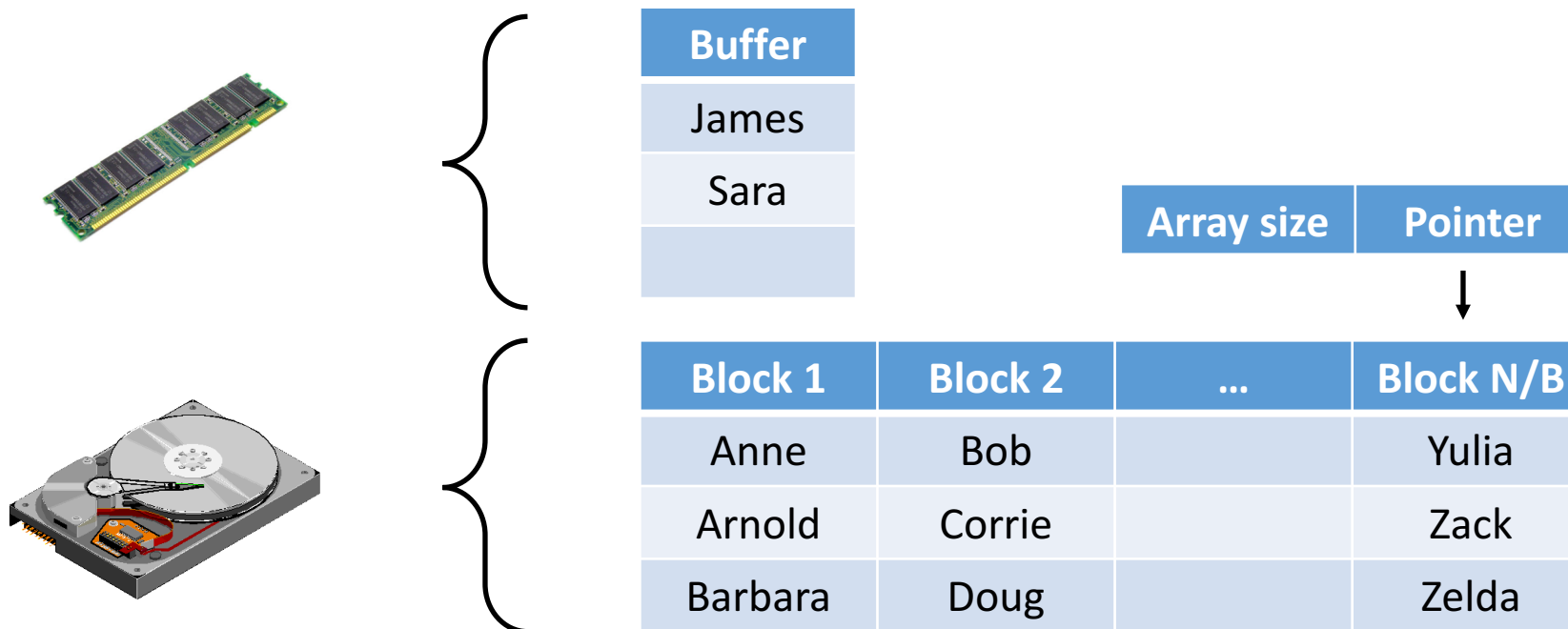


Sorted Array

N entries

B entries fit into a disk block

Array spans **N/B** disk blocks



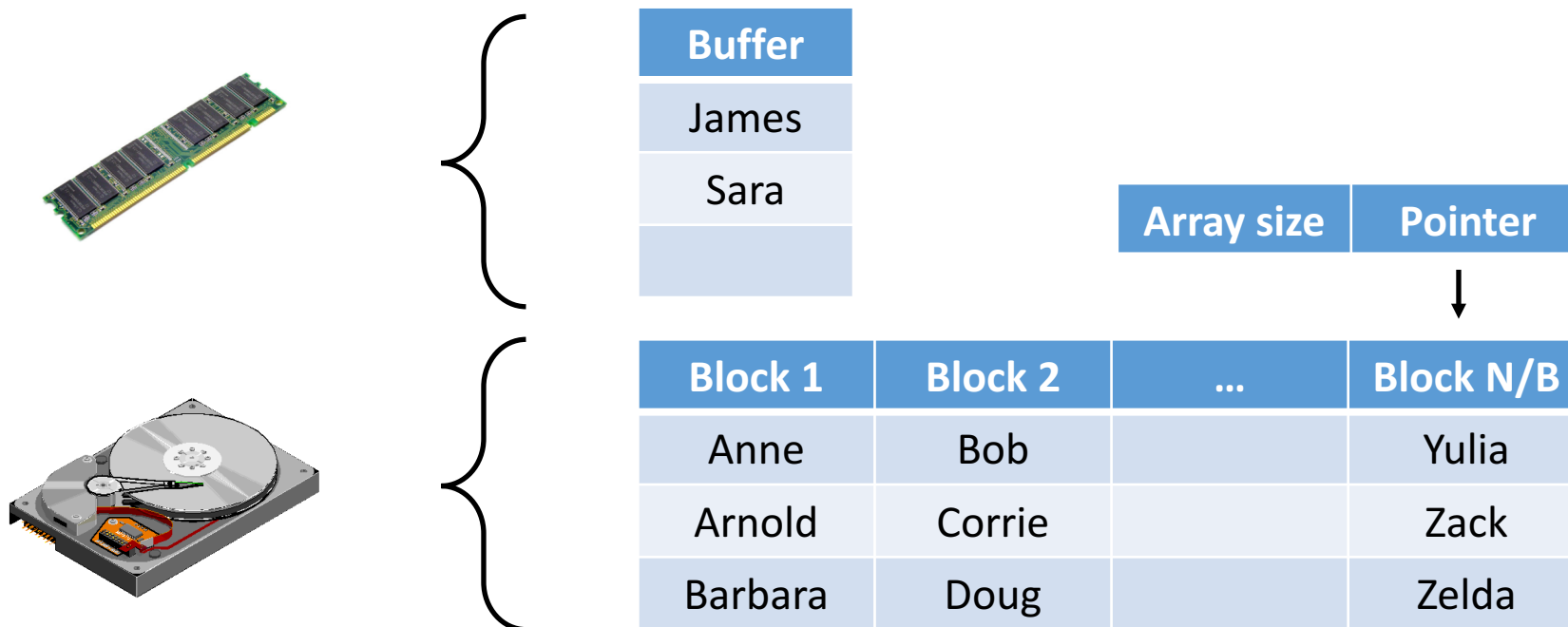
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Lookup method & cost?





Sorted Array

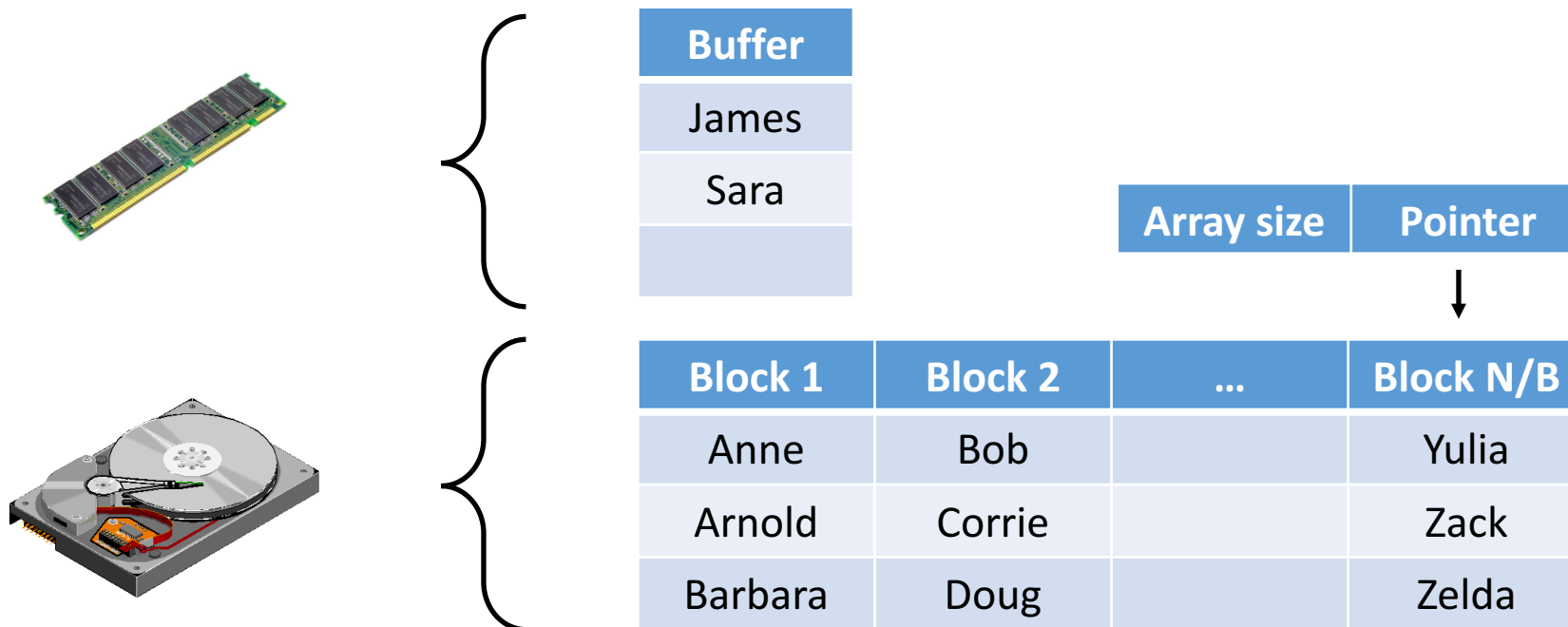
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Binary search: $O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$ I/Os





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N entries

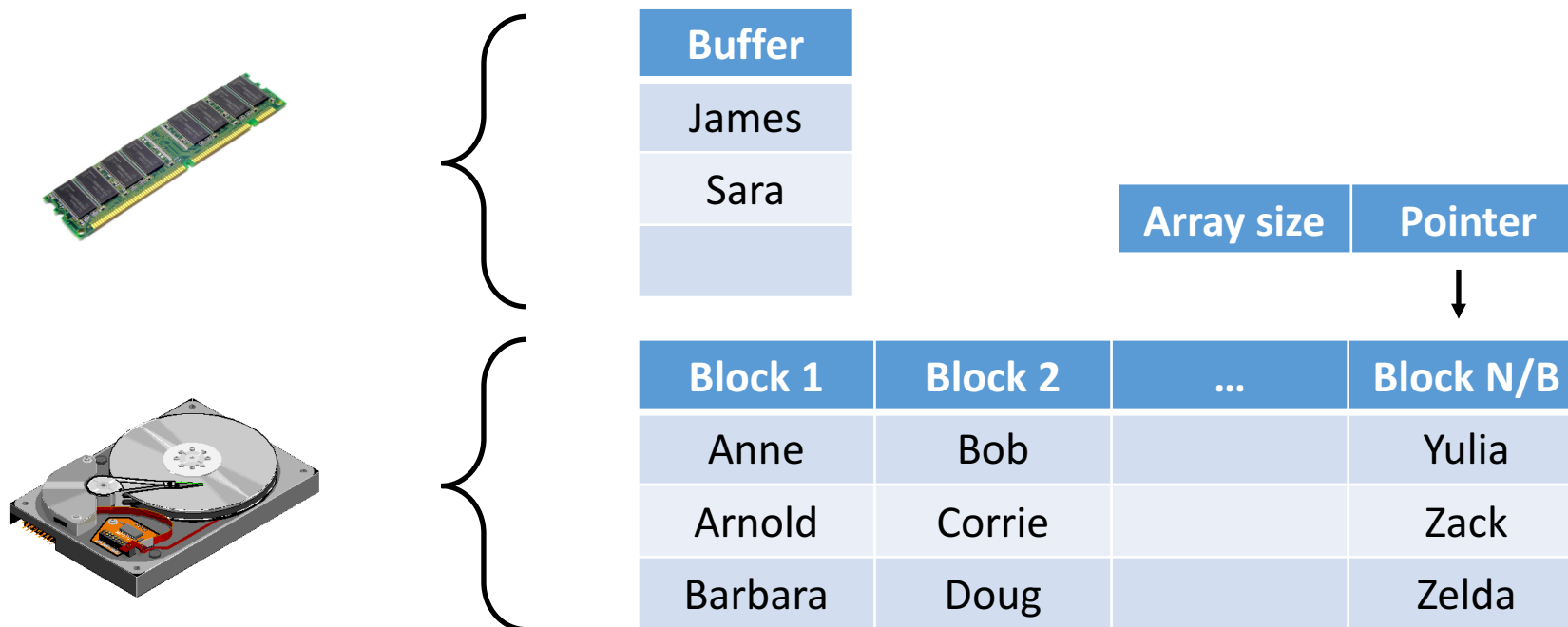
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Insertion cost?





Sorted Array

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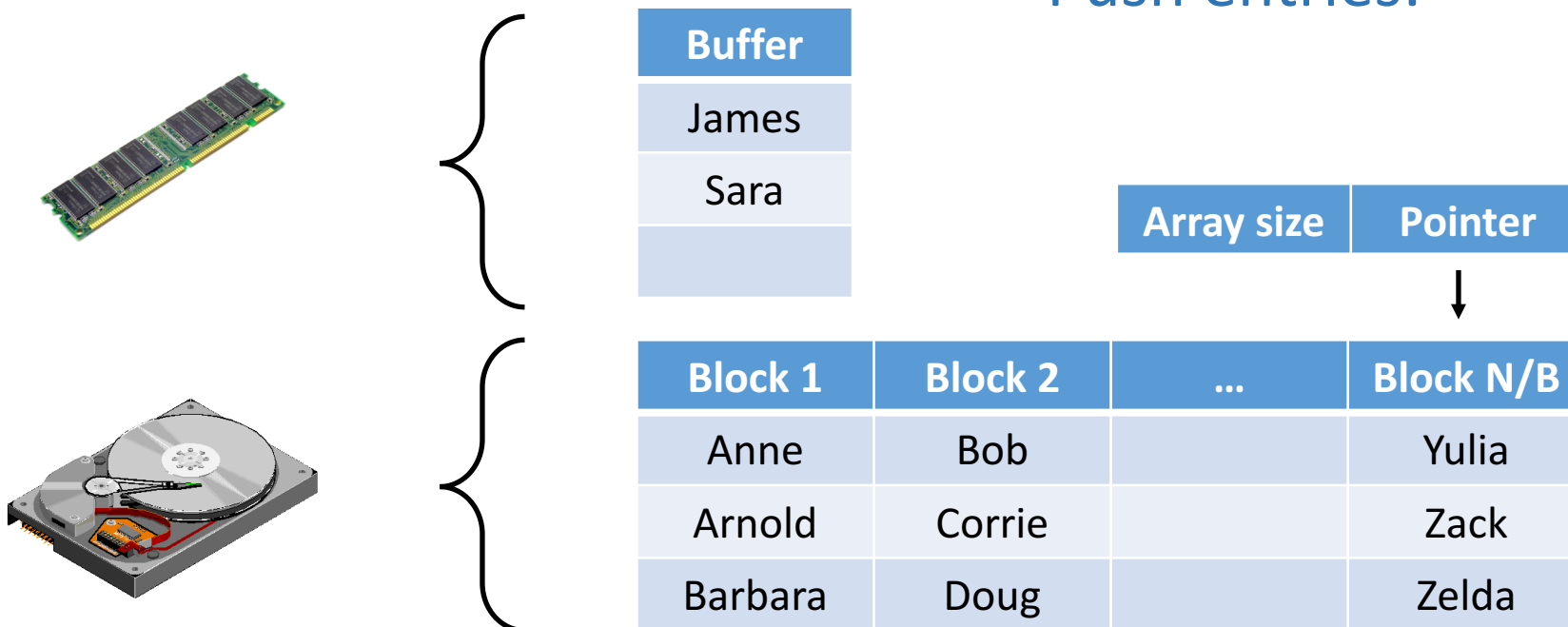
Array spans **N/B** disk blocks

Lookup method & cost?

Binary search: $O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$ I/Os

Insertion cost?

Push entries: $O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \frac{N}{B}\right)$ I/Os





Results Catalogue

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B^2)$
Log		
B-tree		
Basic LSM-tree		
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

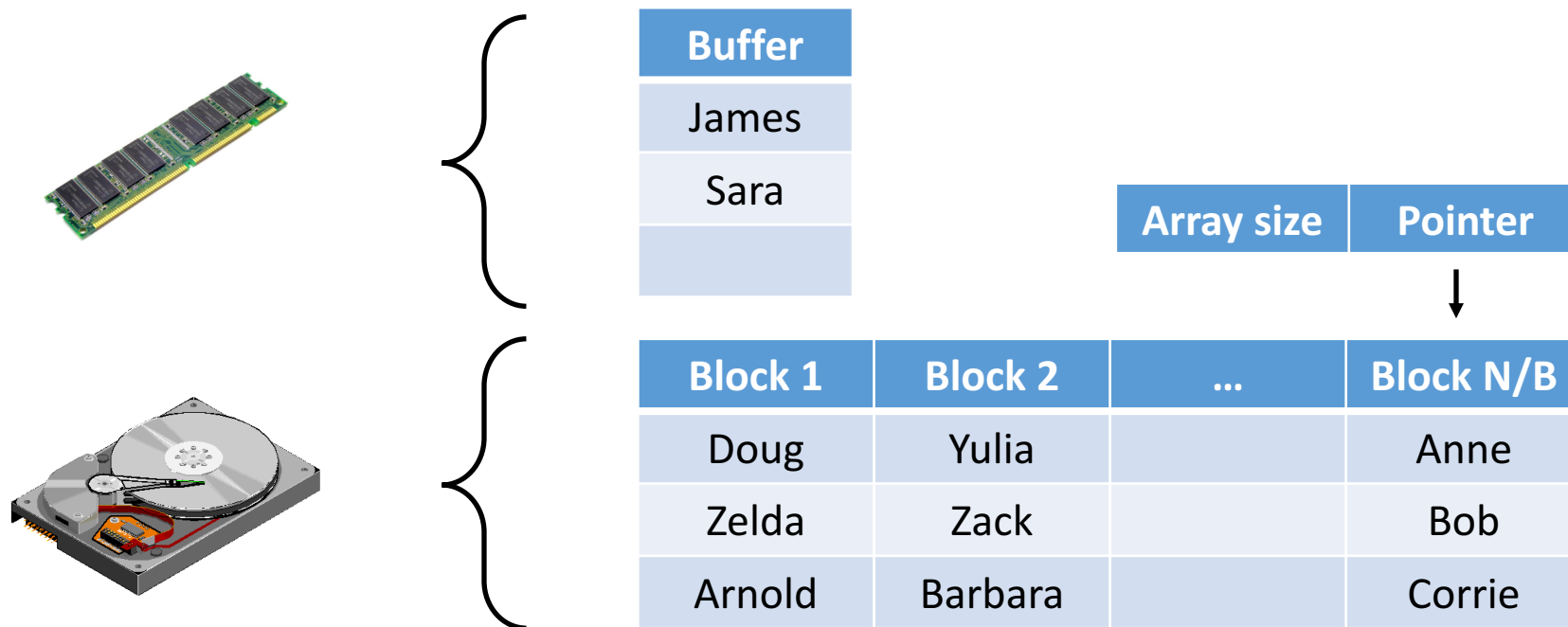


Results Catalogue

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B^2)$
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Log (append-only array)



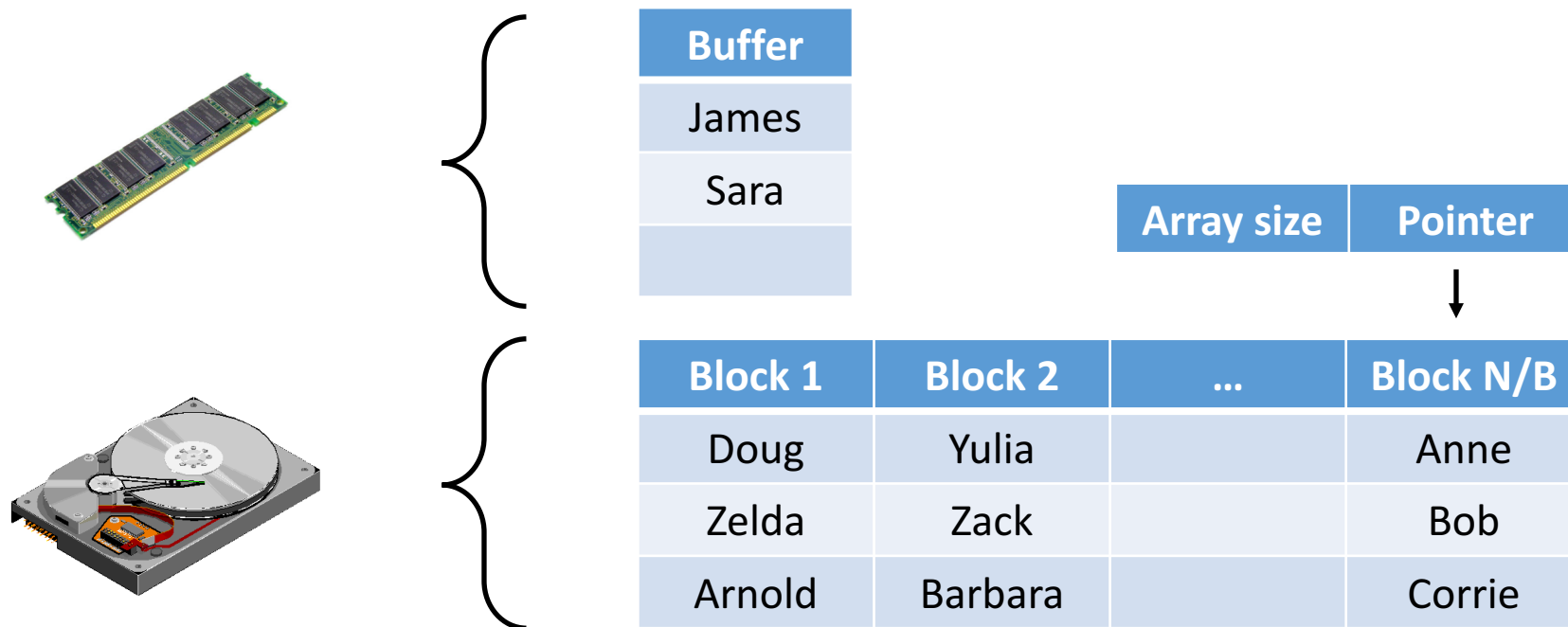


Log (append-only array)

N entries

B entries fit into a disk block

Array spans **N/B** disk blocks





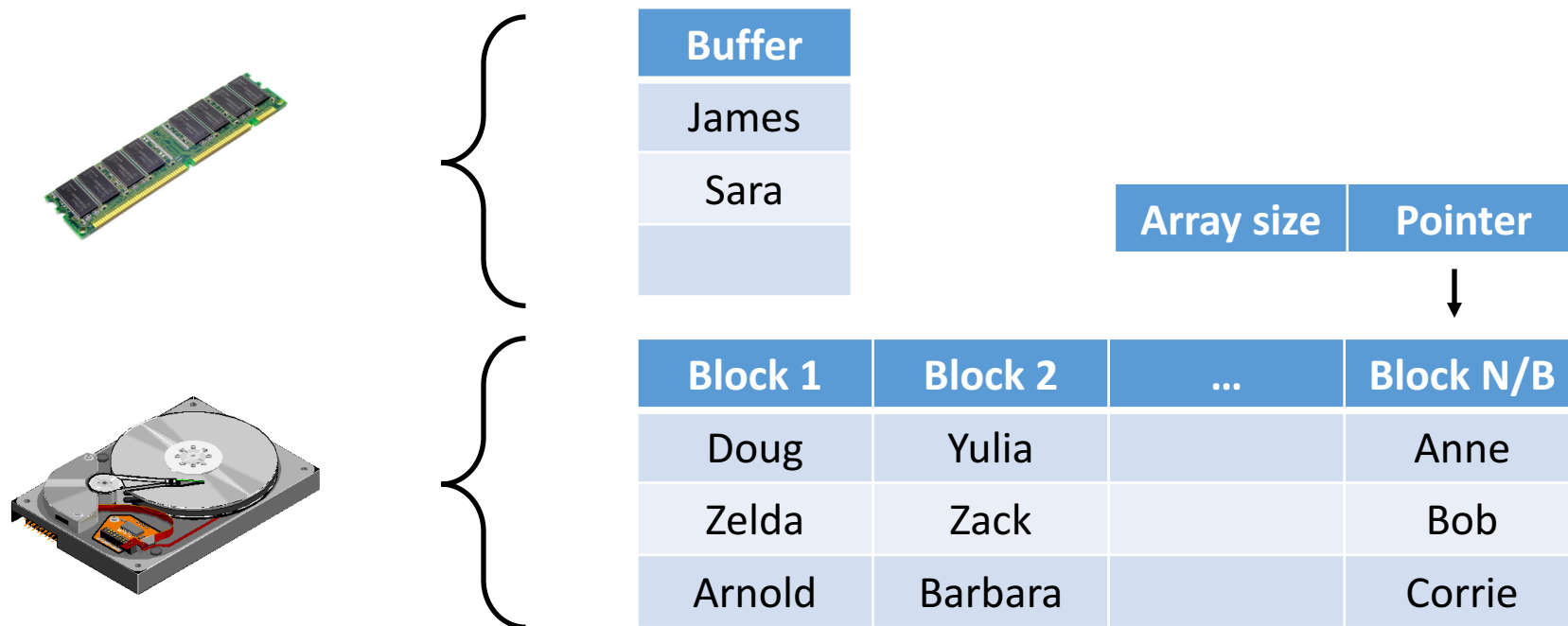
Log (append-only array)

N entries

B entries fit into a disk block

Array spans **N/B** disk blocks

Lookup method & cost?





Log (append-only array)

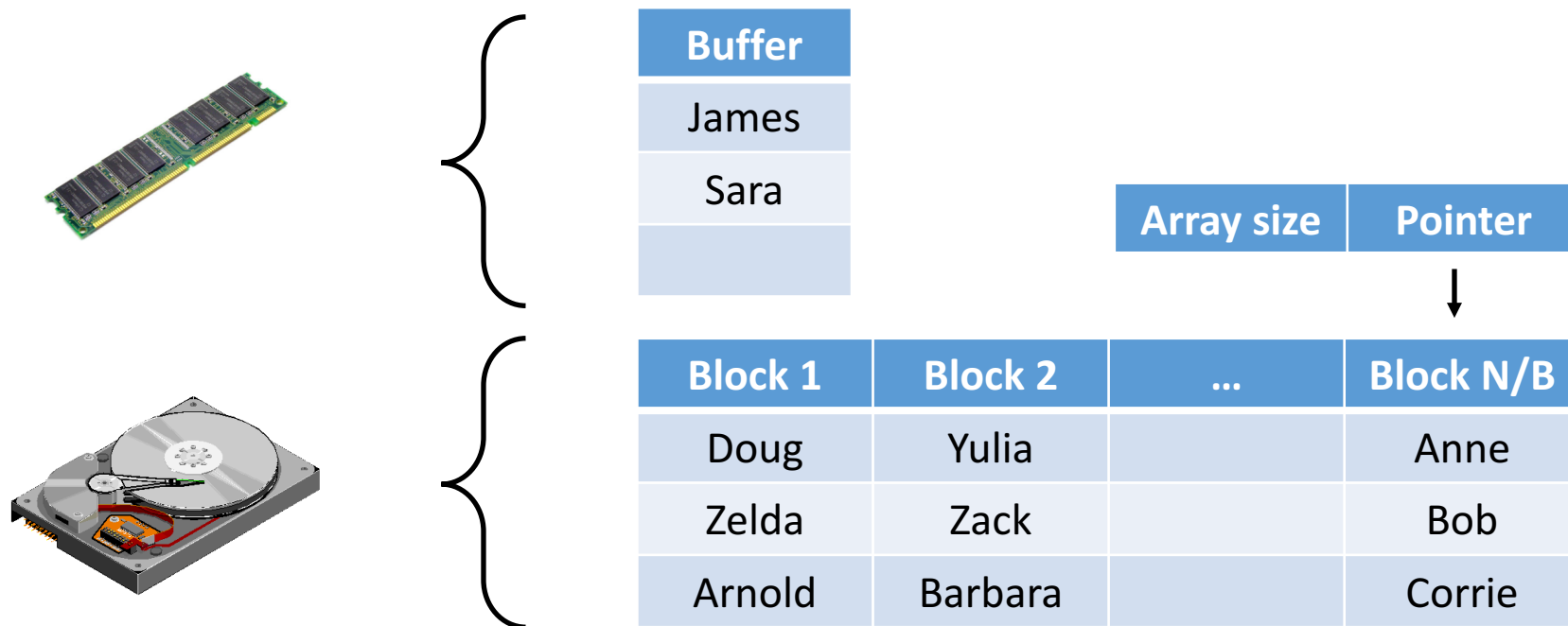
N entries

B entries fit into a disk block

Array spans **N/B** disk blocks

Lookup method & cost?

Scan: $O\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)$





Log (append-only array)

N entries

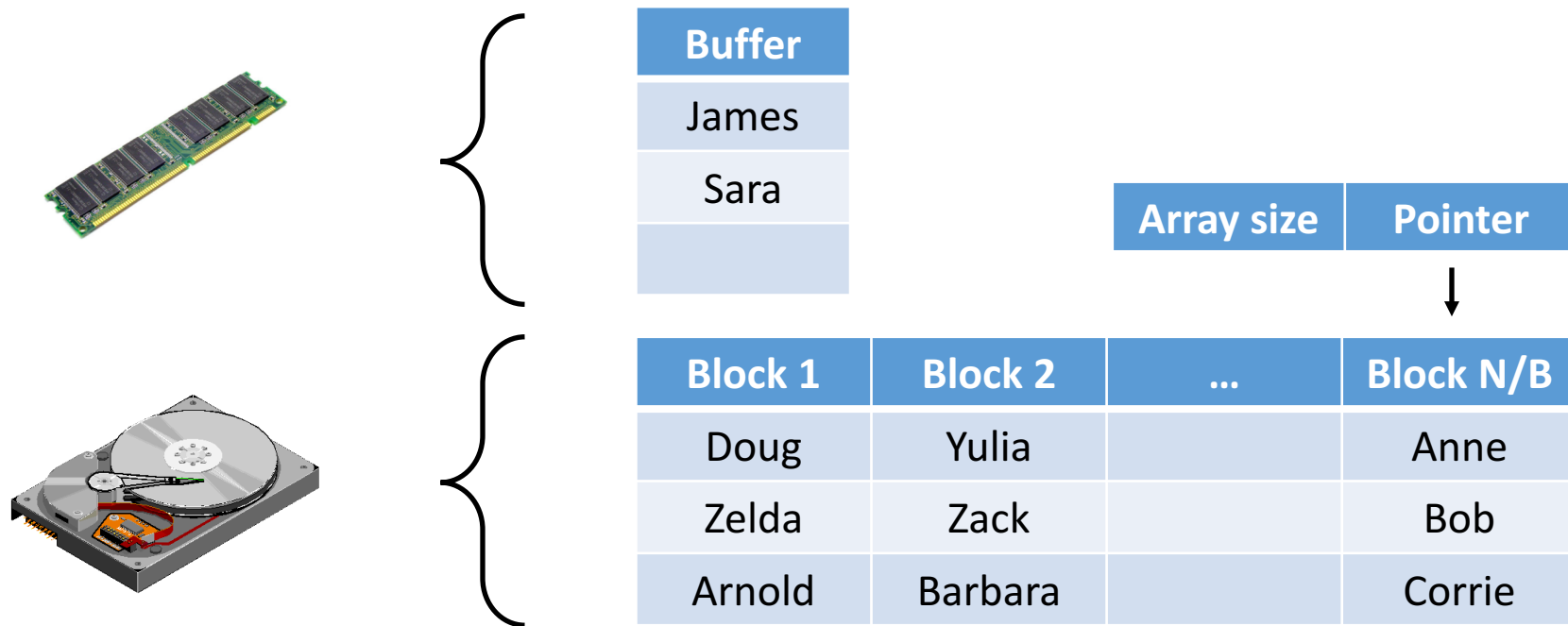
B entries fit into a disk block

Array spans **N/B** disk blocks

Lookup method & cost?

Scan: $O\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)$

Insertion cost?





Log (append-only array)

N entries

B entries fit into a disk block

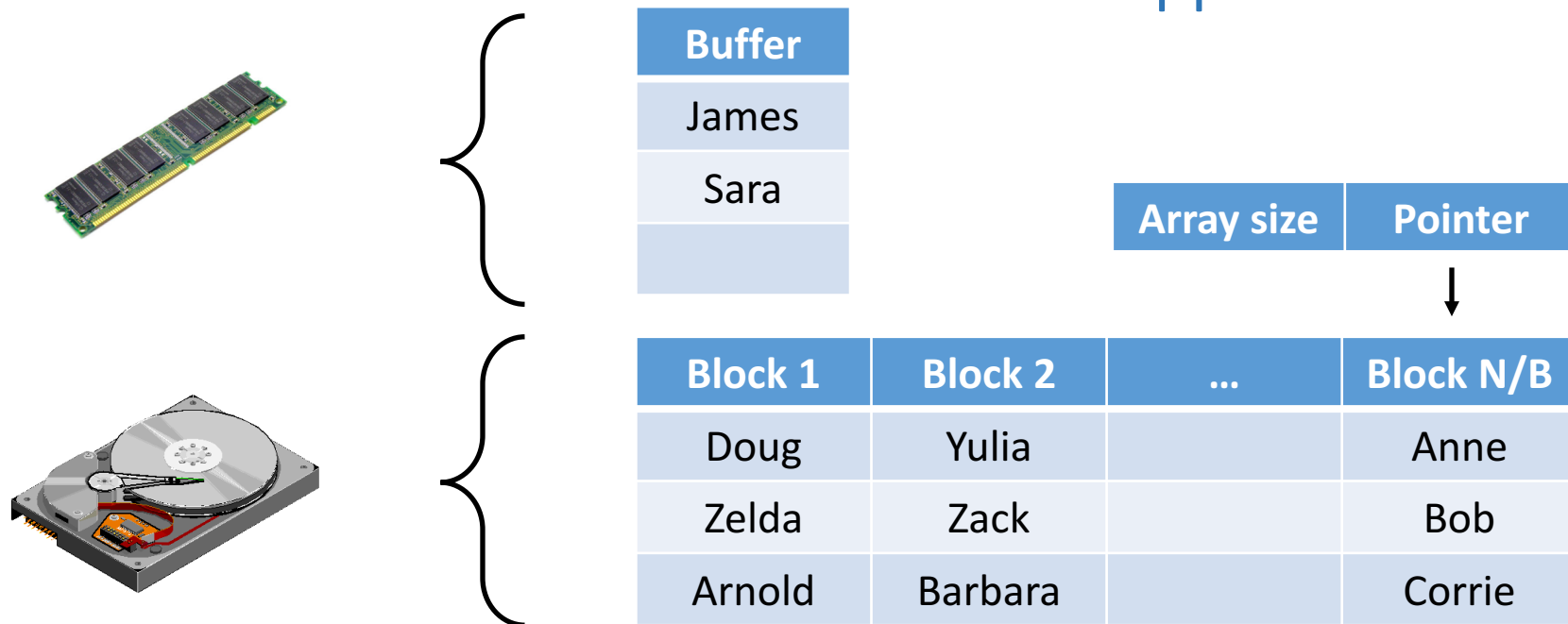
Array spans **N/B** disk blocks

Lookup method & cost?

Scan: $O\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)$

Insertion cost?

Append: $O\left(\frac{1}{B}\right)$





Results Catalogue

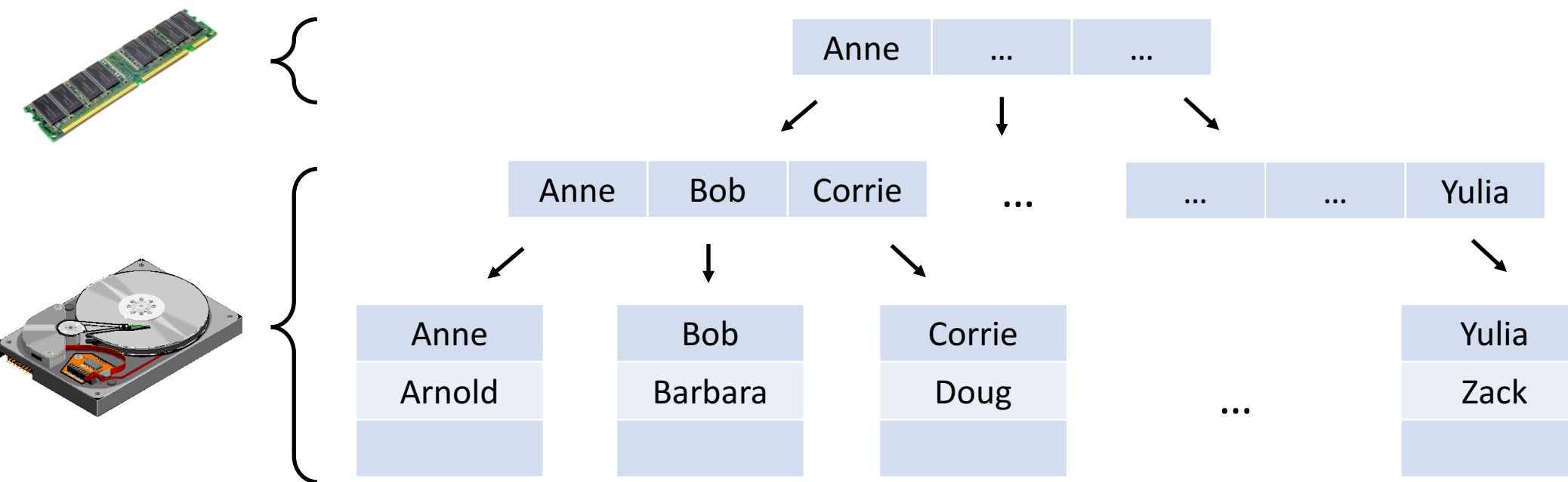
	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B^2)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree		
Basic LSM-tree		
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		



Results Catalogue

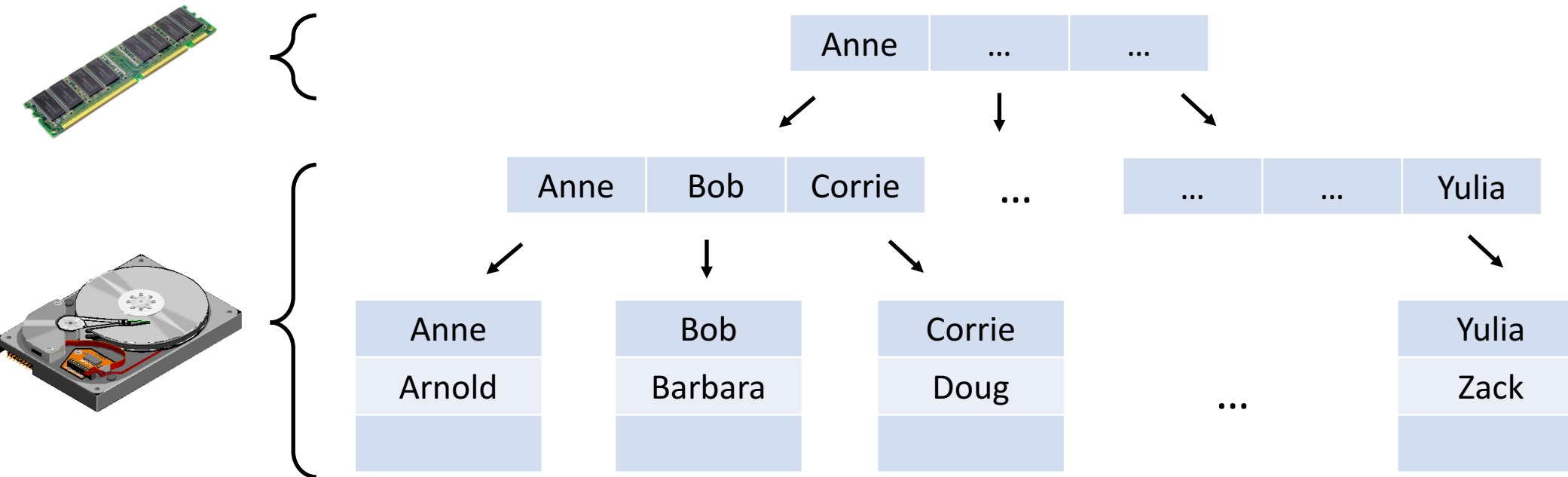
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B-tree



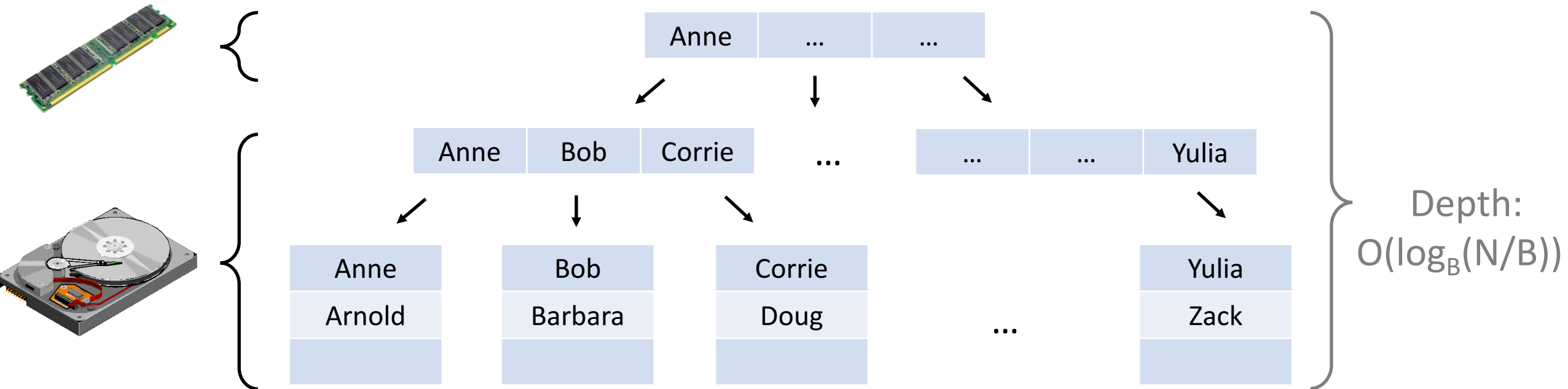
B-tree

Lookup method & cost?



B-tree

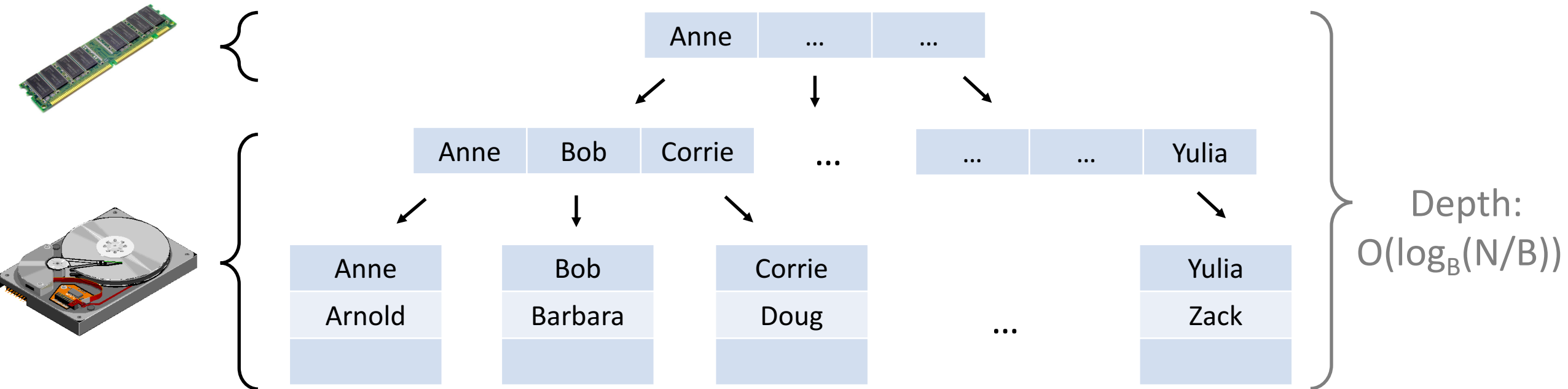
Lookup method & cost?



B-tree

Lookup method & cost?

Tree search: $O\left(\log_B\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

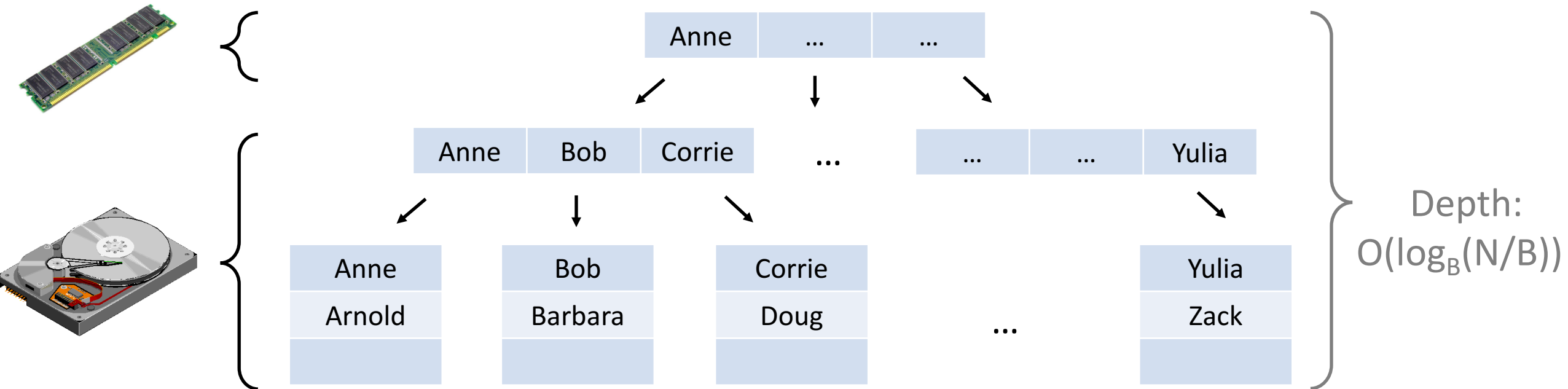


B-tree

Lookup method & cost?

Tree search: $O\left(\log_B\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

Insertion method & cost?



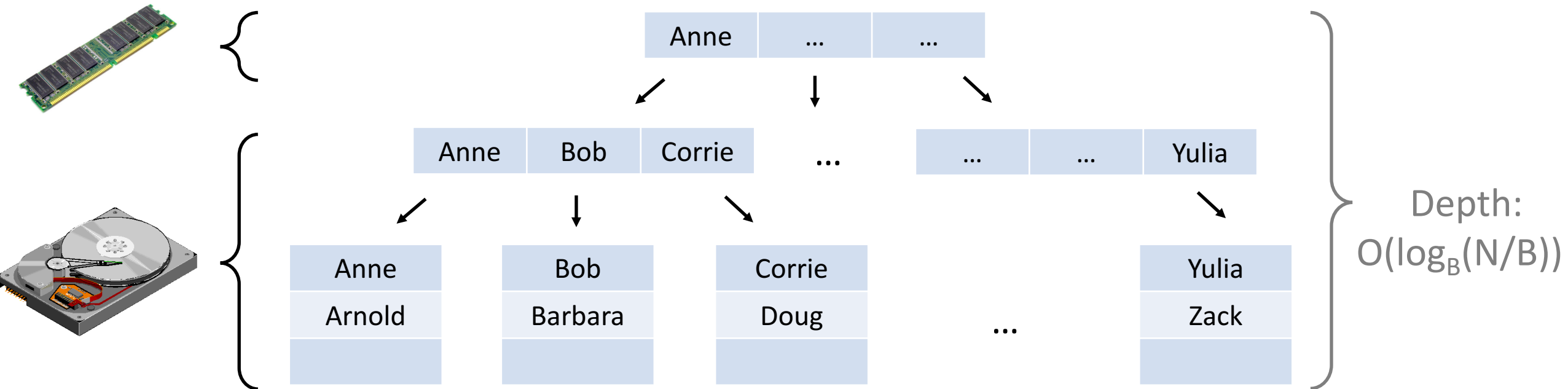
B-tree

Lookup method & cost?

Tree search: $O\left(\log_B\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

Insertion method & cost?

Tree search & append: $O\left(\log_B\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$





Results Catalogue

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B^2)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(\log_B(N/B))$	$O(\log_B(N/B))$
Basic LSM-tree		
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

B-trees



“It could be said that the world’s information is at our fingertips because of B-trees”

Goetz Graefe Microsoft, HP Fellow, now
Google ACM Software System Award

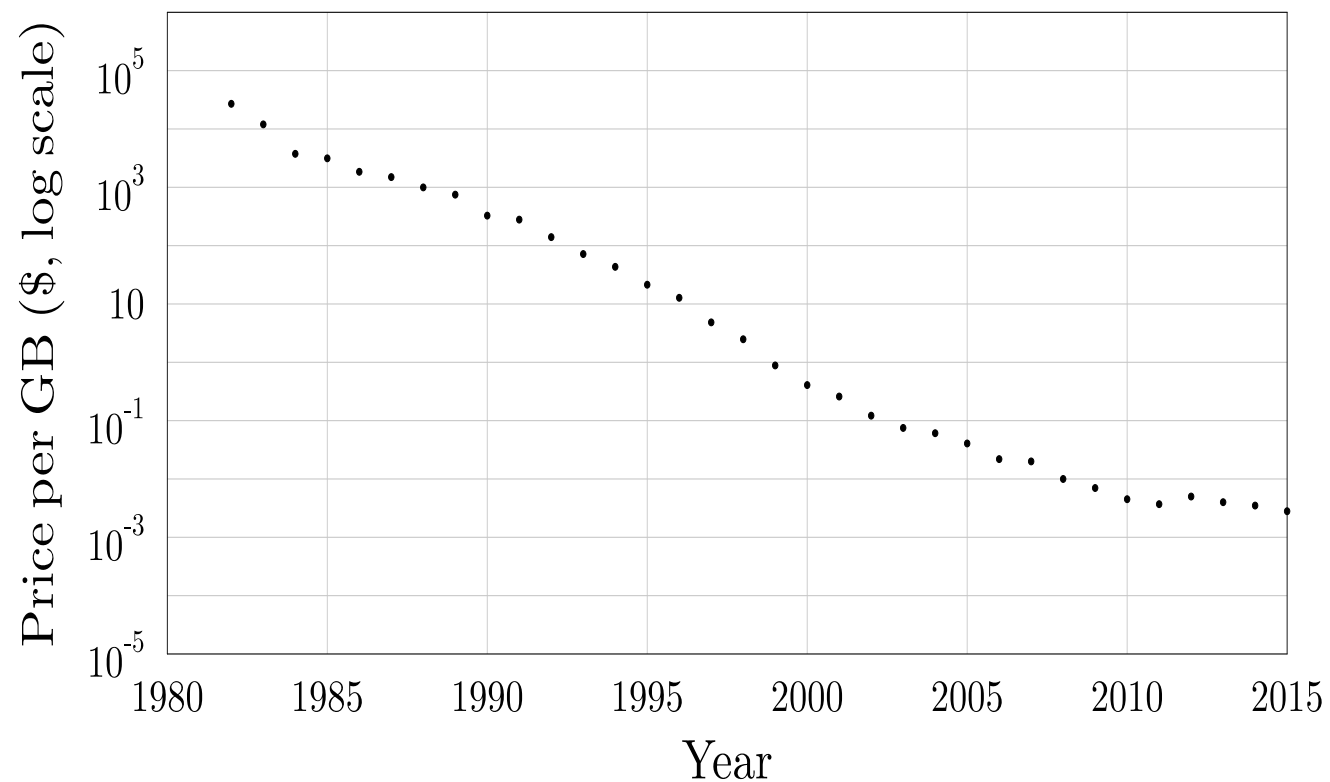


B-trees are no longer sufficient

Cheaper to store data

Workloads more insert-intensive

We need better insert-performance.





Results Catalogue

Goal to combine

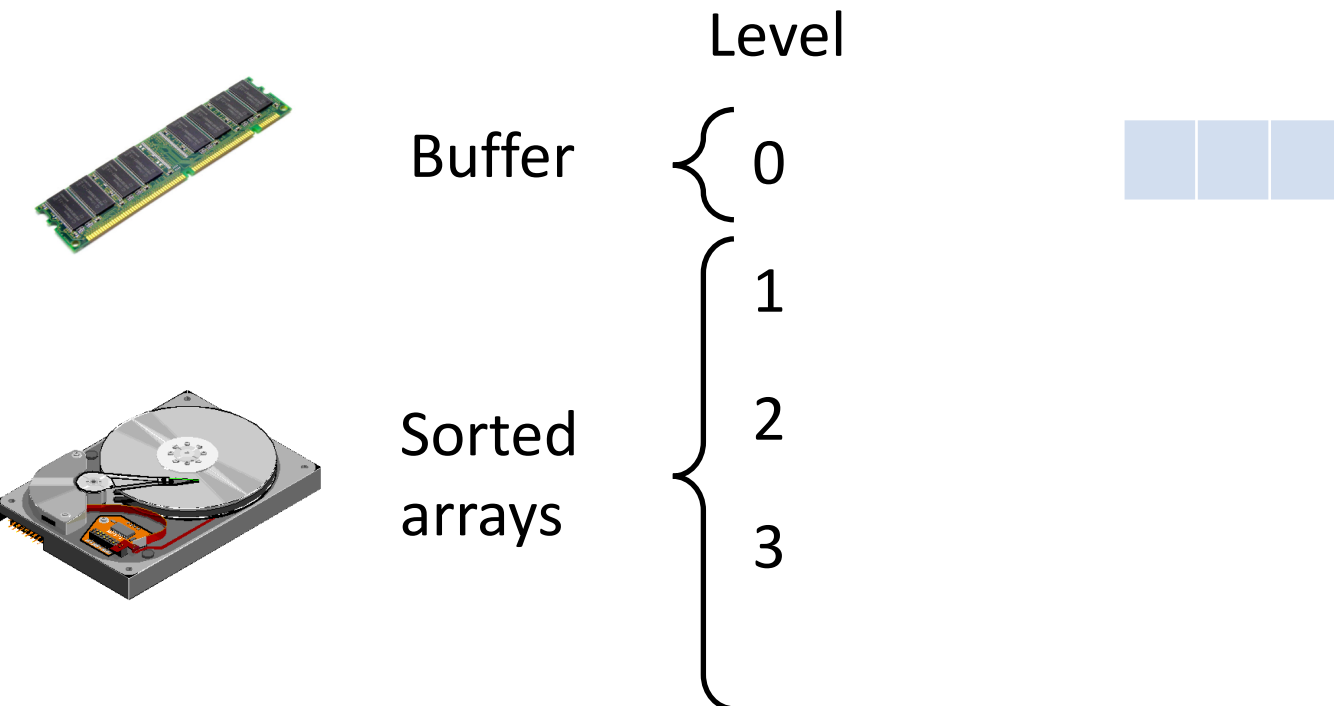
sub-constant insertion cost
logarithmic lookup cost

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B^2)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
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Basic LSM-tree		
Leveled LSM-tree		
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Basic LSM-trees

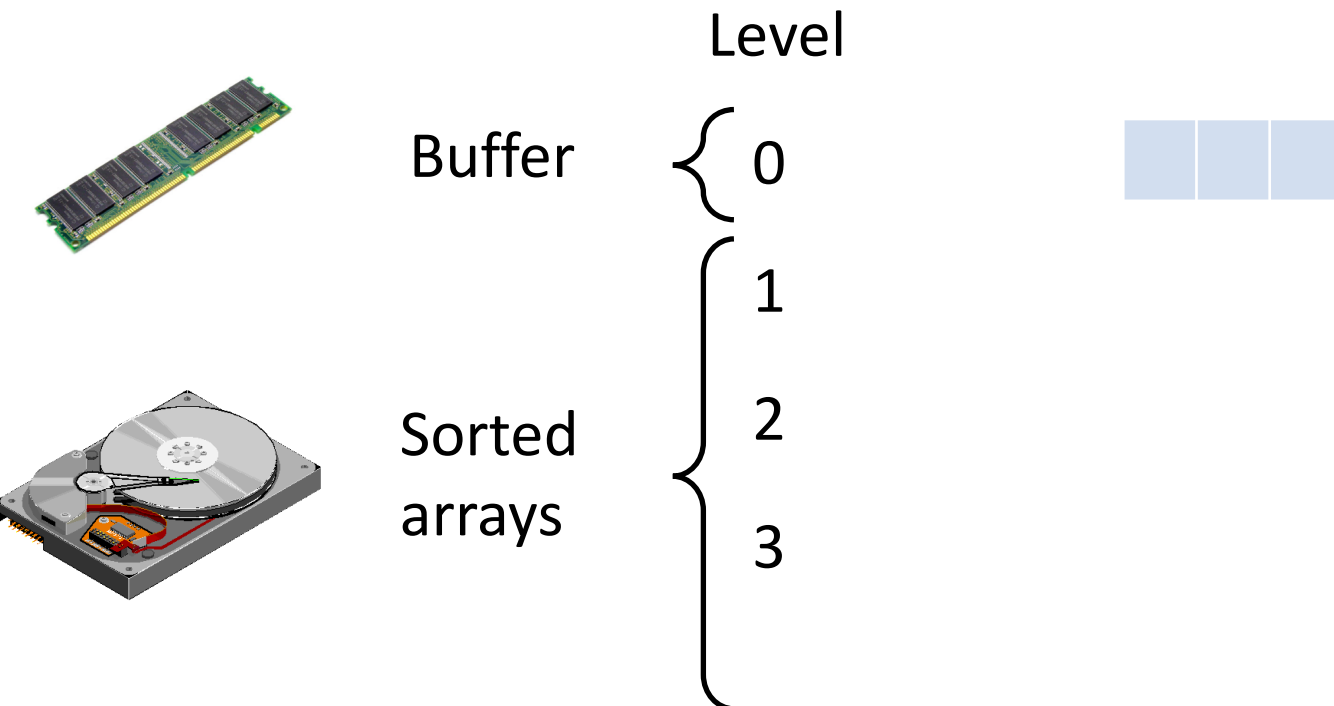
Basic LSM-tree



Basic LSM-tree

Design principle #1:

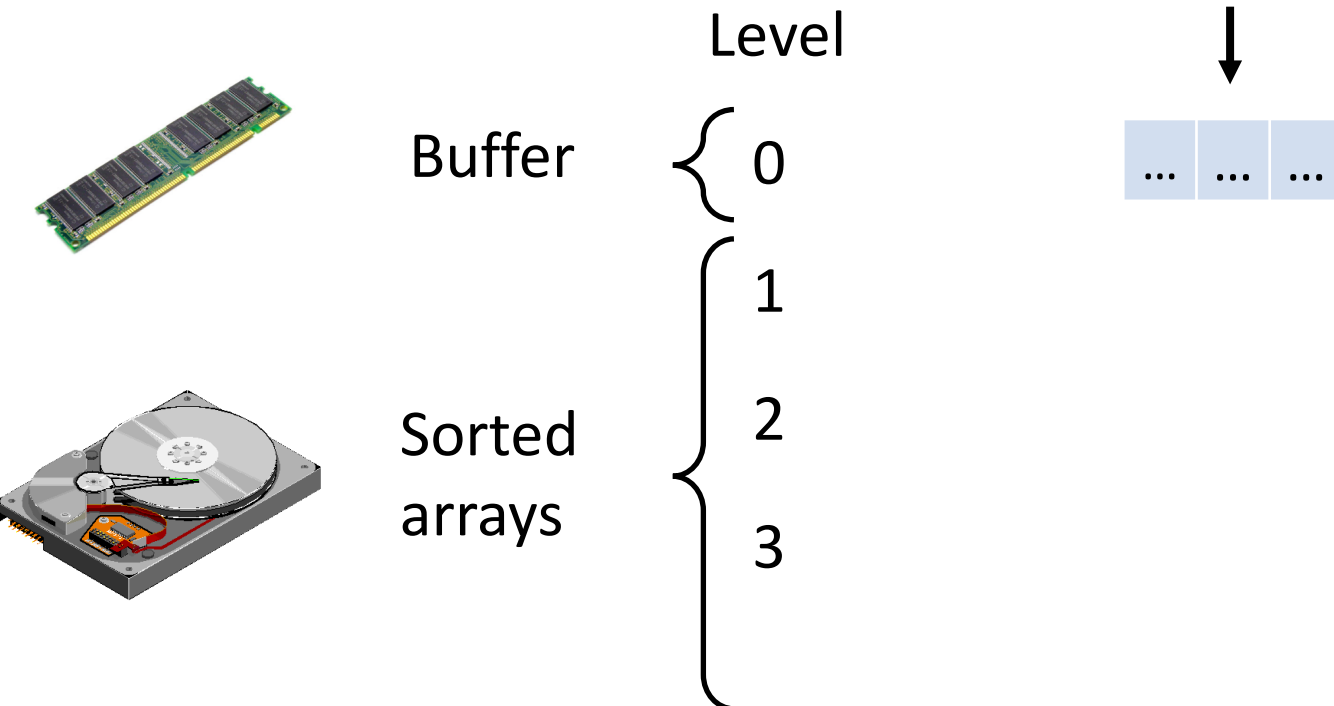
optimize for insertions by buffering



Basic LSM-tree

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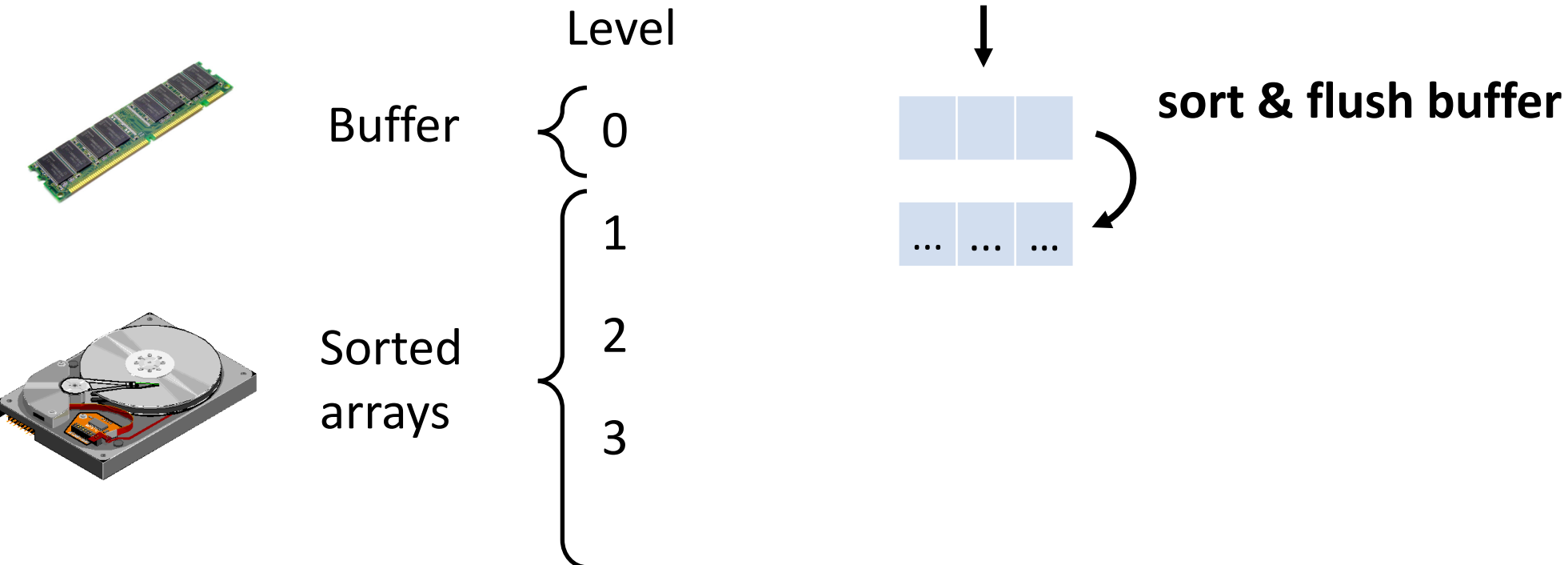
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Basic LSM-tree

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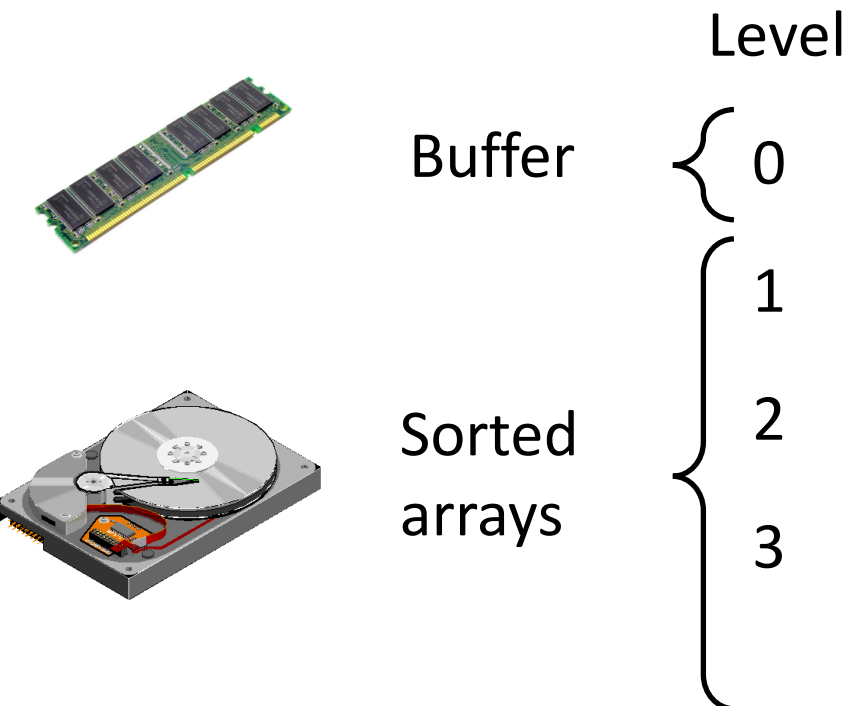
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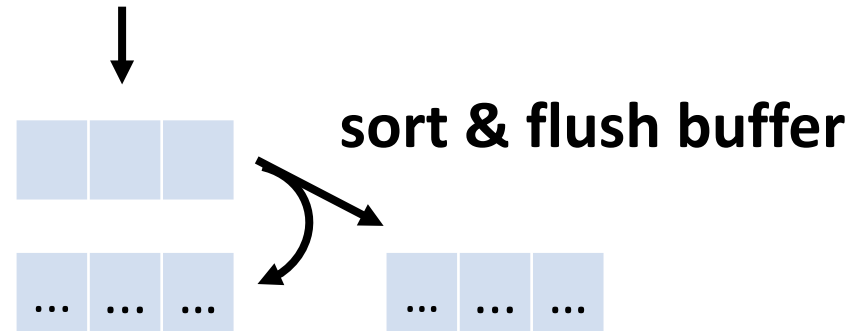
Basic LSM-tree

Design principle #1:

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Inserts



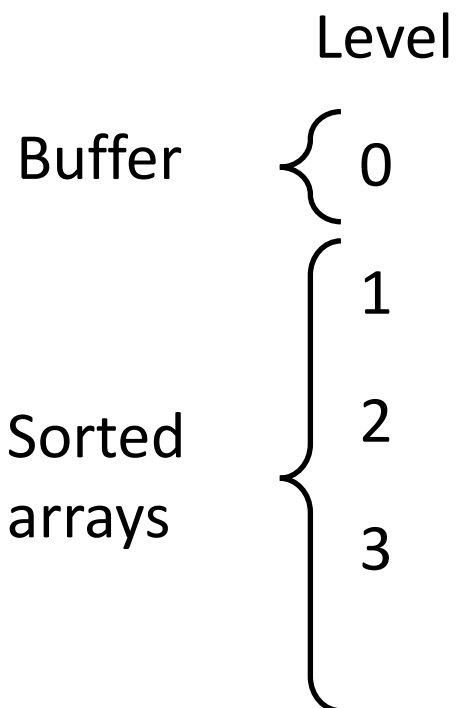
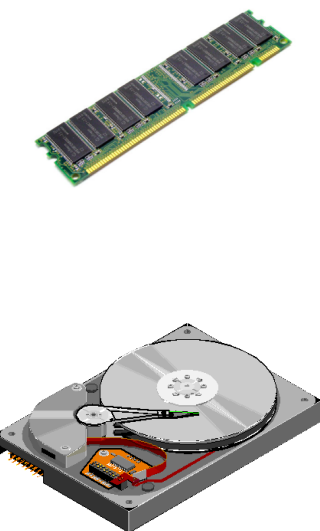
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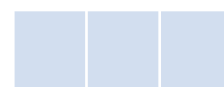
optimize for insertions by buffering

Design principle #2:

optimize for lookups by sort-merging arrays



Inserts



sort & flush buffer



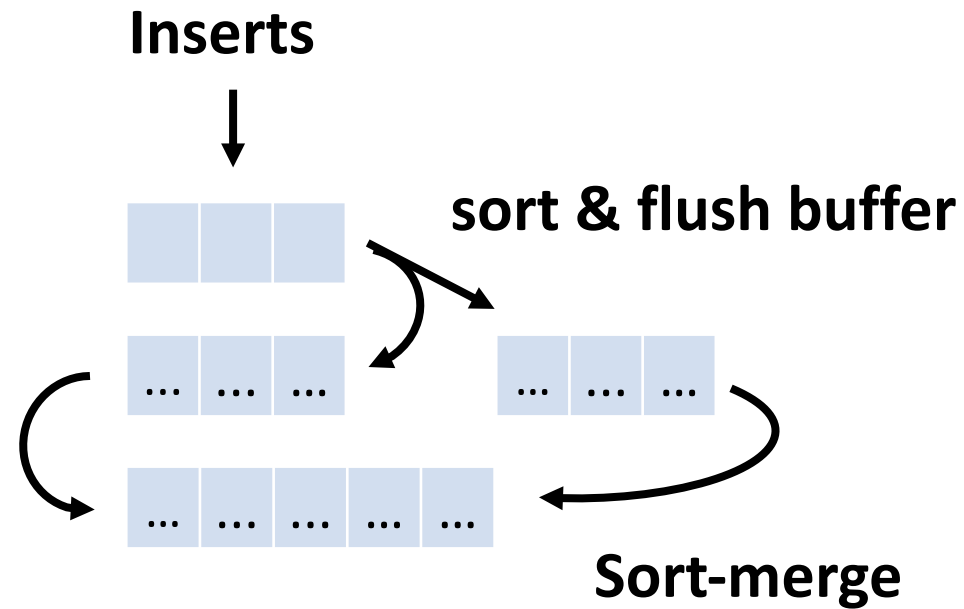
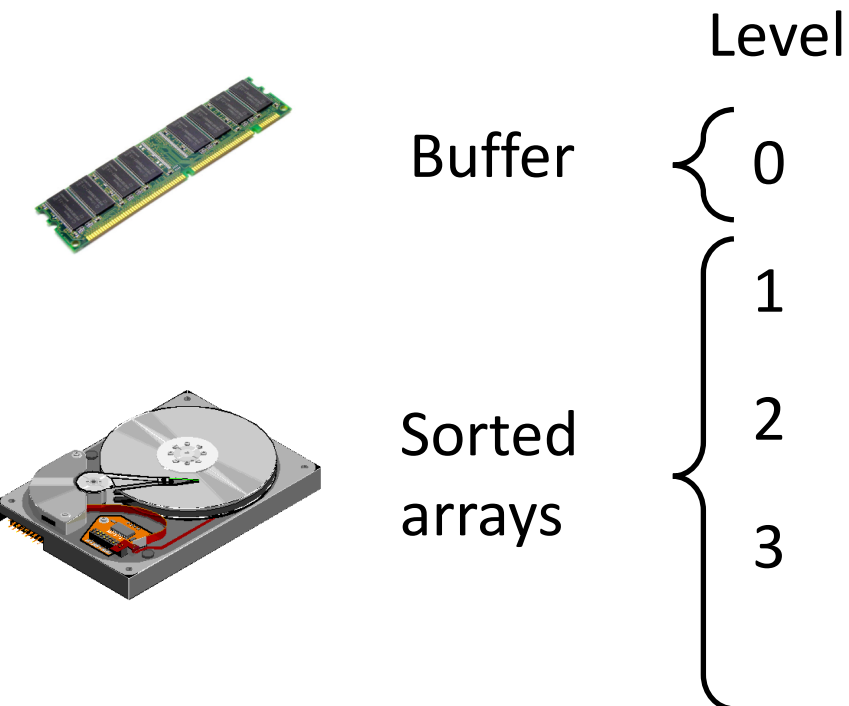
Basic LSM-tree

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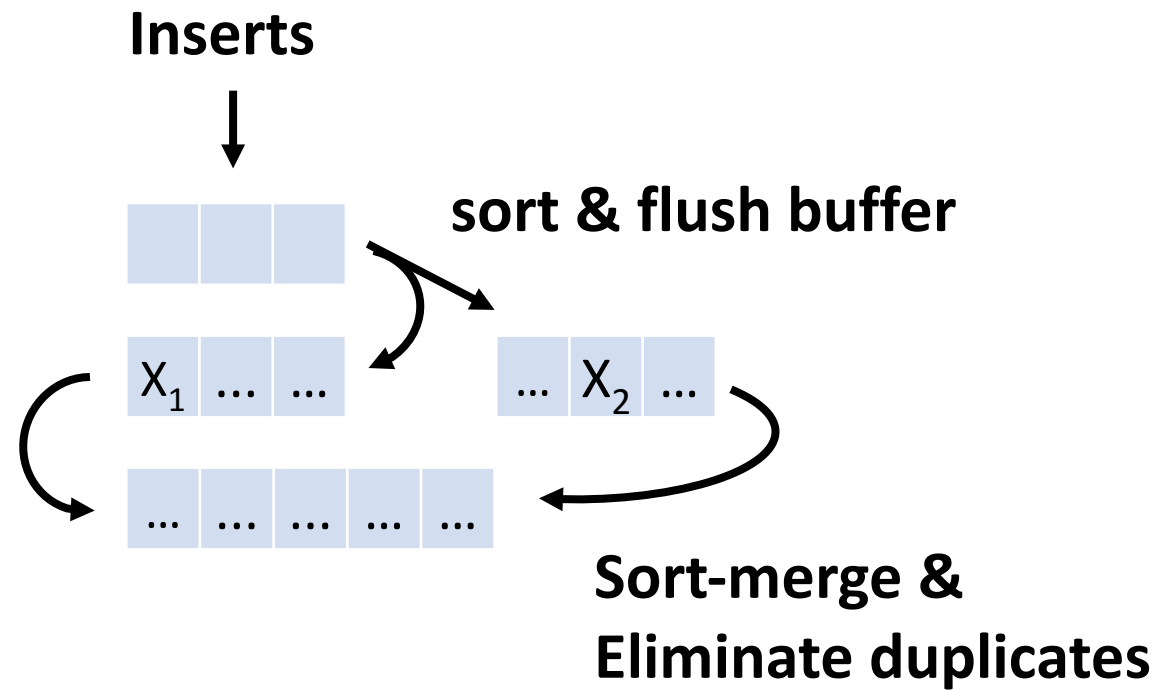
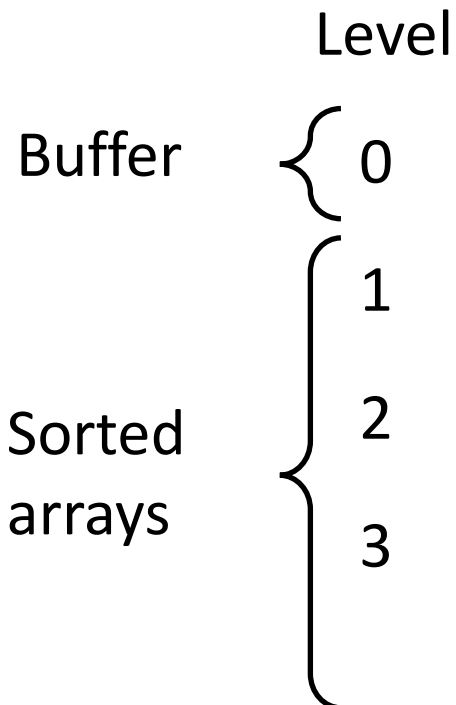
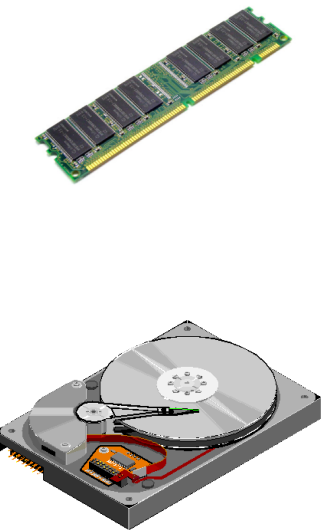
Basic LSM-tree

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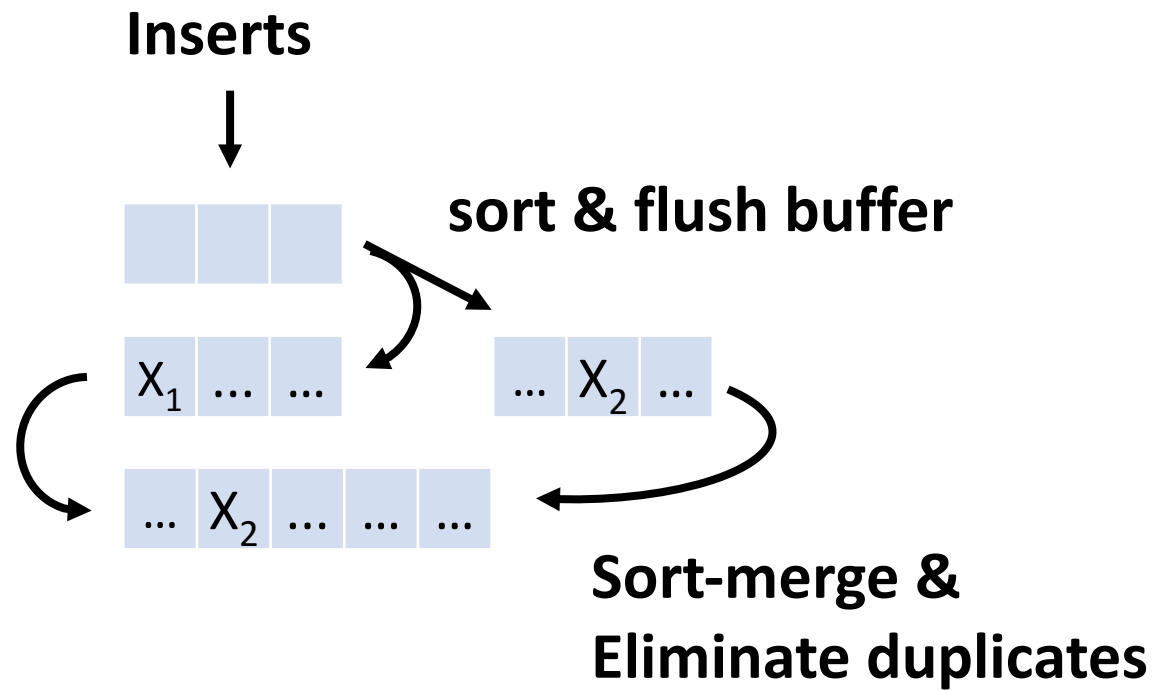
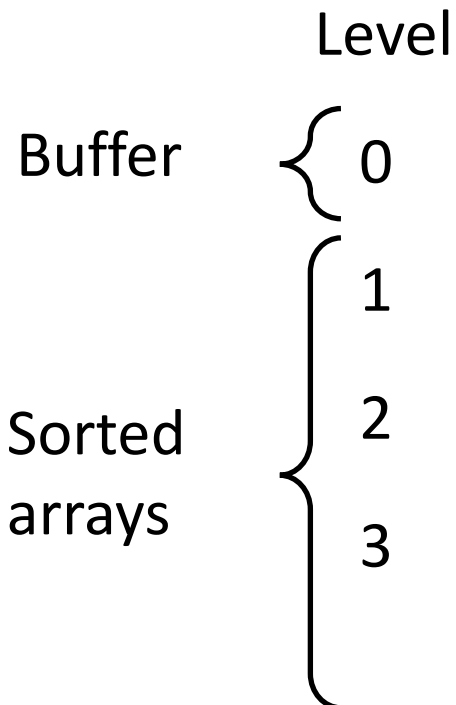
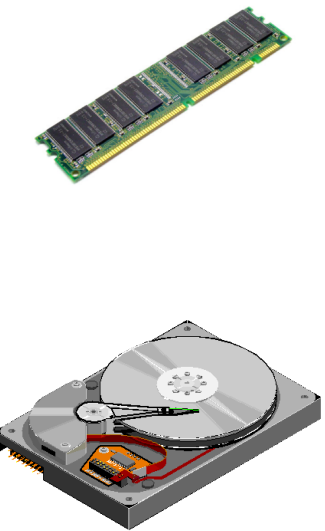
Basic LSM-tree

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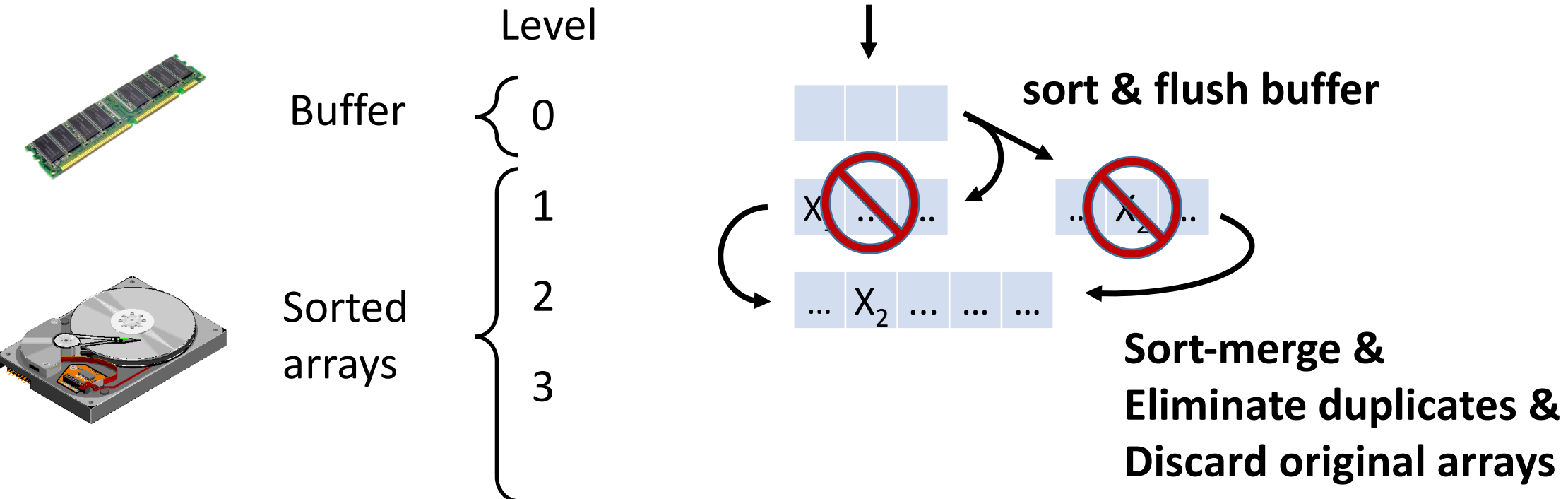
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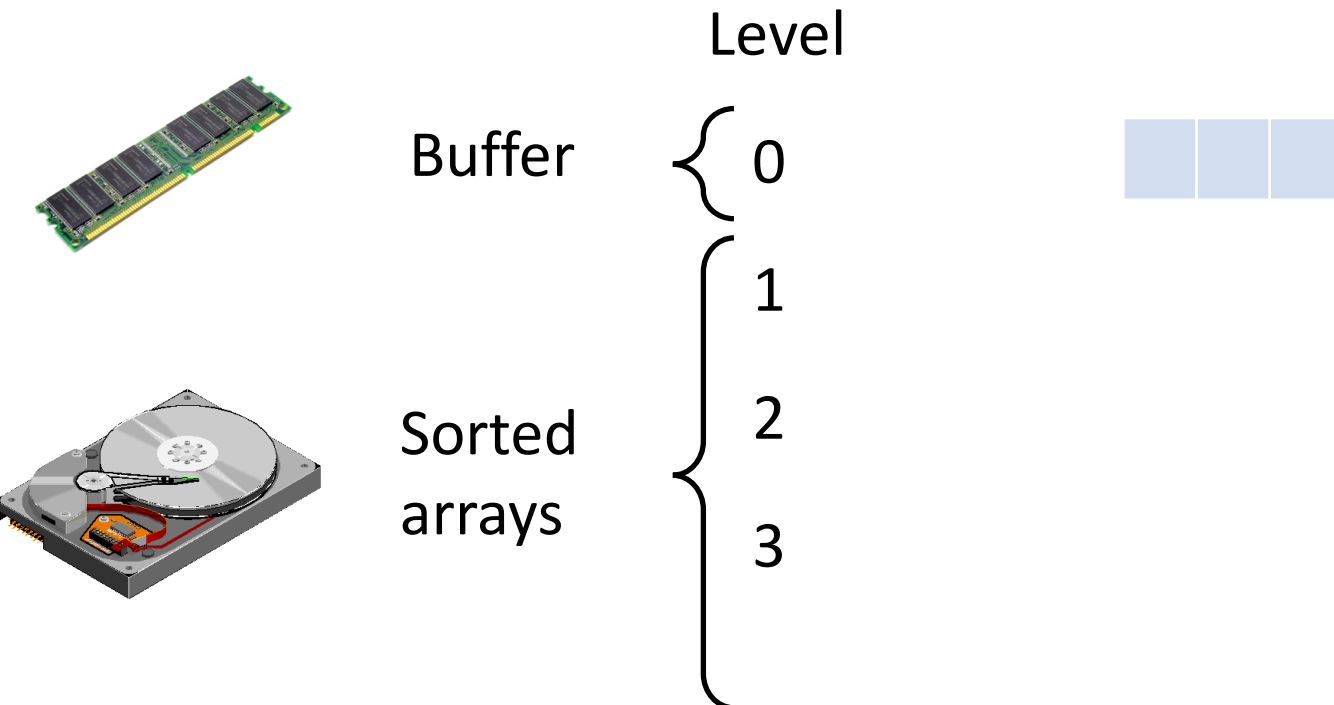
optimize for insertions by buffering

Design principle #2:

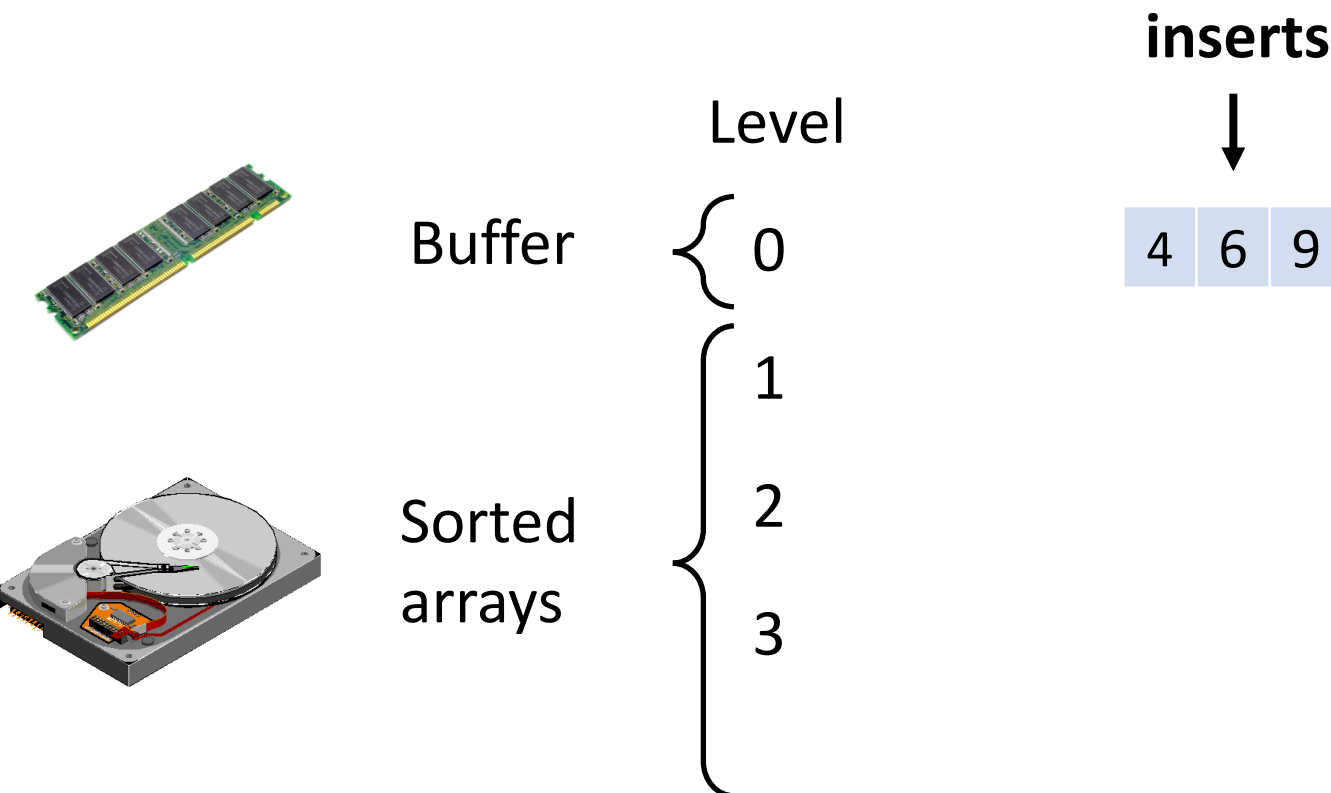
optimize for lookups by sort-merging arrays



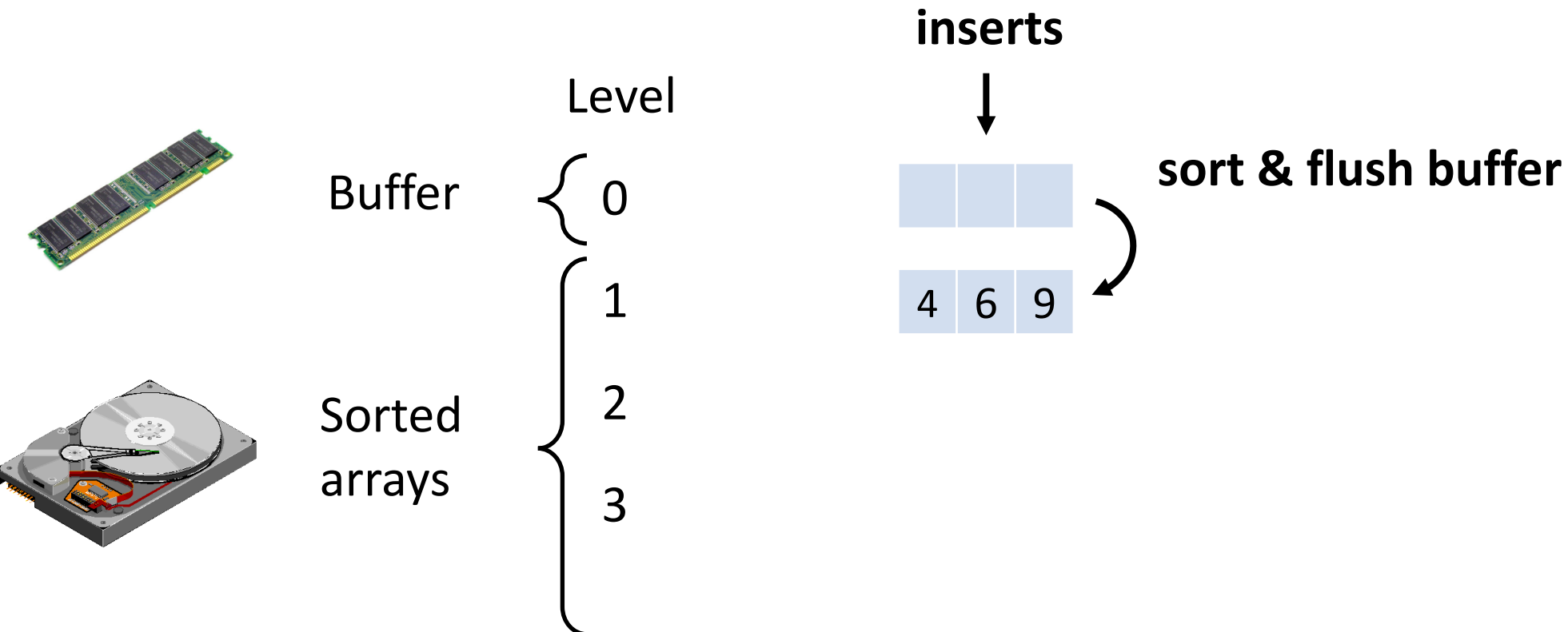
Basic LSM-tree – Example



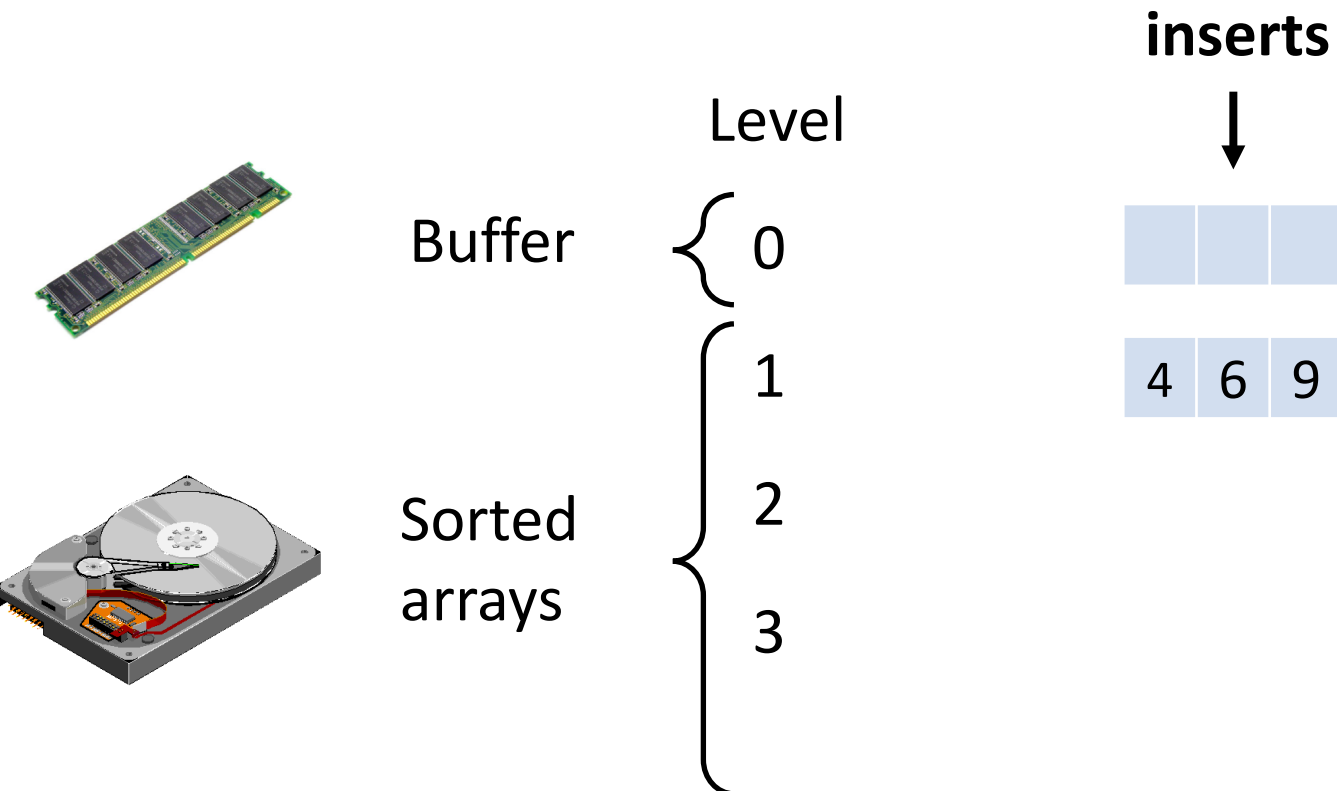
Basic LSM-tree – Example



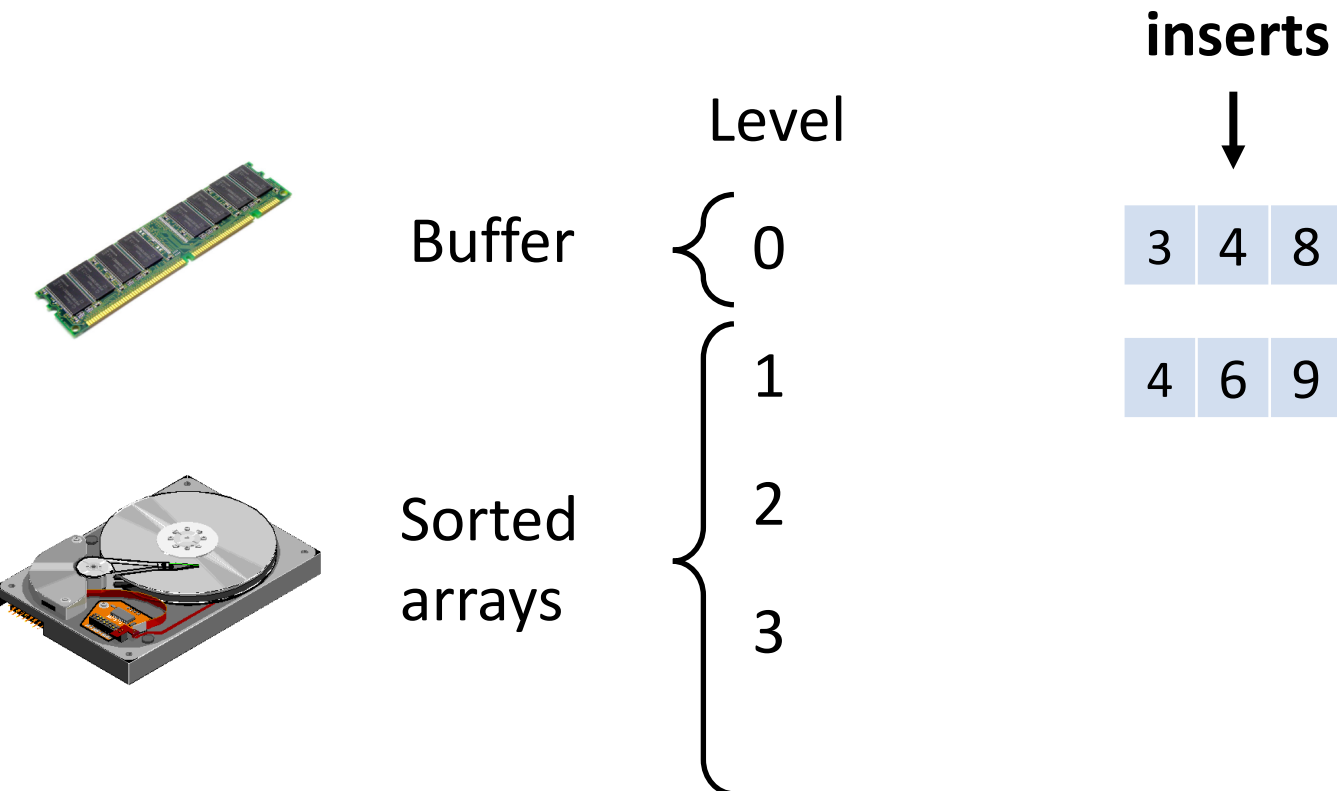
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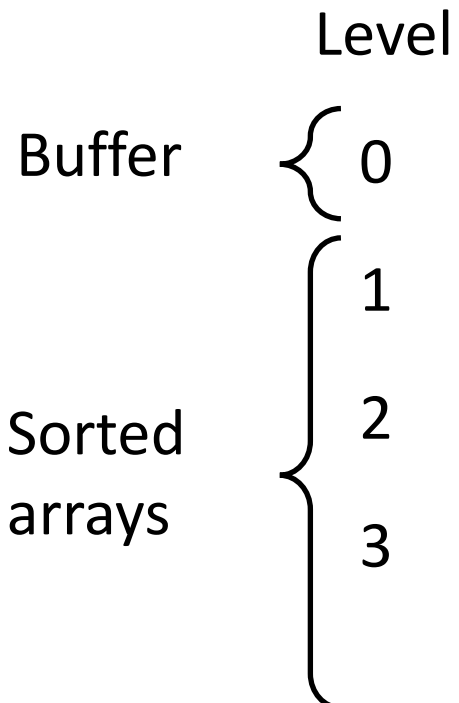
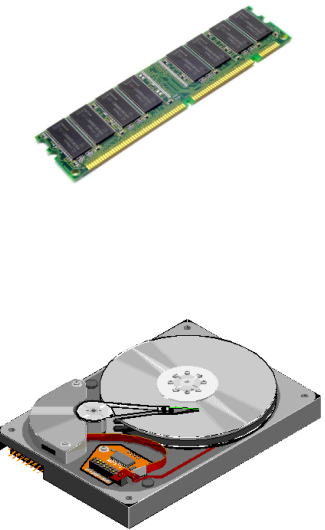
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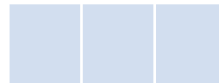
Basic LSM-tree – Example



Basic LSM-tree – Example



inserts

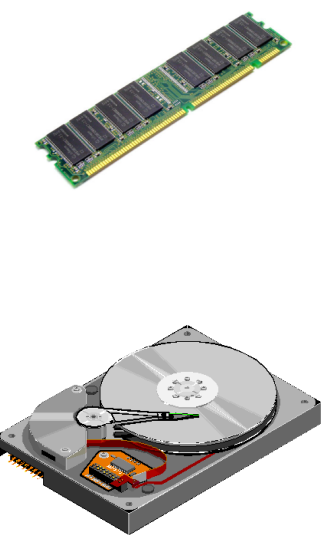


sort & flush buffer





Basic LSM-tree – Example

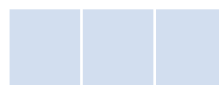


Level

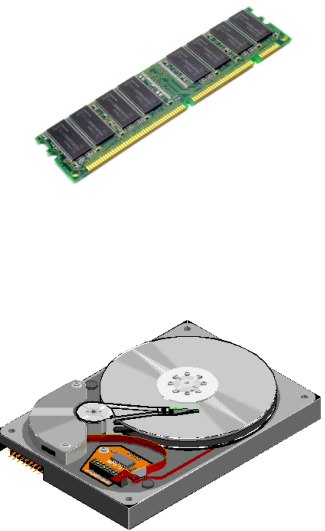
Buffer { 0

Sorted arrays { 1
2
3

inserts



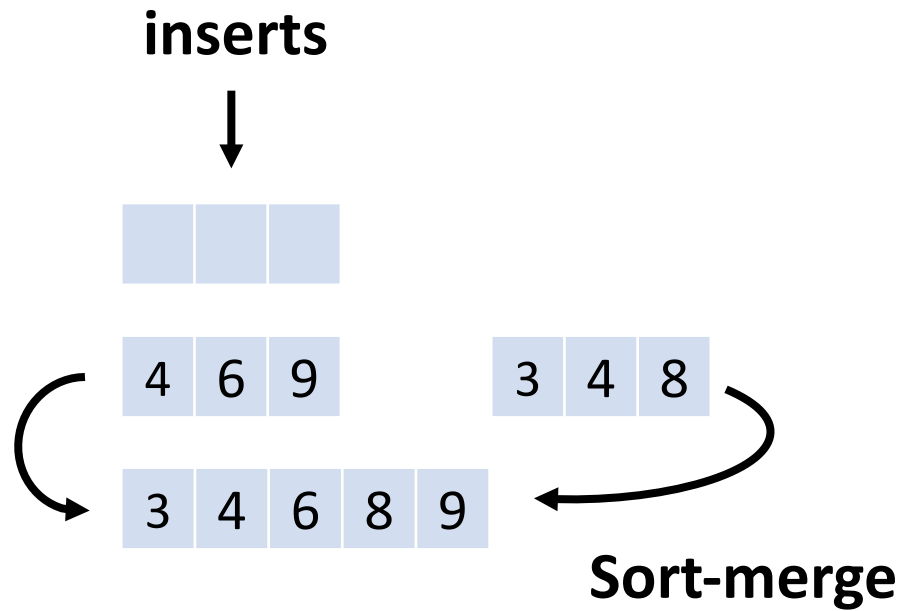
Basic LSM-tree – Example



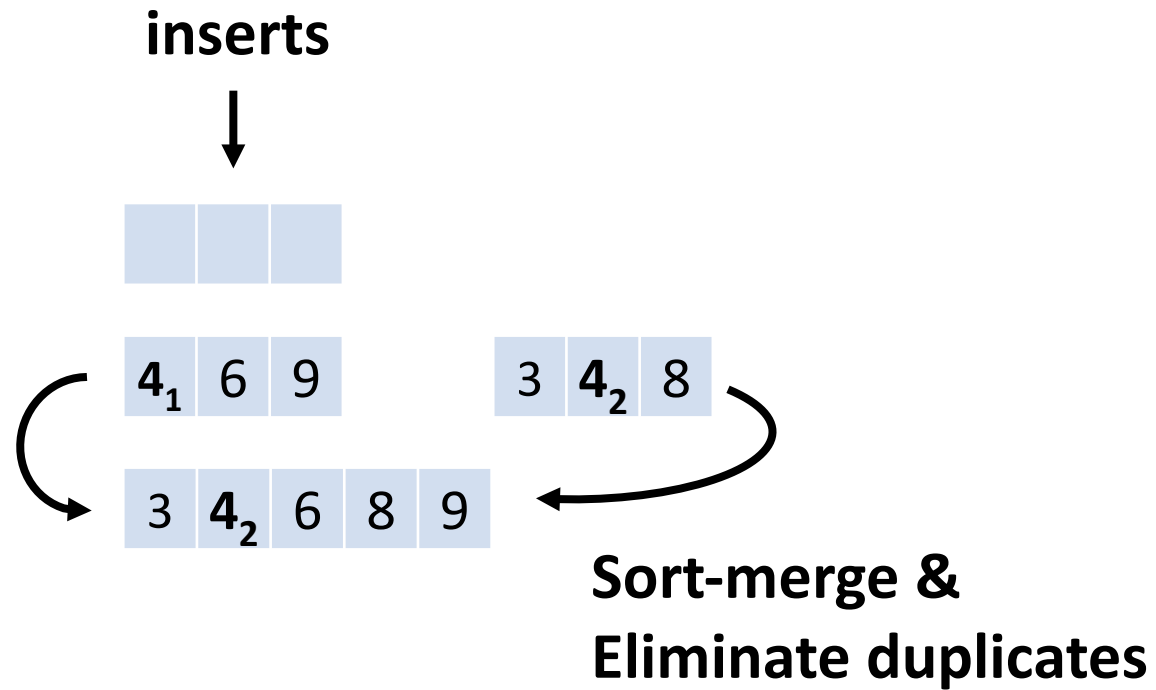
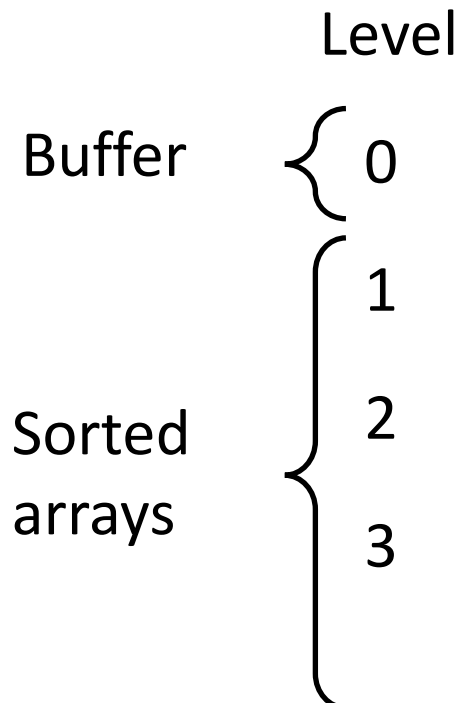
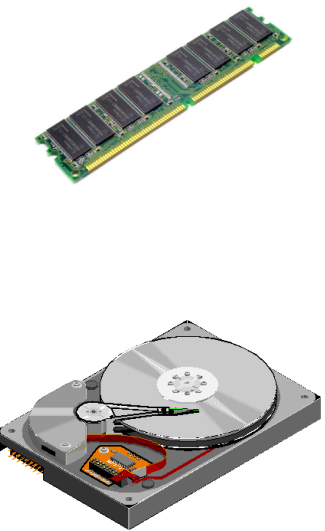
Level

Buffer { 0

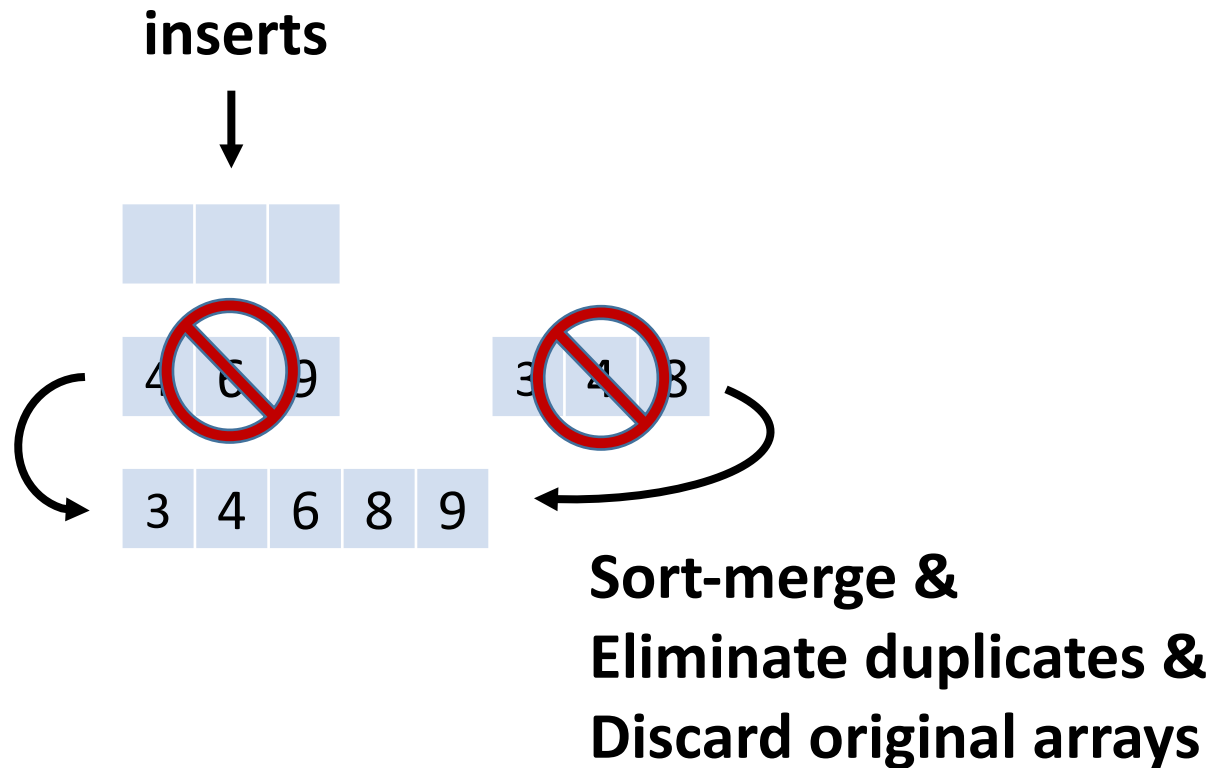
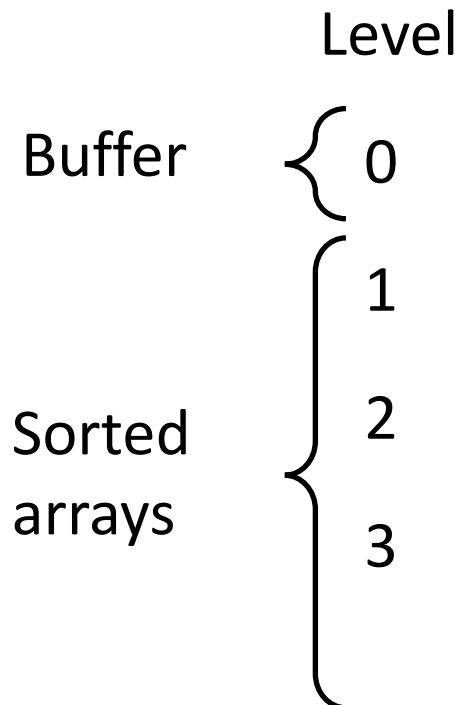
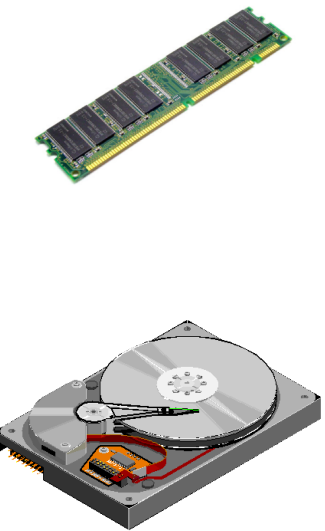
Sorted arrays { 1
2
3



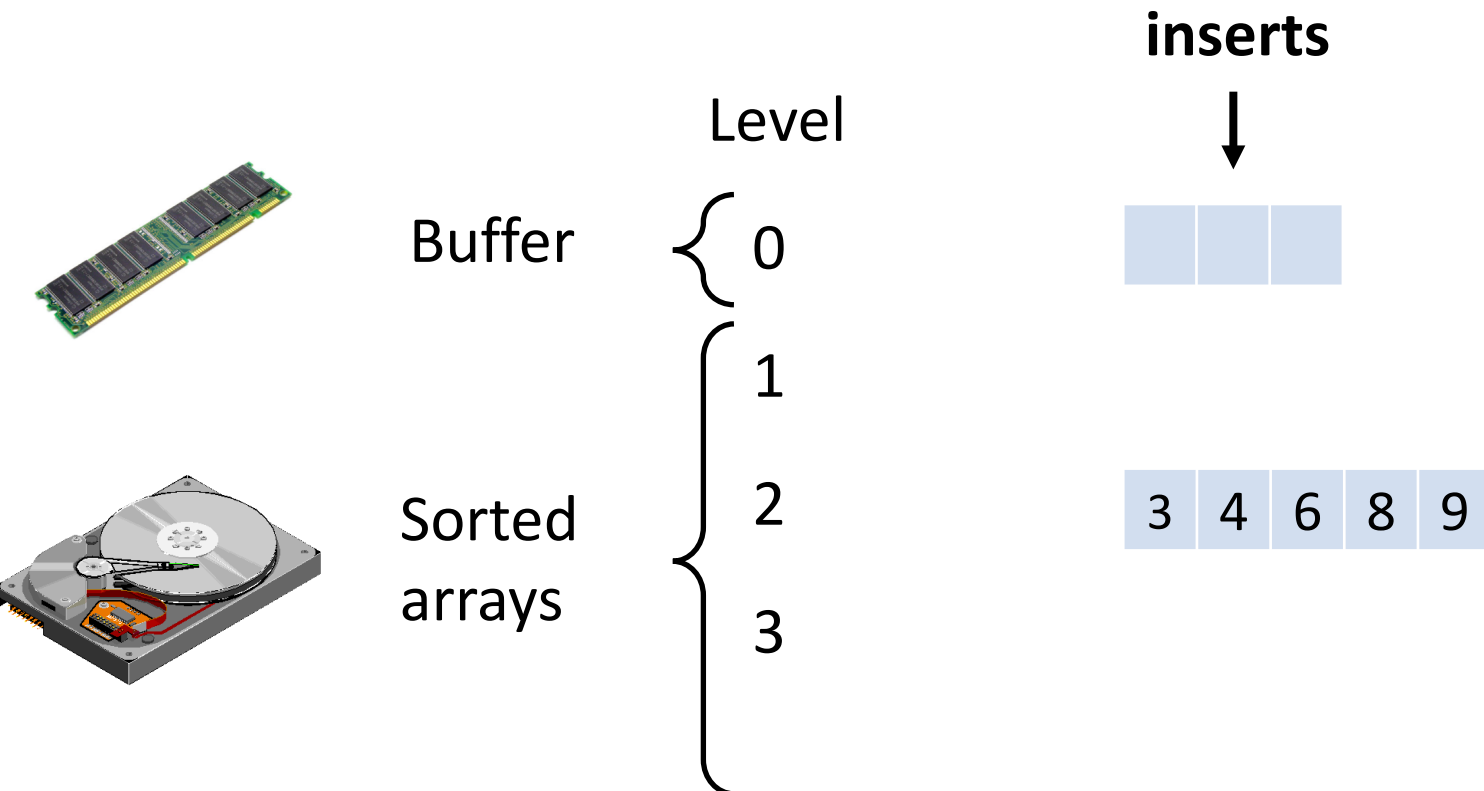
Basic LSM-tree – Example



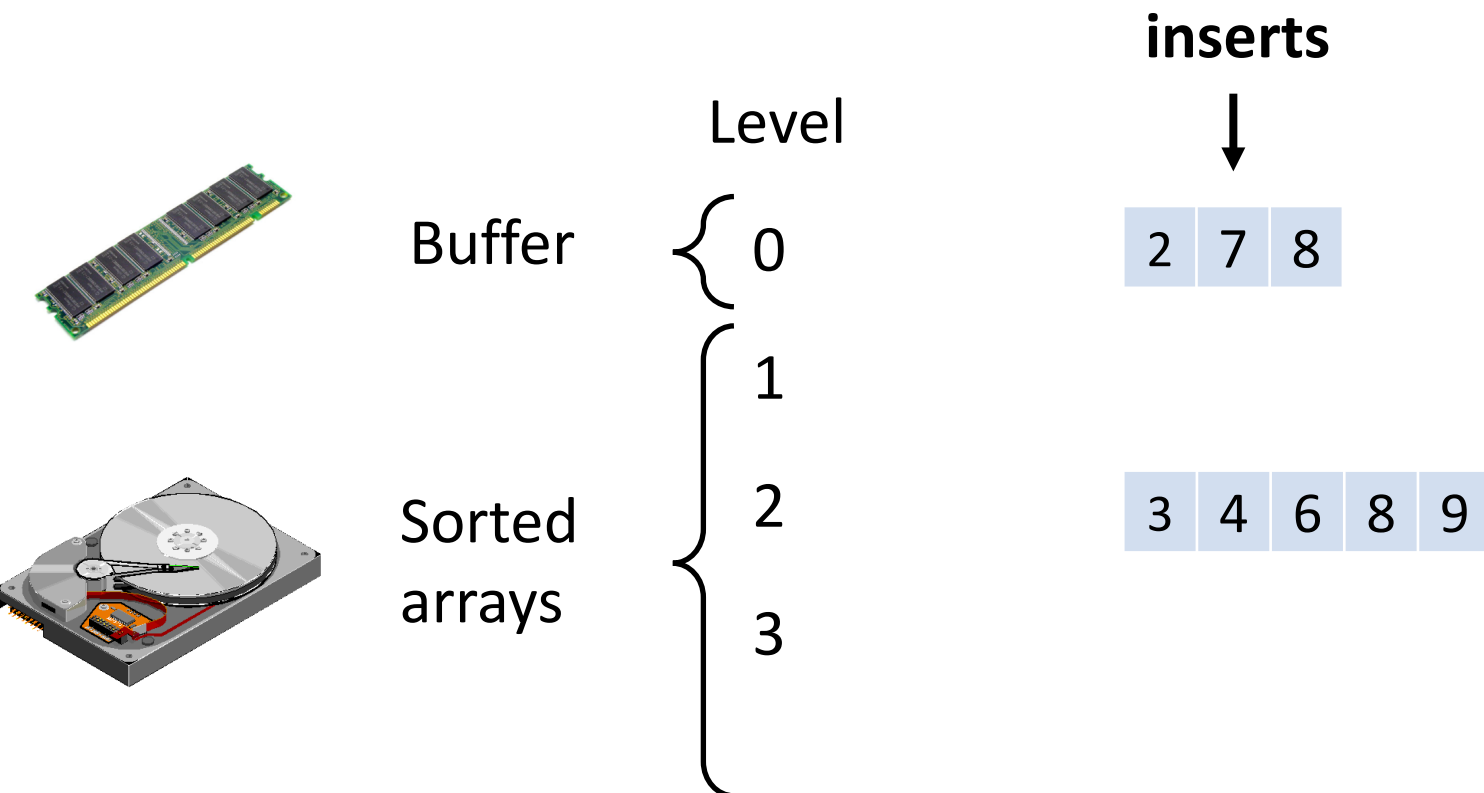
Basic LSM-tree – Example



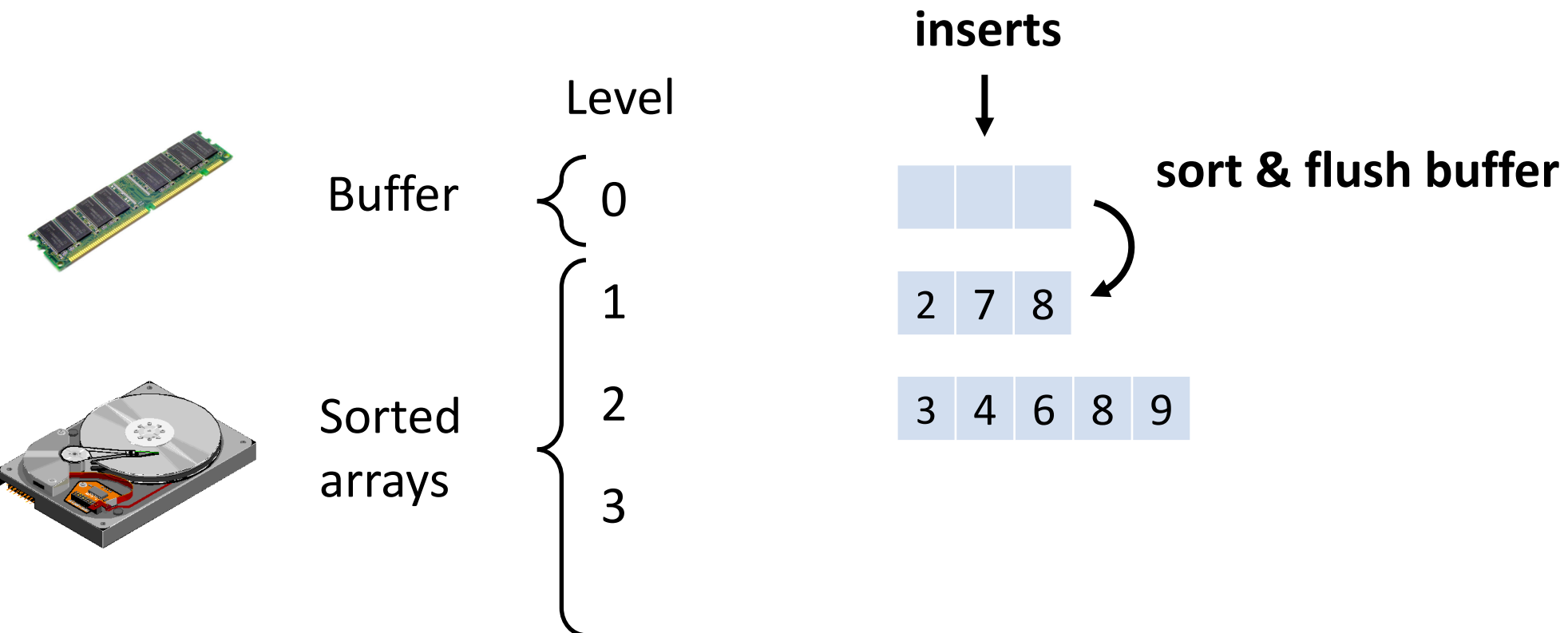
Basic LSM-tree – Example



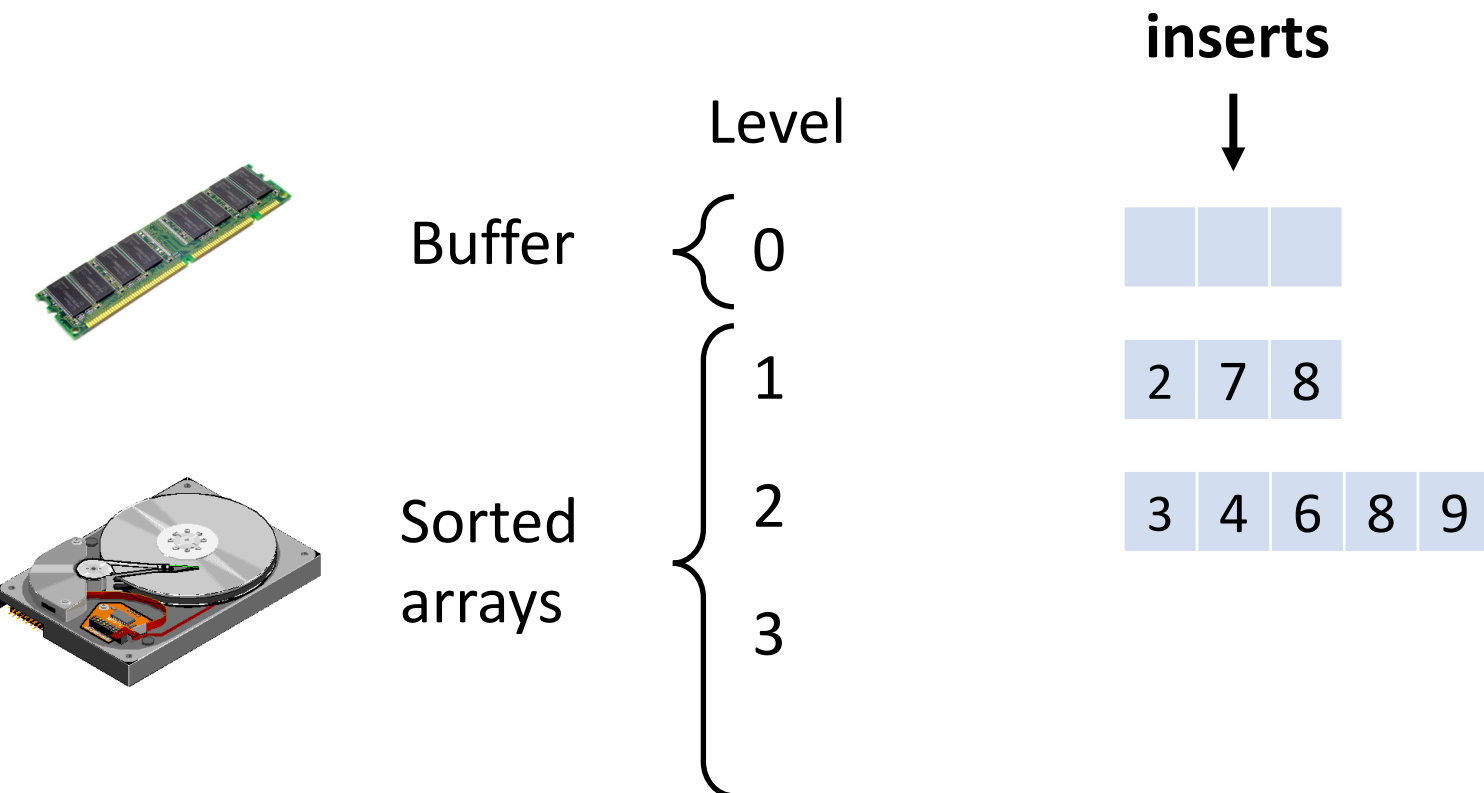
Basic LSM-tree – Example



Basic LSM-tree – Example



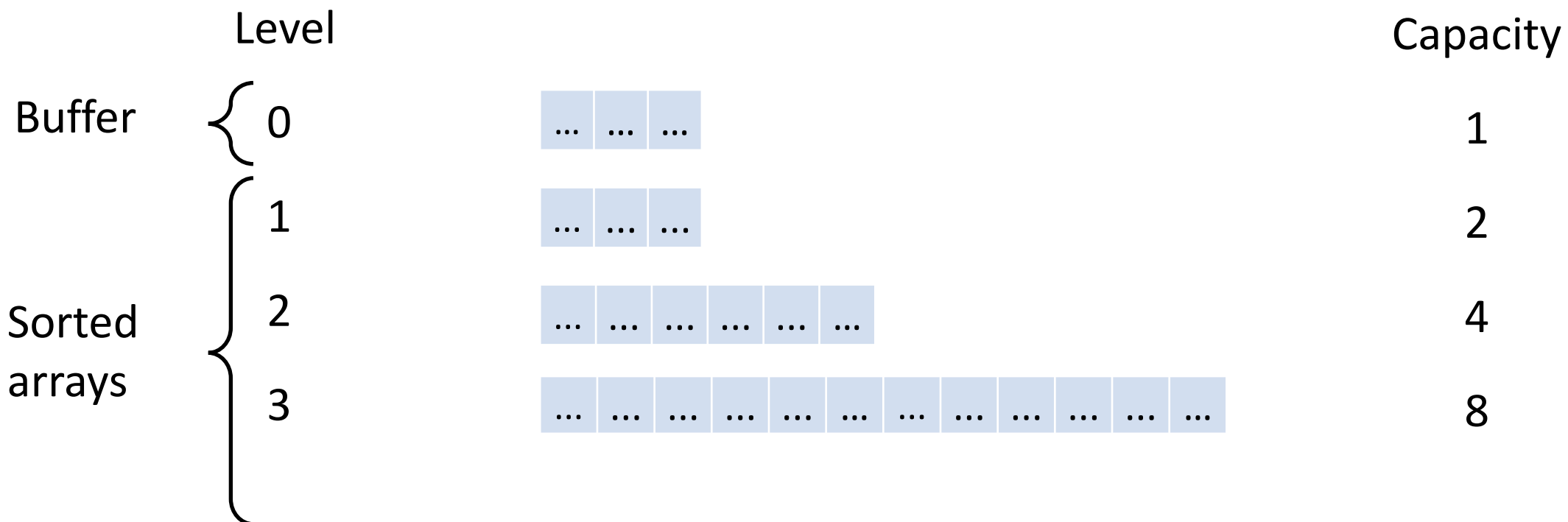
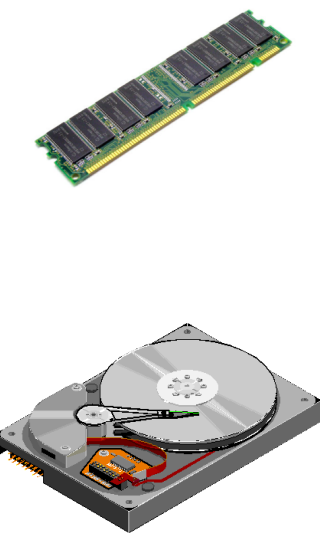
Basic LSM-tree – Example



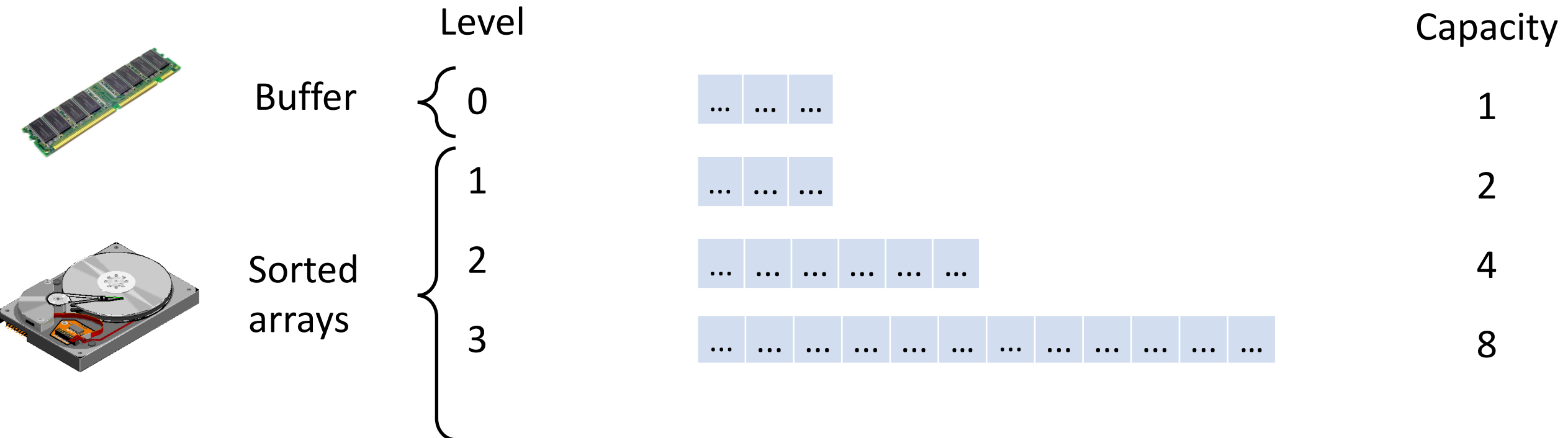


Basic LSM-tree

Levels have exponentially increasing capacities.



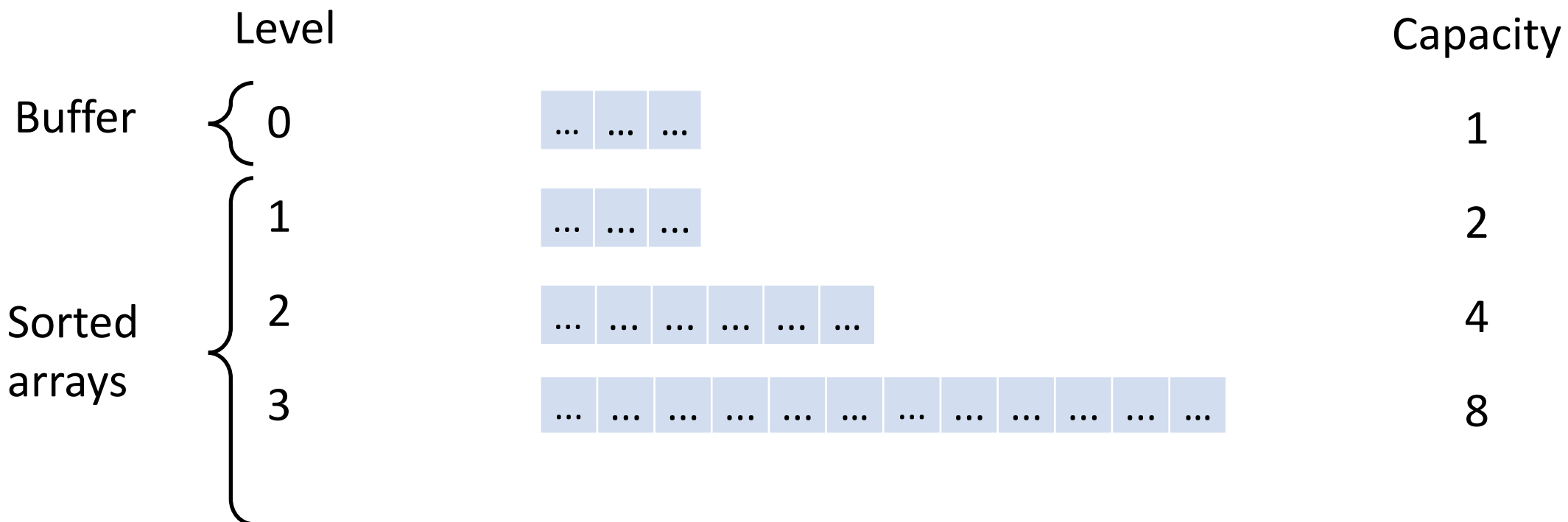
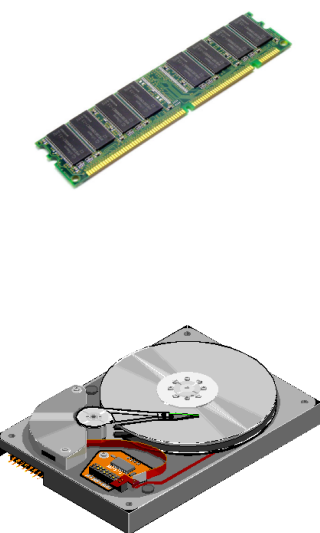
Basic LSM-tree – Lookup cost





Basic LSM-tree – Lookup cost

Lookup method?



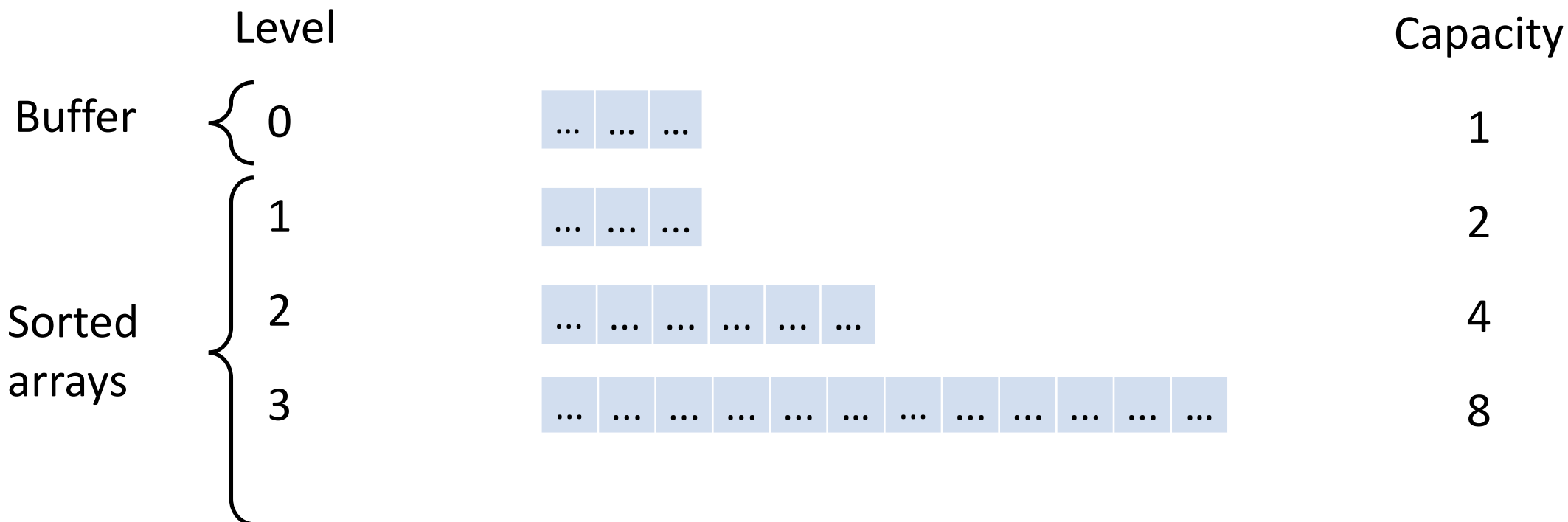
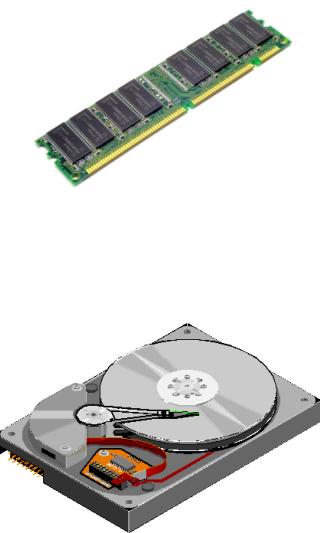


Basic LSM-tree – Lookup cost

Lookup method?

Search youngest to oldest.

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$





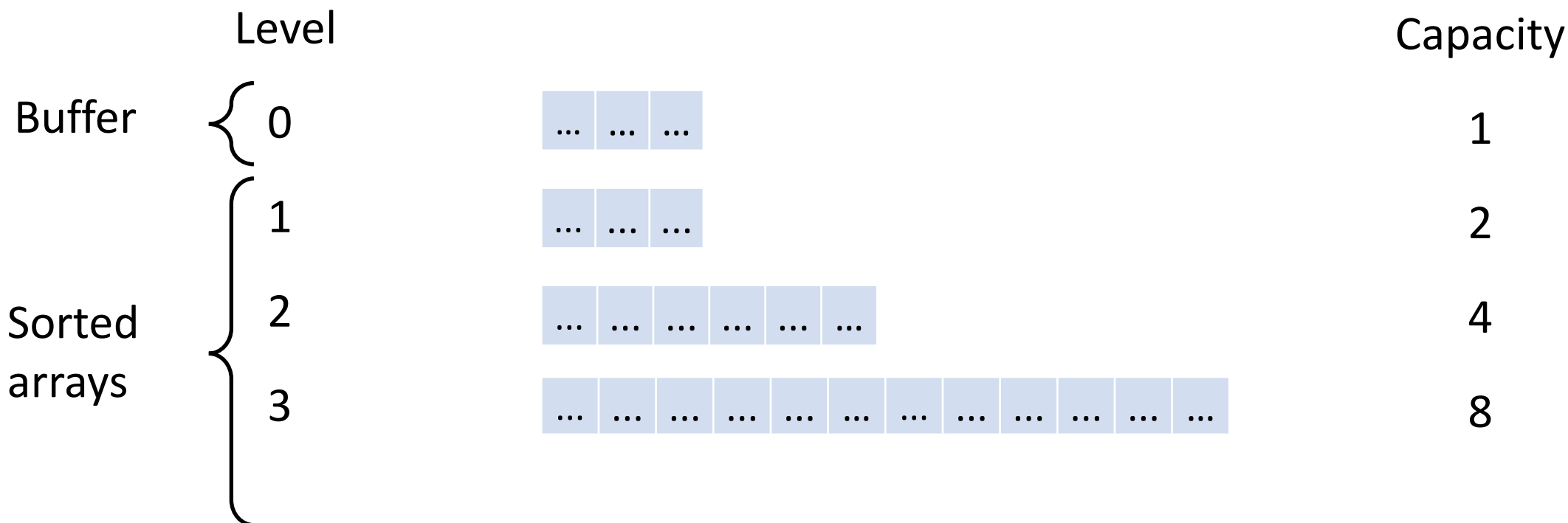
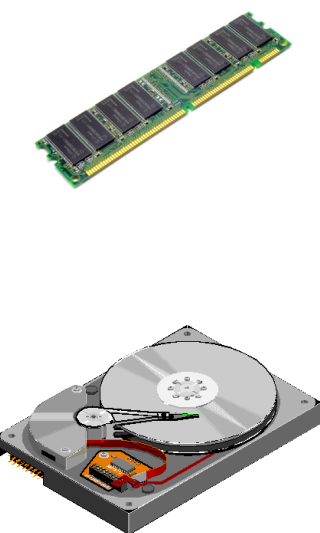
Basic LSM-tree – Lookup cost

Lookup method?

Search youngest to oldest.

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

How?





Basic LSM-tree – Lookup cost

Lookup method?

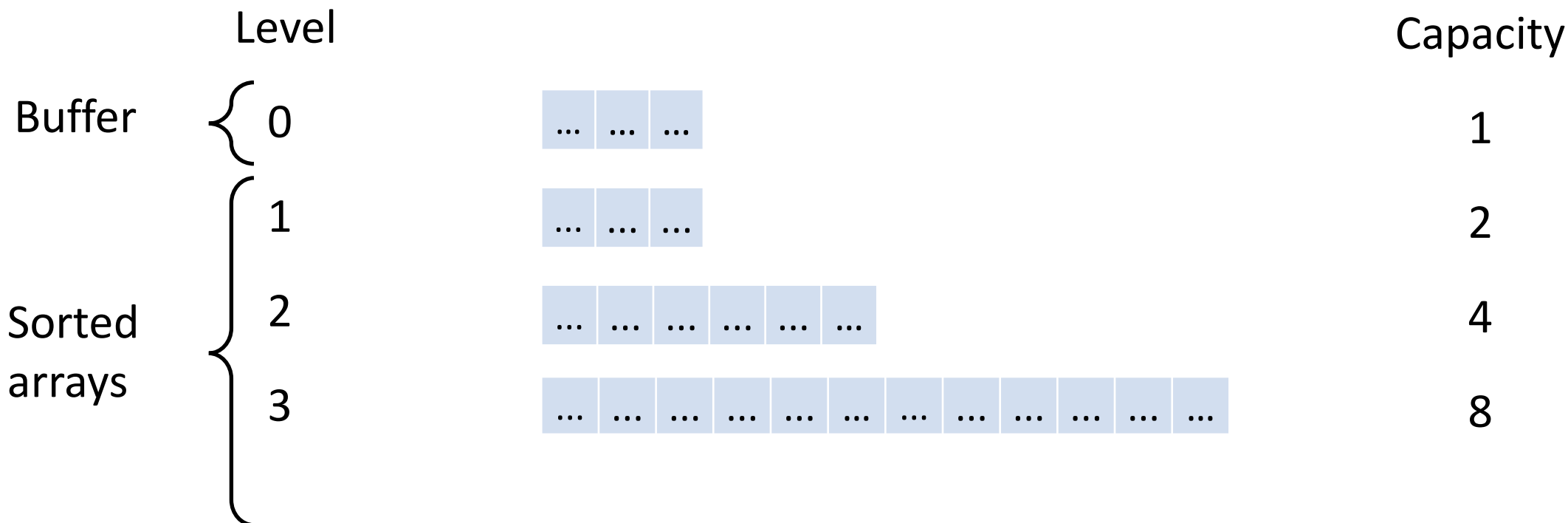
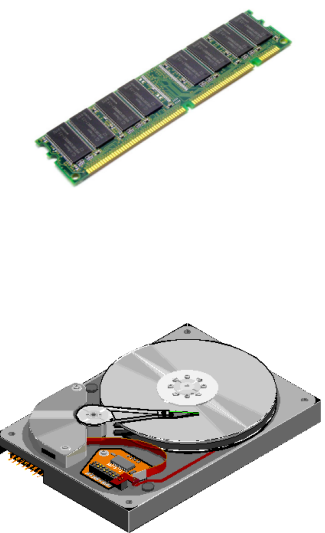
Search youngest to oldest.

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

How?

Binary search.

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$



Basic LSM-tree – Lookup cost

Lookup method?

Search youngest to oldest.

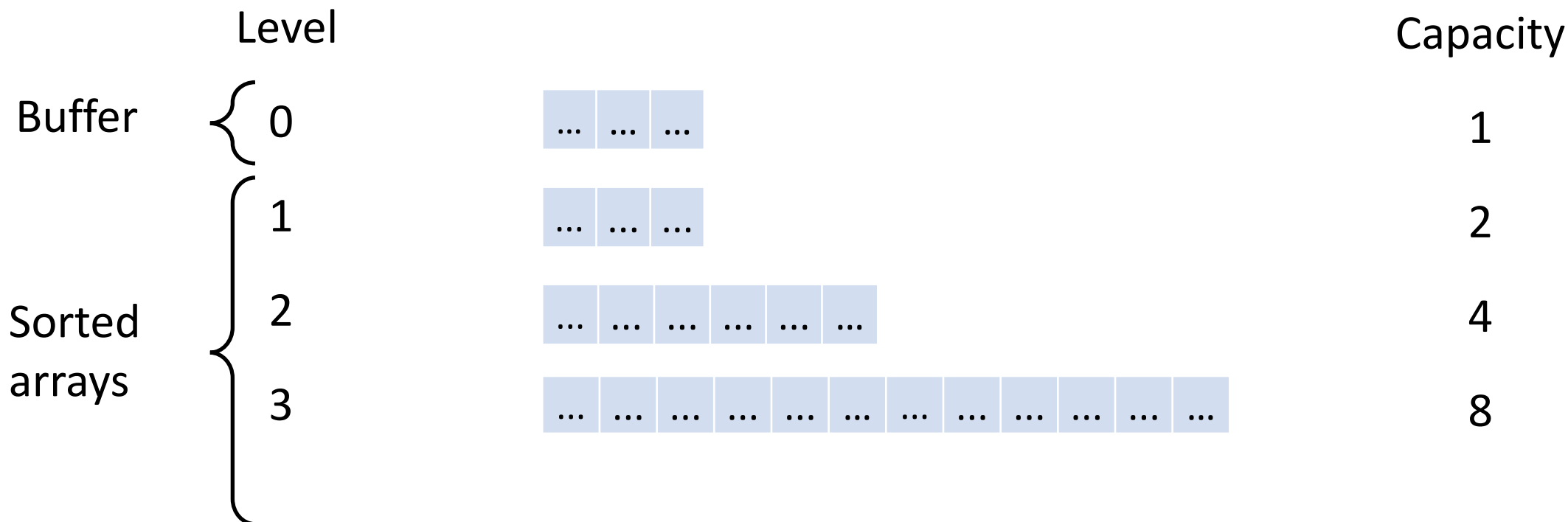
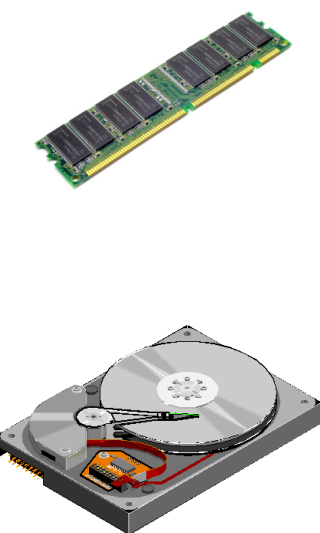
$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

How?

Binary search.

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Lookup cost?





Basic LSM-tree – Lookup cost

Lookup method?

Search youngest to oldest.

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

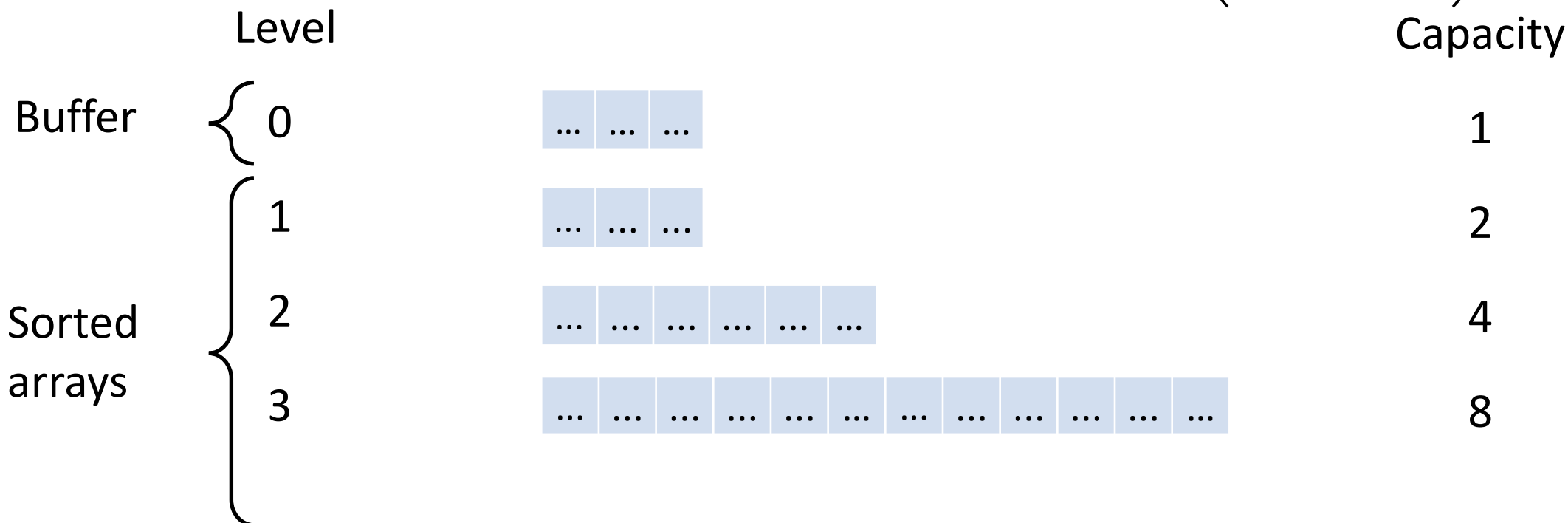
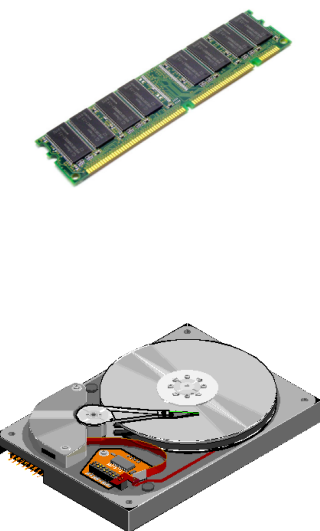
How?

Binary search.

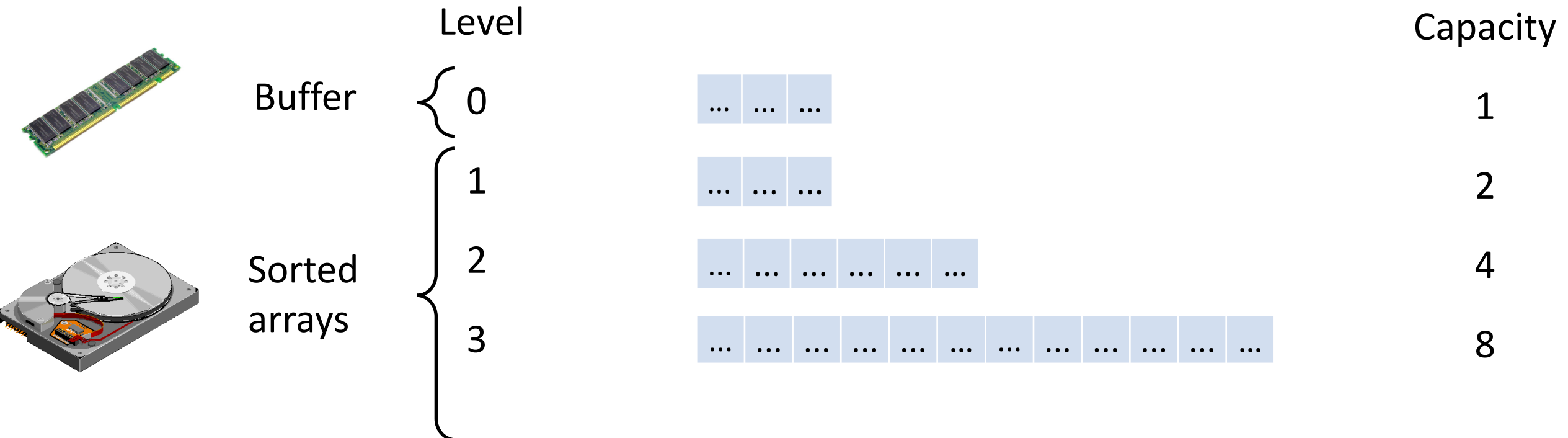
$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)^2\right)$$



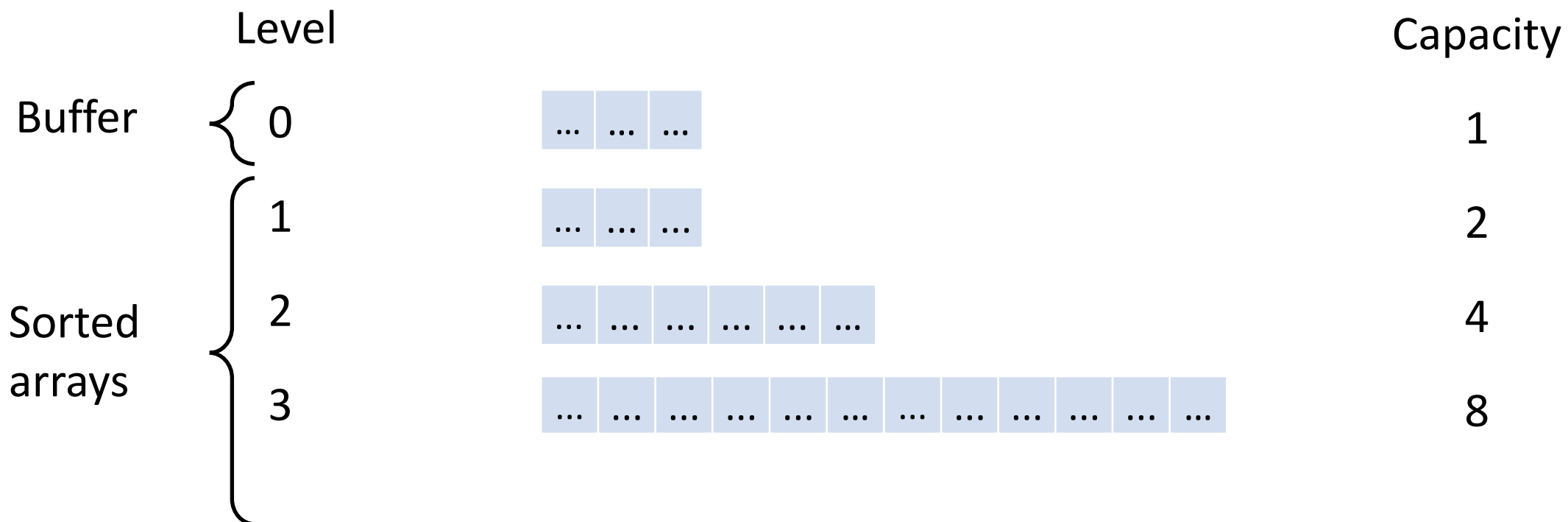
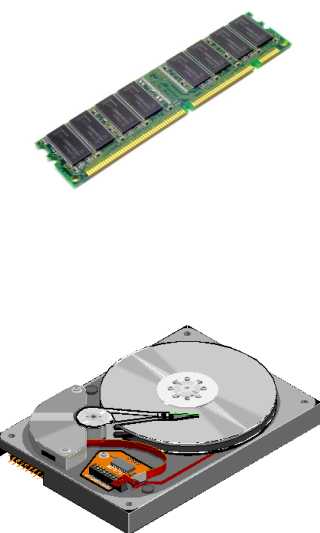
Basic LSM-tree – Insertion cost





Basic LSM-tree – Insertion cost

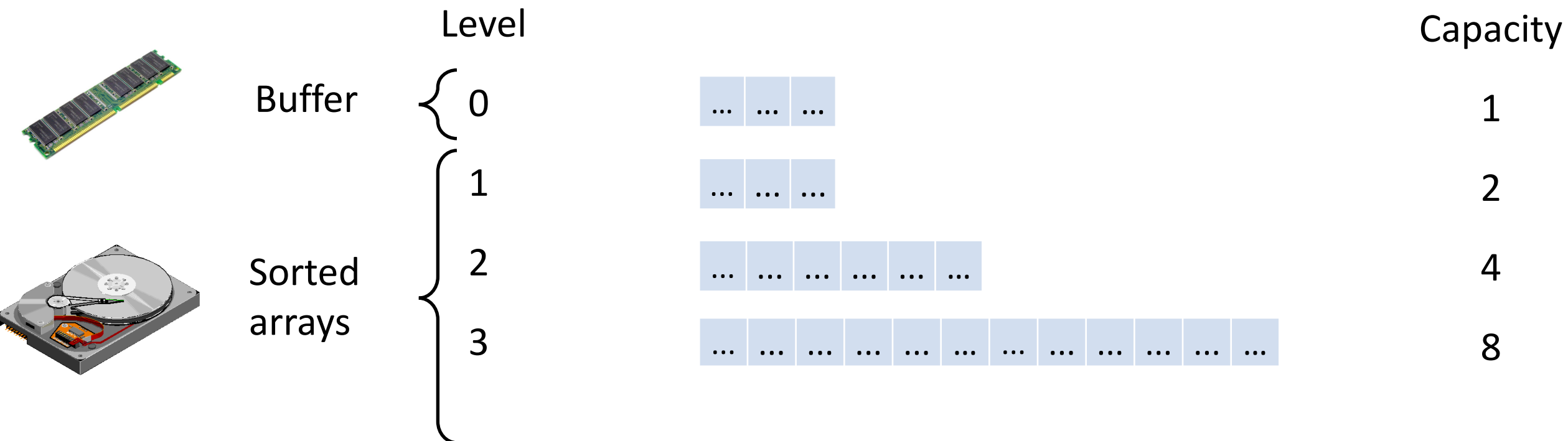
How many times is each entry copied?



Basic LSM-tree – Insertion cost

How many times is each entry copied?

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$



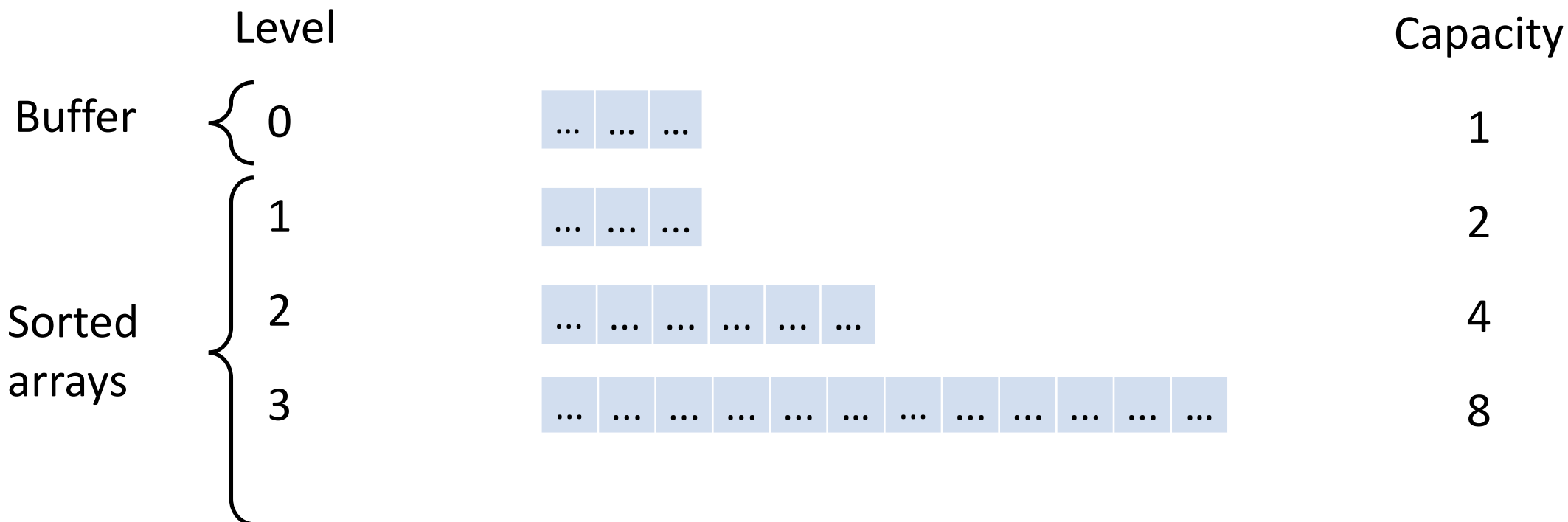
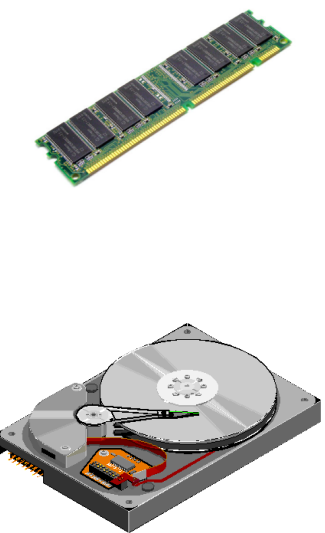


Basic LSM-tree – Insertion cost

How many times is each entry copied?

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

What is the price of each copy?





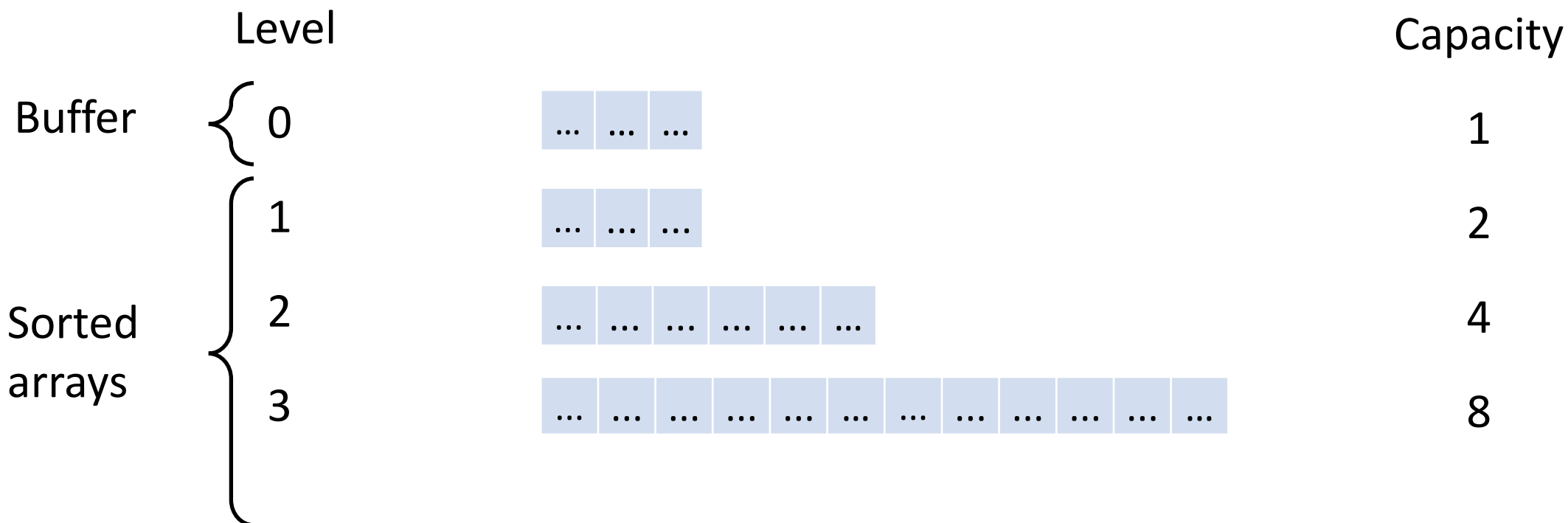
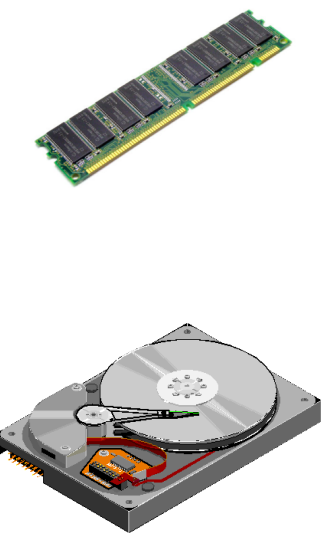
Basic LSM-tree – Insertion cost

How many times is each entry copied?

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

What is the price of each copy?

$$O\left(\frac{1}{B}\right)$$





Basic LSM-tree – Insertion cost

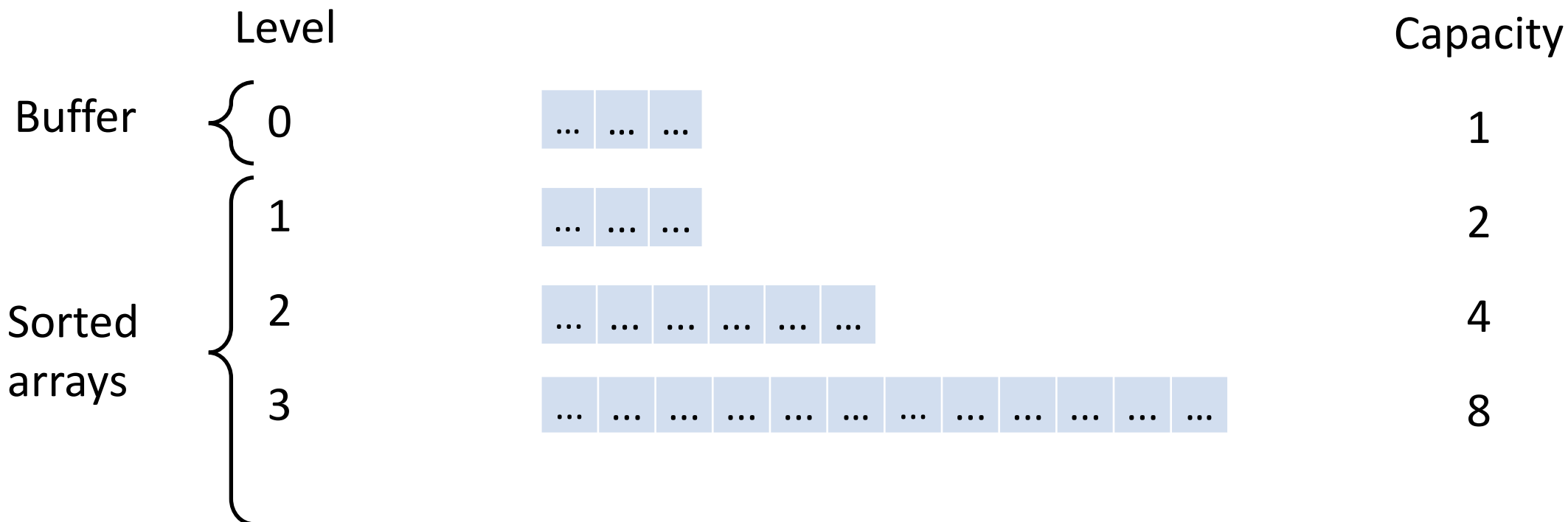
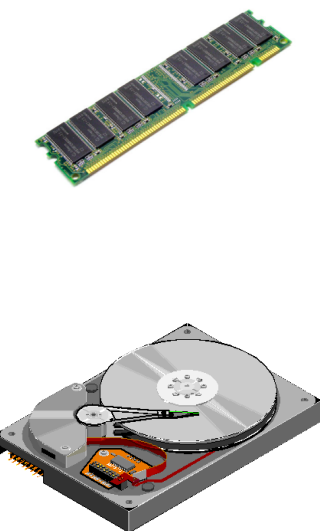
How many times is each entry copied?

$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

What is the price of each copy?

$$O\left(\frac{1}{B}\right)$$

Total insert cost?





Basic LSM-tree – Insertion cost

How many times is each entry copied?

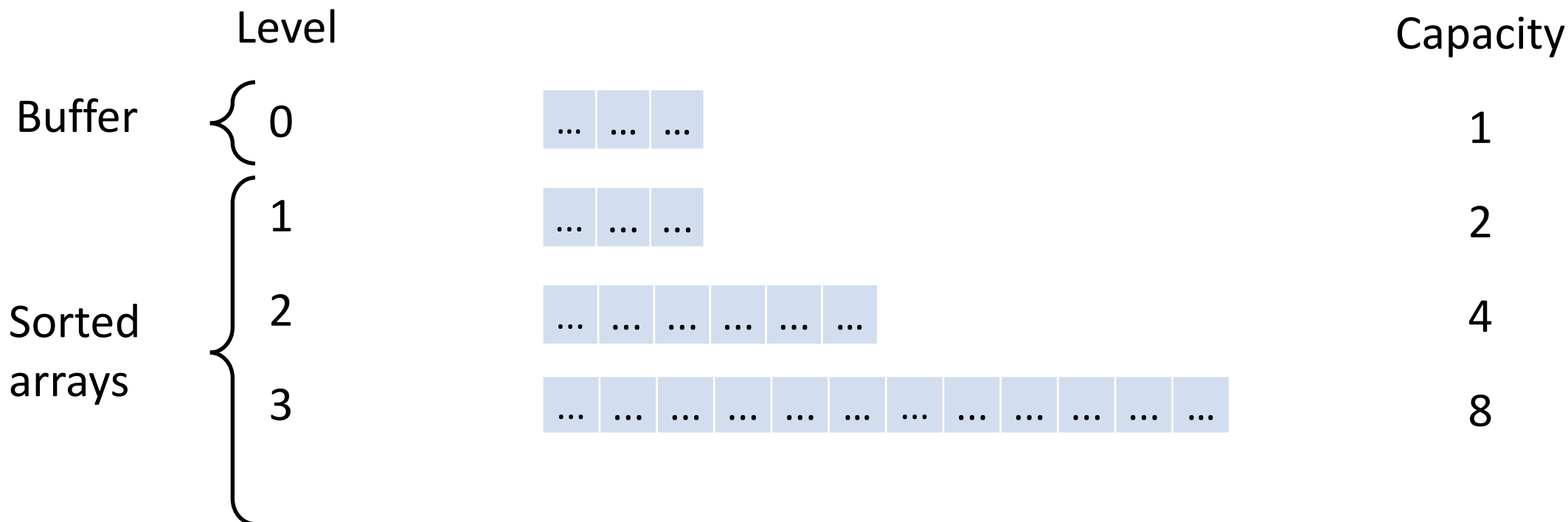
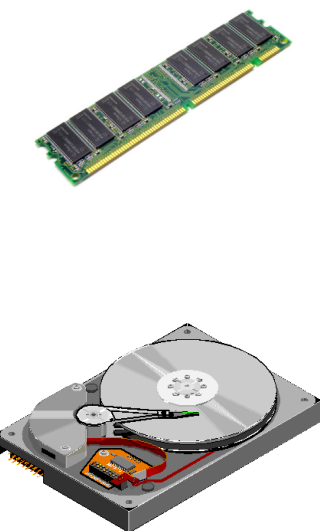
$$O\left(\log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

What is the price of each copy?

$$O\left(\frac{1}{B}\right)$$

Total insert cost?

$$O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \log_2\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$





Results Catalogue

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(\log_B(N/B))$	$O(\log_B(N/B))$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B)^2)$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

Results Catalogue

Better insert cost and worst lookup cost compared with B-trees

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(\log_B(N/B))$	$O(\log_B(N/B))$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B)^2)$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

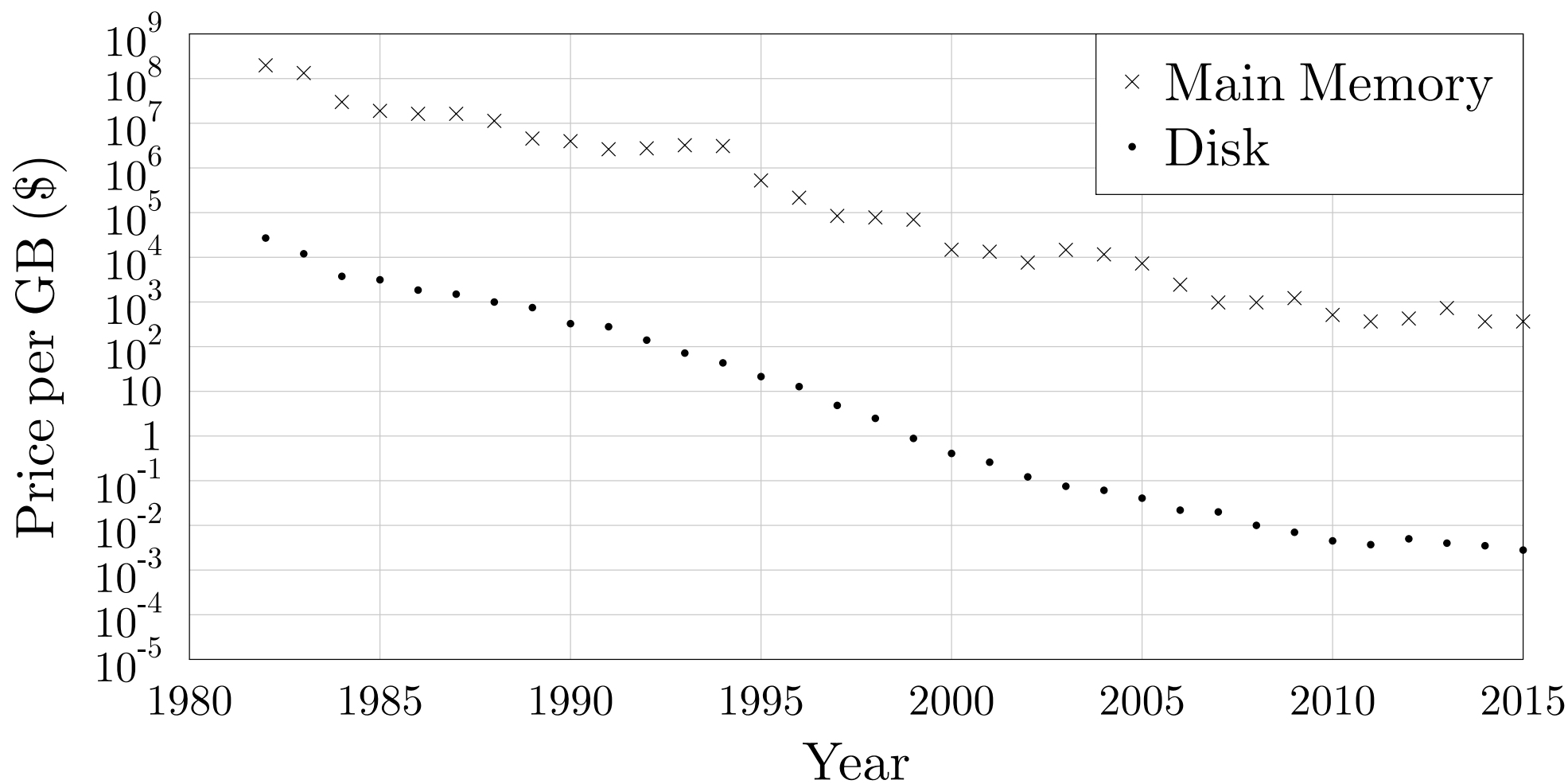
Results Catalogue

Better insert cost and **worst lookup cost** compared with B-trees

Can we improve lookup cost?

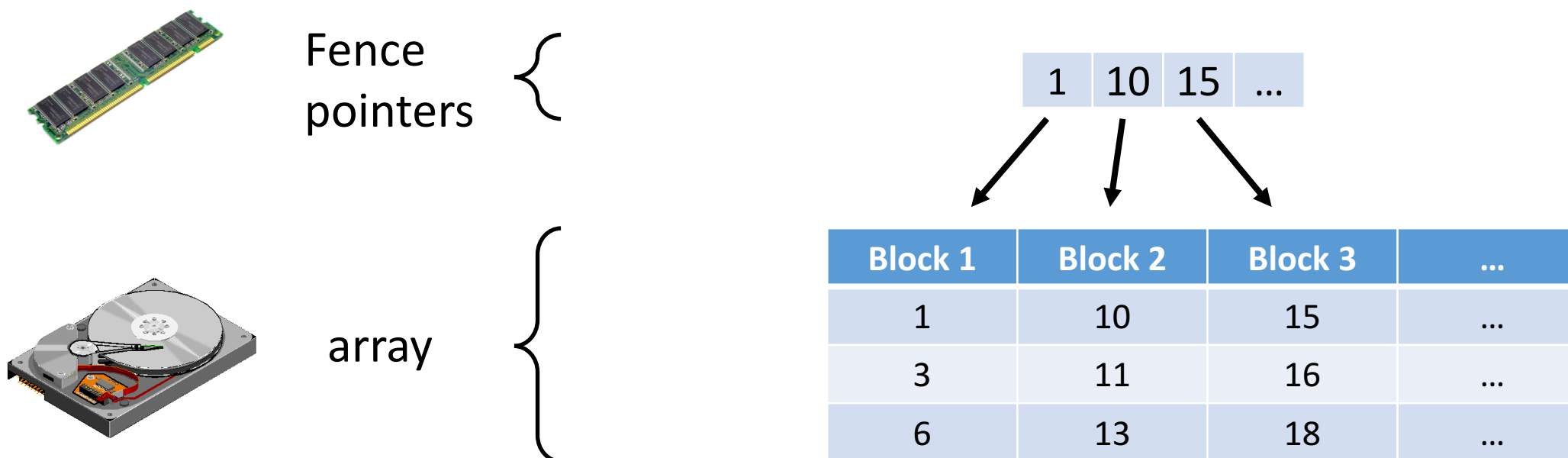
	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(\log_B(N/B))$	$O(\log_B(N/B))$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B)^2)$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

Declining Main Memory Cost



Declining Main Memory Cost

Store a fence pointer for every block in main memory



Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(\log_B(N/B))$	$O(\log_B(N/B))$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B)^2)$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(\log_B(N/B))$	$O(\log_B(N/B))$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B)^2)$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(\log_B(N/B))$	$O(\log_B(N/B))$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B)^2)$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(\log_B(N/B))$	$O(\log_B(N/B))$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B)^2)$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
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Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
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Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B)^2)$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
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Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

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Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
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Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

Quick sanity check:

suppose

$$N = 2^{42}$$

and

$$B = 2^{10}$$

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		

Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

Quick sanity check:

suppose

$$N = 2^{42}$$

and

$$B = 2^{10}$$

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(2^{32})$
Log	$O(2^{32})$	$O(2^{-10})$
B-tree	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(5)$	$O(2^{-10} \cdot 5)$
Leveled LSM-tree		
Tiered LSM-tree		



Leveled LSM-tree

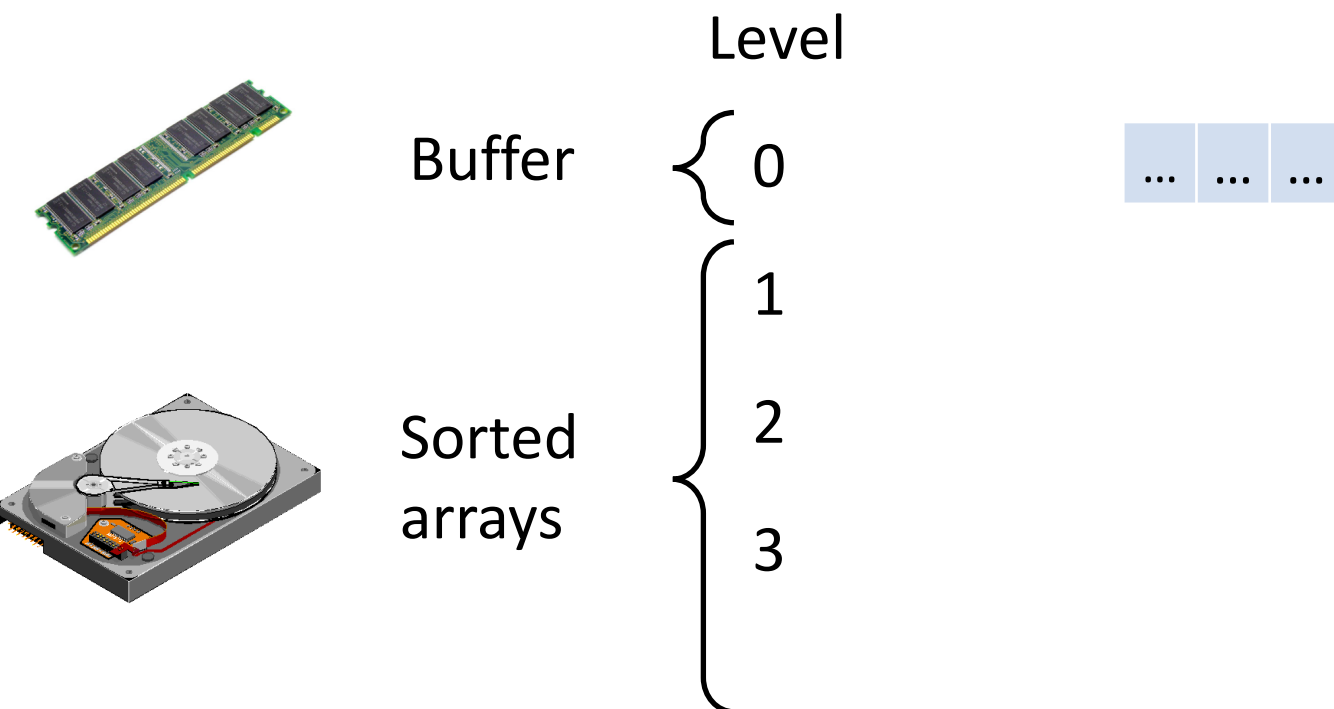
 Lookup cost

 Update cost



Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

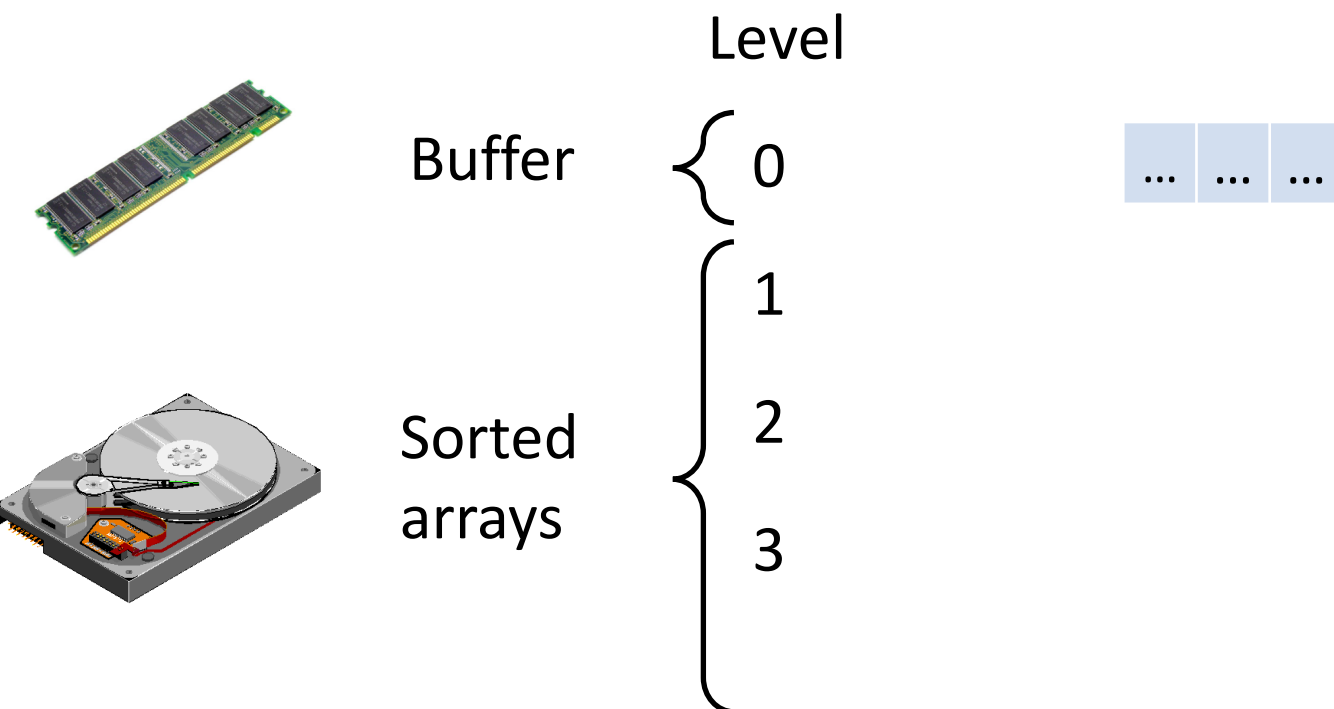




Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

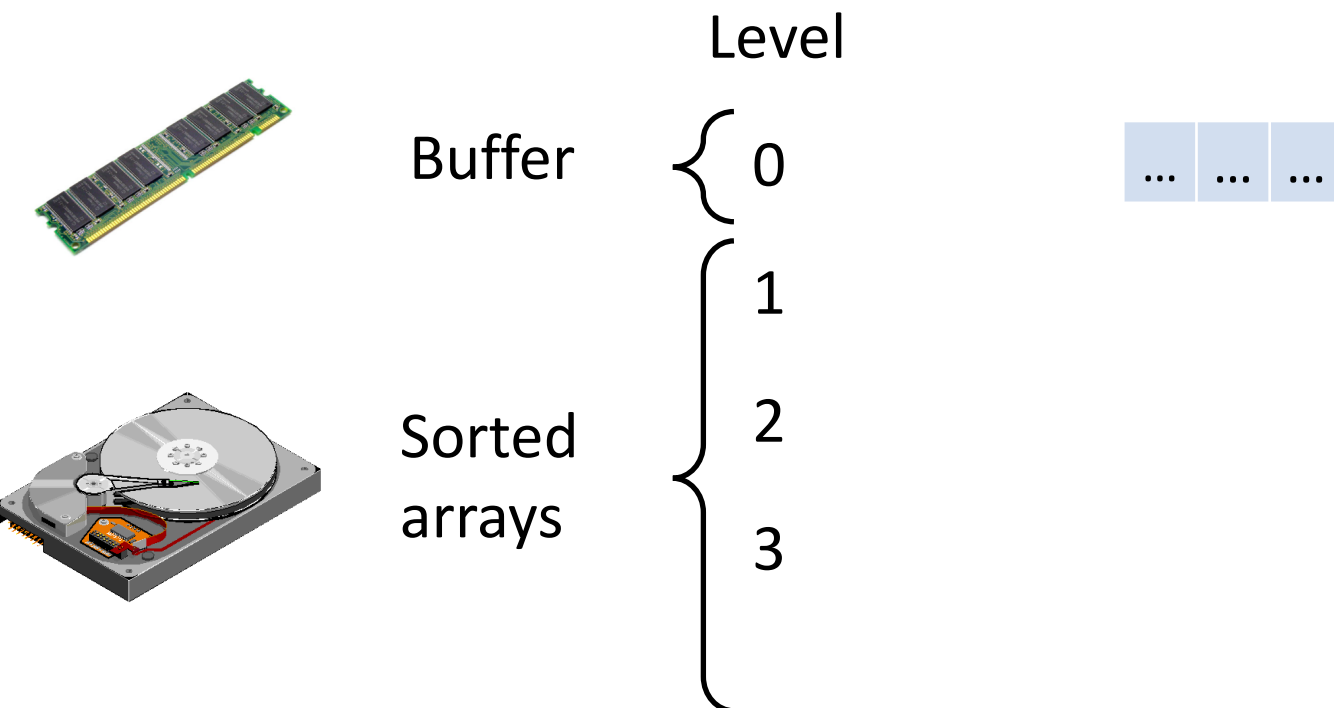


Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

Increase size ratio T



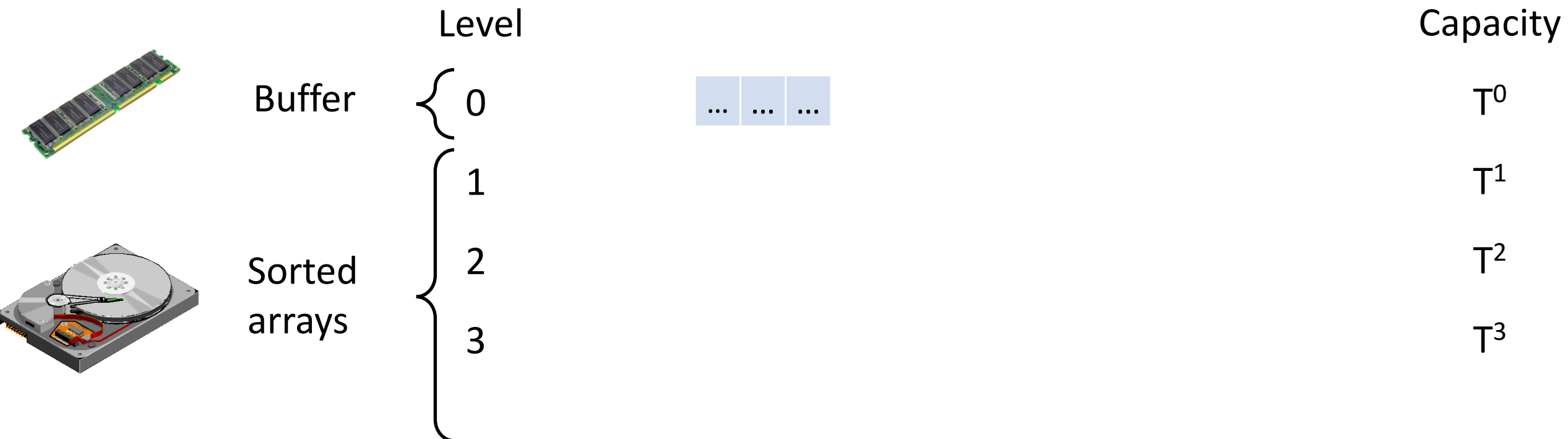


Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

Increase size ratio T





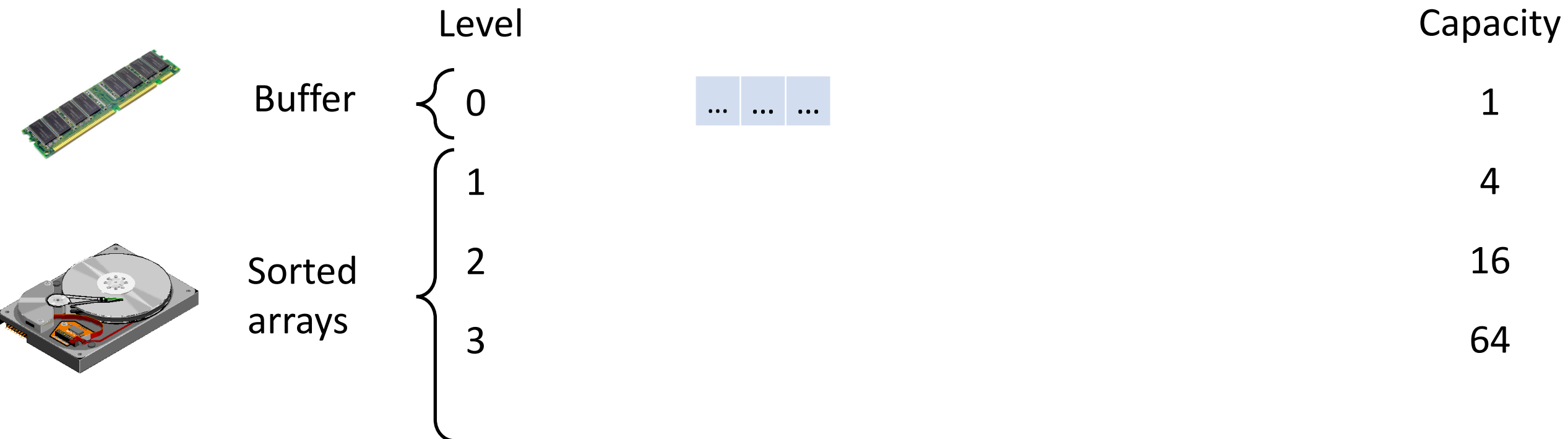
Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

E.g. size ratio of 4

Increase size ratio T



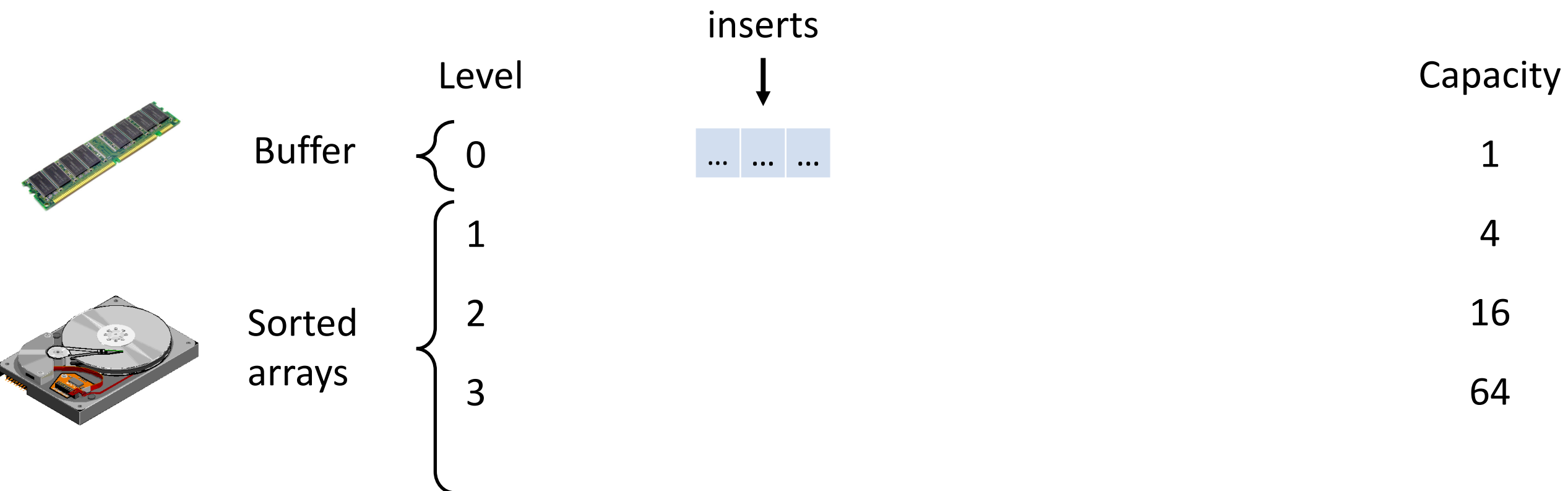
Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

E.g. size ratio of 4

Increase size ratio T





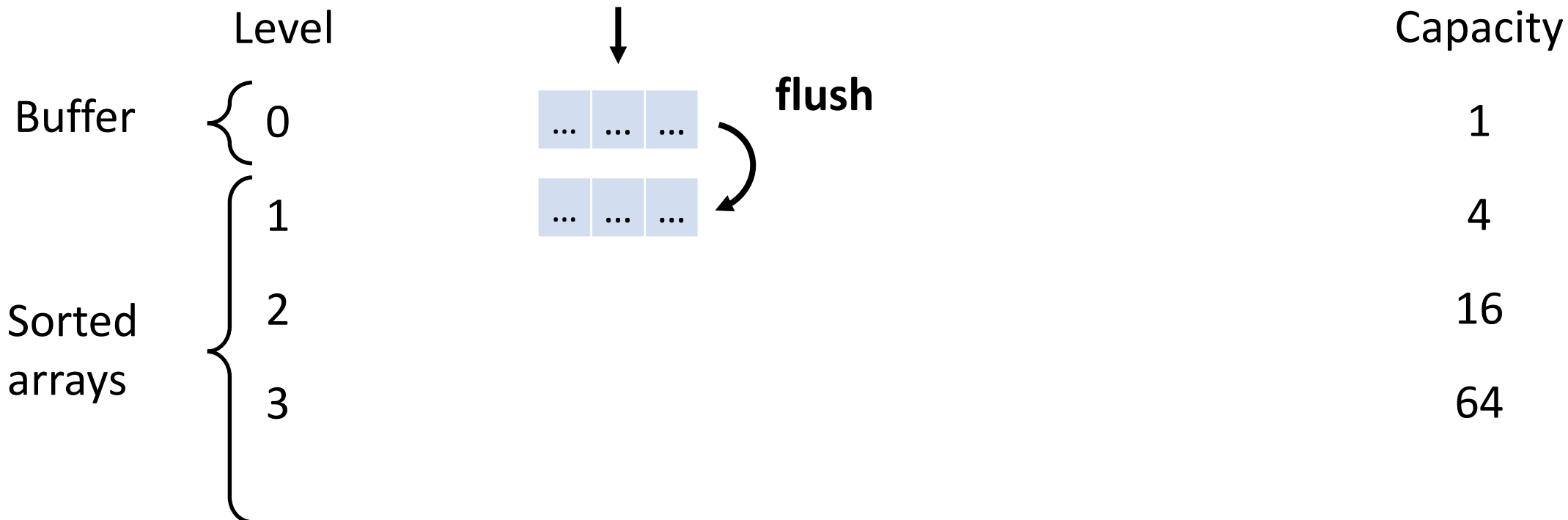
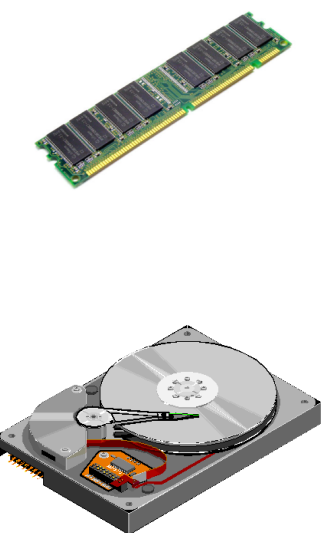
Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

E.g. size ratio of 4

Increase size ratio T





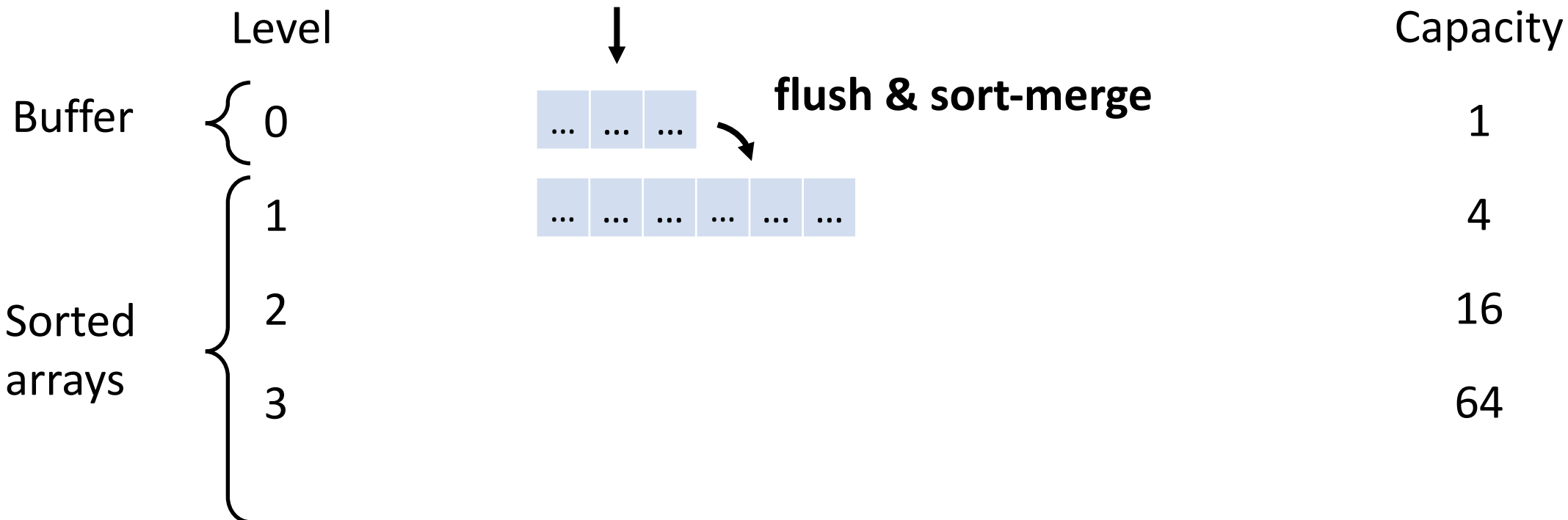
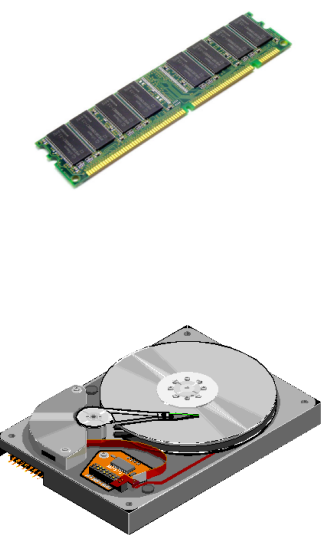
Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

E.g. size ratio of 4

Increase size ratio T





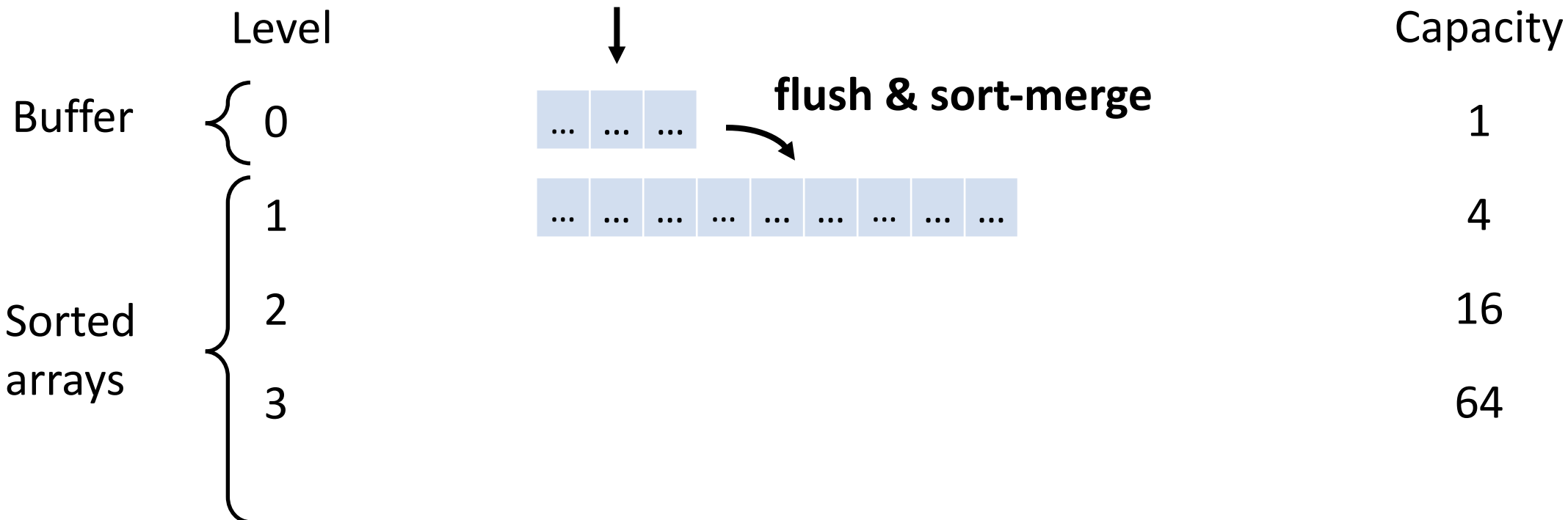
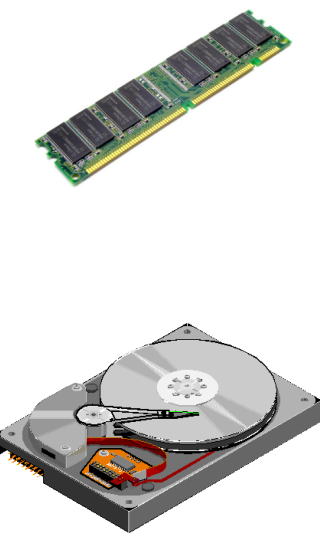
Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

E.g. size ratio of 4

Increase size ratio T



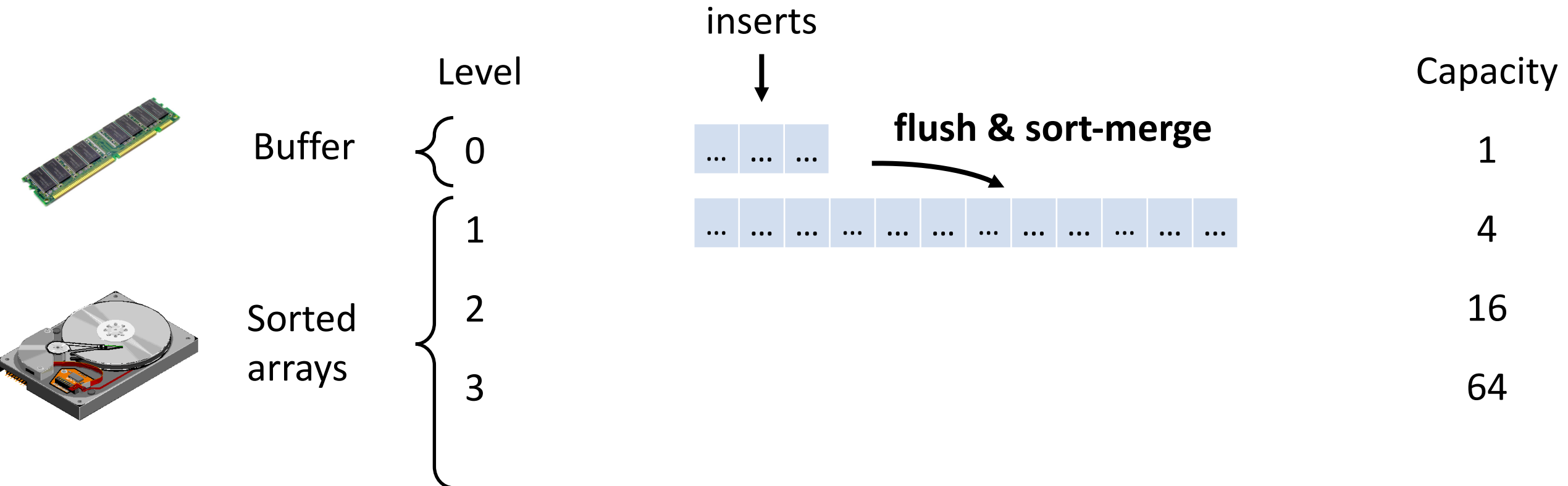
Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

E.g. size ratio of 4

Increase size ratio T



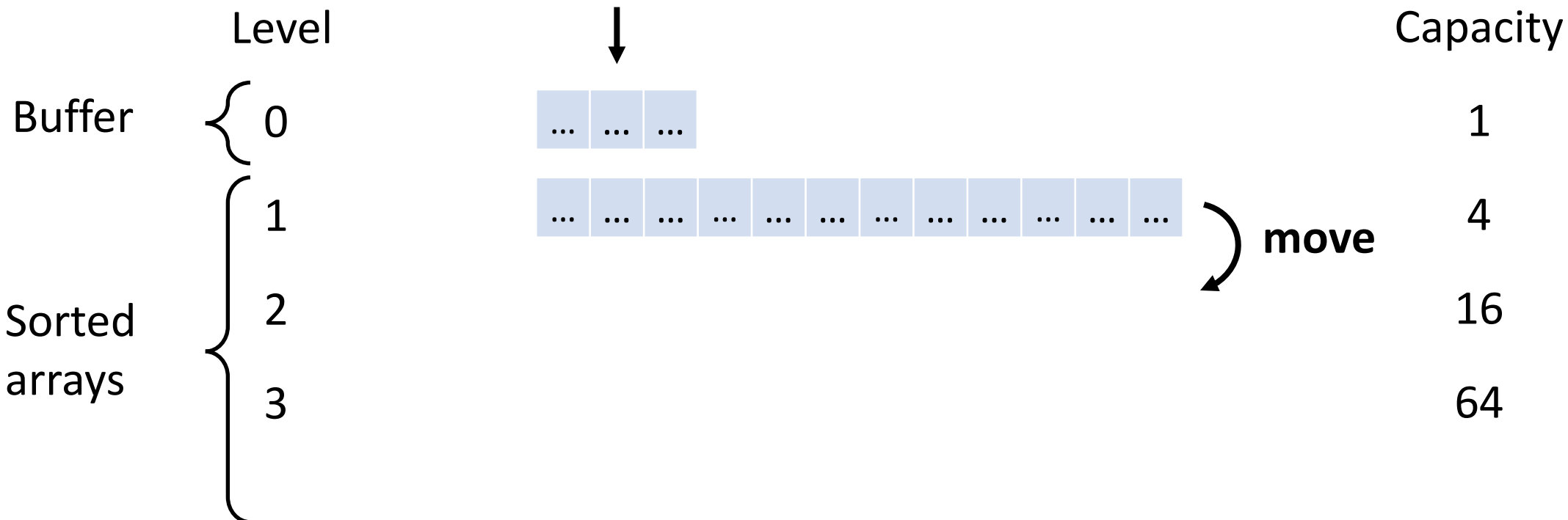
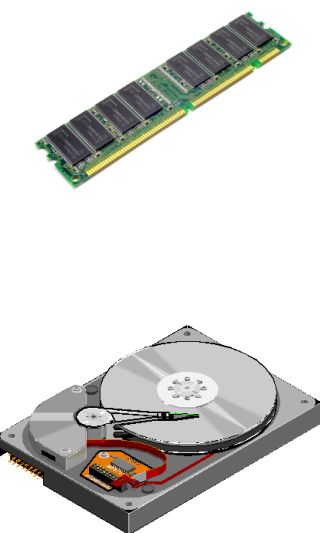
Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost depends on number of levels

How to reduce it?

E.g. size ratio of 4

Increase size ratio T





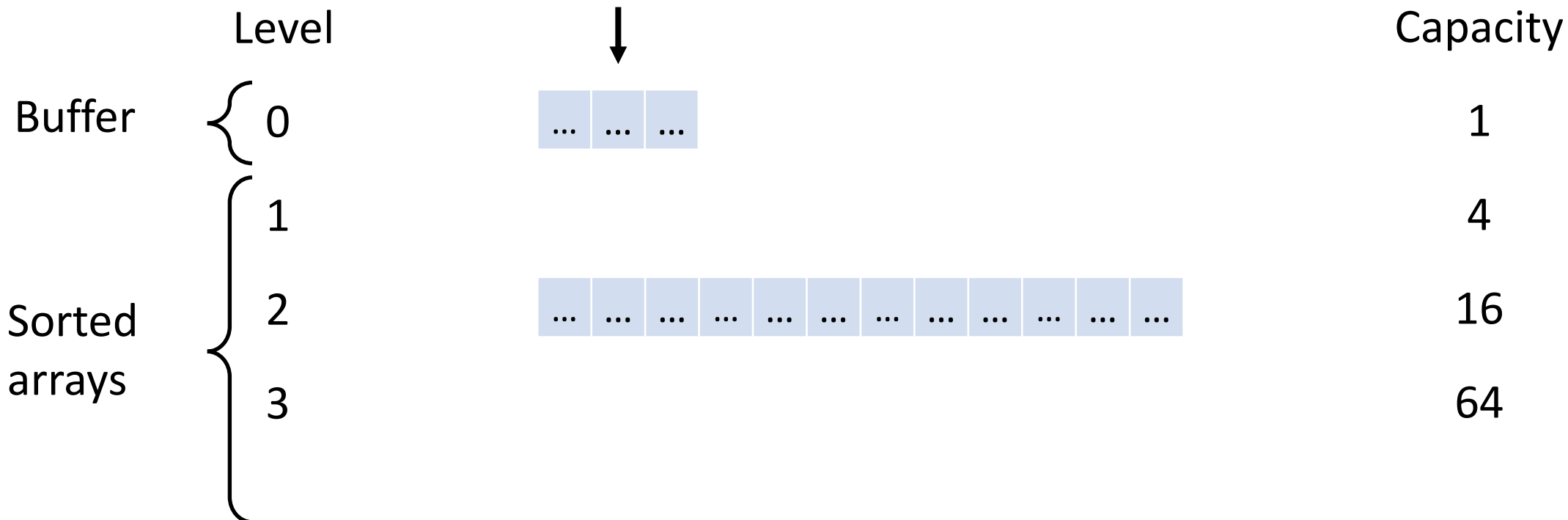
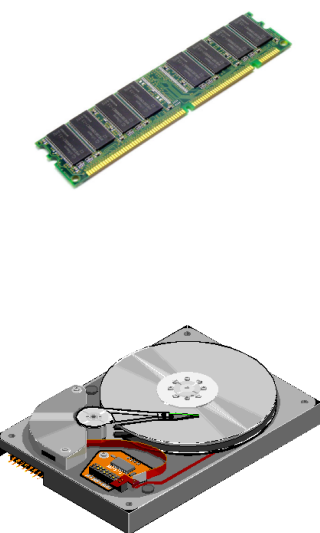
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Lookup cost depends on number of levels

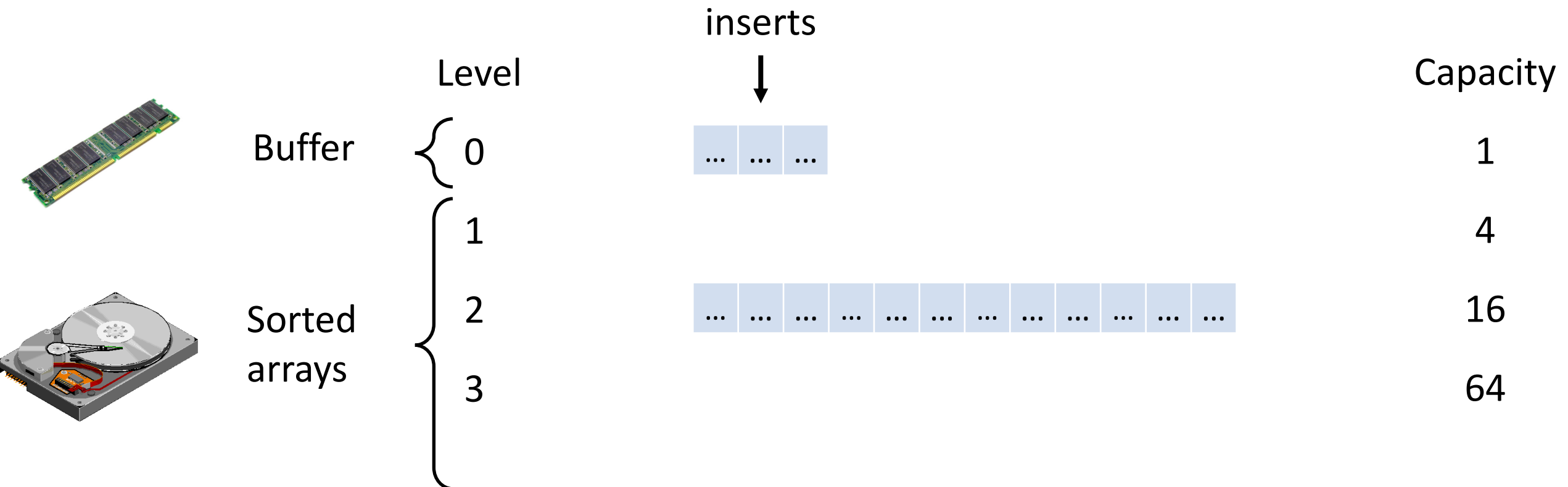
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E.g. size ratio of 4

Increase size ratio T



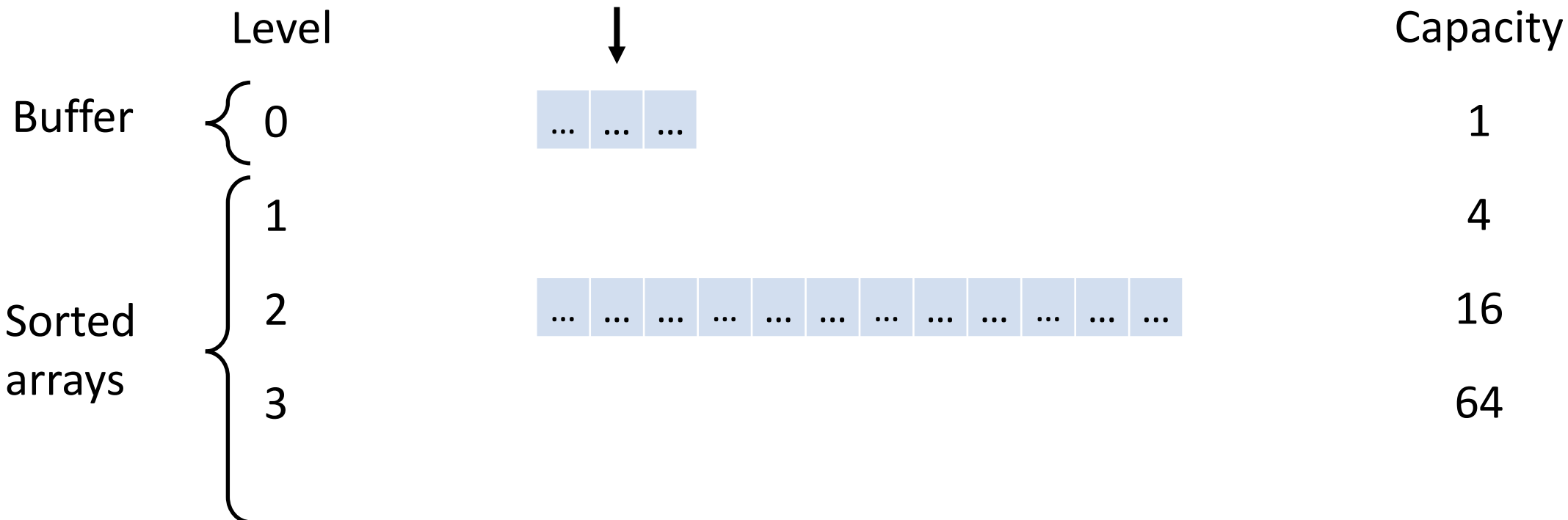
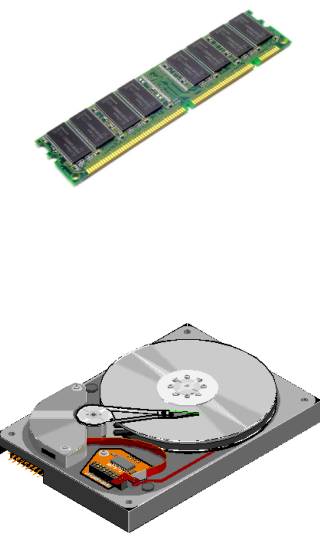
Leveled LSM-tree





Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

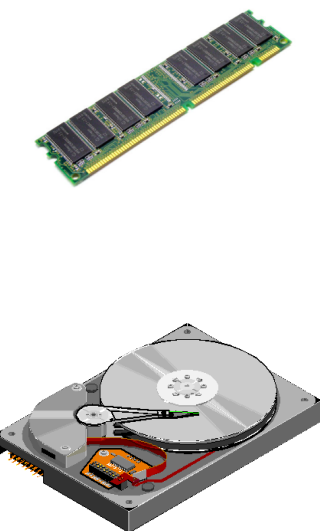




Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(\log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$



	Level
Buffer	{ 0
	{ 1
Sorted arrays	{ 2
	{ 3

inserts



Capacity

1

4

16

64

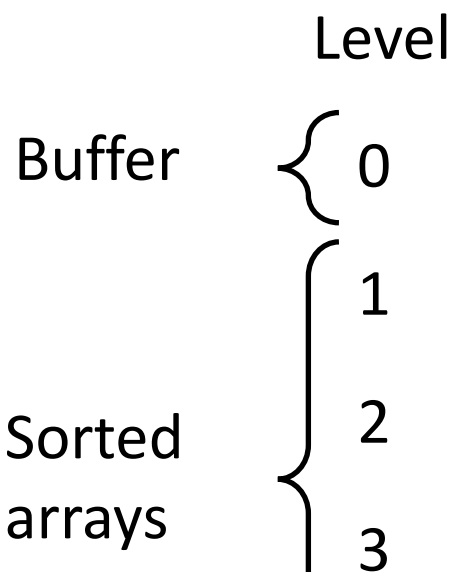
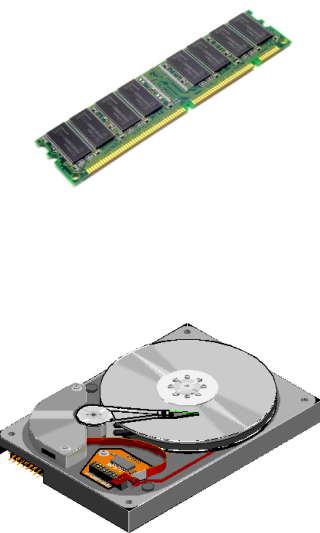


Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(\log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Insertion cost?



inserts



Capacity

1

4

16

64



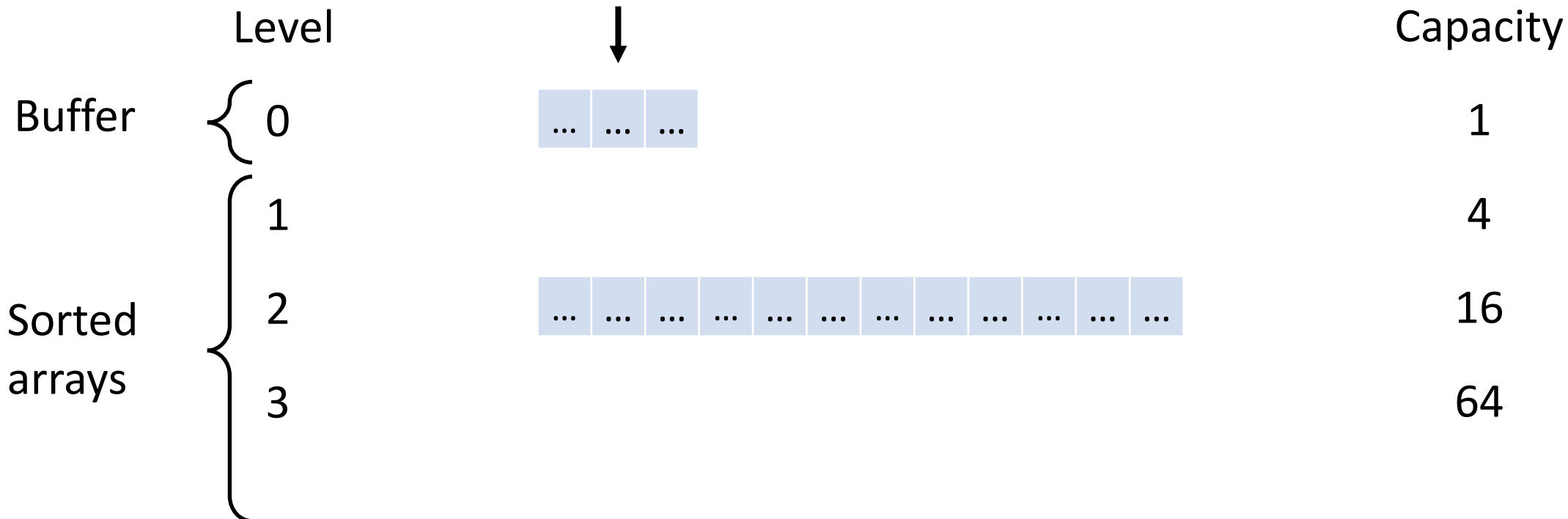
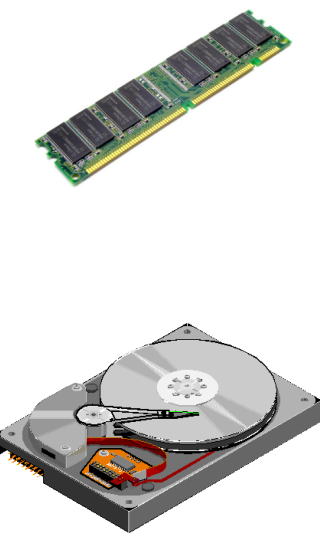
Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(\log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Insertion cost?

$$O\left(\frac{T}{B} \cdot \log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$





Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(\log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Insertion cost?

$$O\left(\frac{T}{B} \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$



Leveled LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(\log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Insertion cost?

$$O\left(\frac{T}{B} \cdot \log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

Leveled LSM-tree

↓ Lookup cost?
 $O\left(\log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

↑ Insertion cost?
 $O\left(\frac{T}{B} \cdot \log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

Leveled LSM-tree

↓ Lookup cost?
 $O\left(\log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

Insertion cost? ↑
 $O\left(\frac{T}{B} \cdot \log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

What happens when size ratio T is set to be N/B ?

Leveled LSM-tree

↓ Lookup cost?
 $O\left(\log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

Insertion cost? ↑
 $O\left(\frac{T}{B} \cdot \log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

What happens when size ratio T is set to be N/B ?

Lookup cost becomes:
 $O(1)$

Insert cost becomes:
 $O(N/B^2)$

Leveled LSM-tree

↓ Lookup cost?
 $O\left(\log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

Insertion cost? ↑
 $O\left(\frac{T}{B} \cdot \log_T\left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

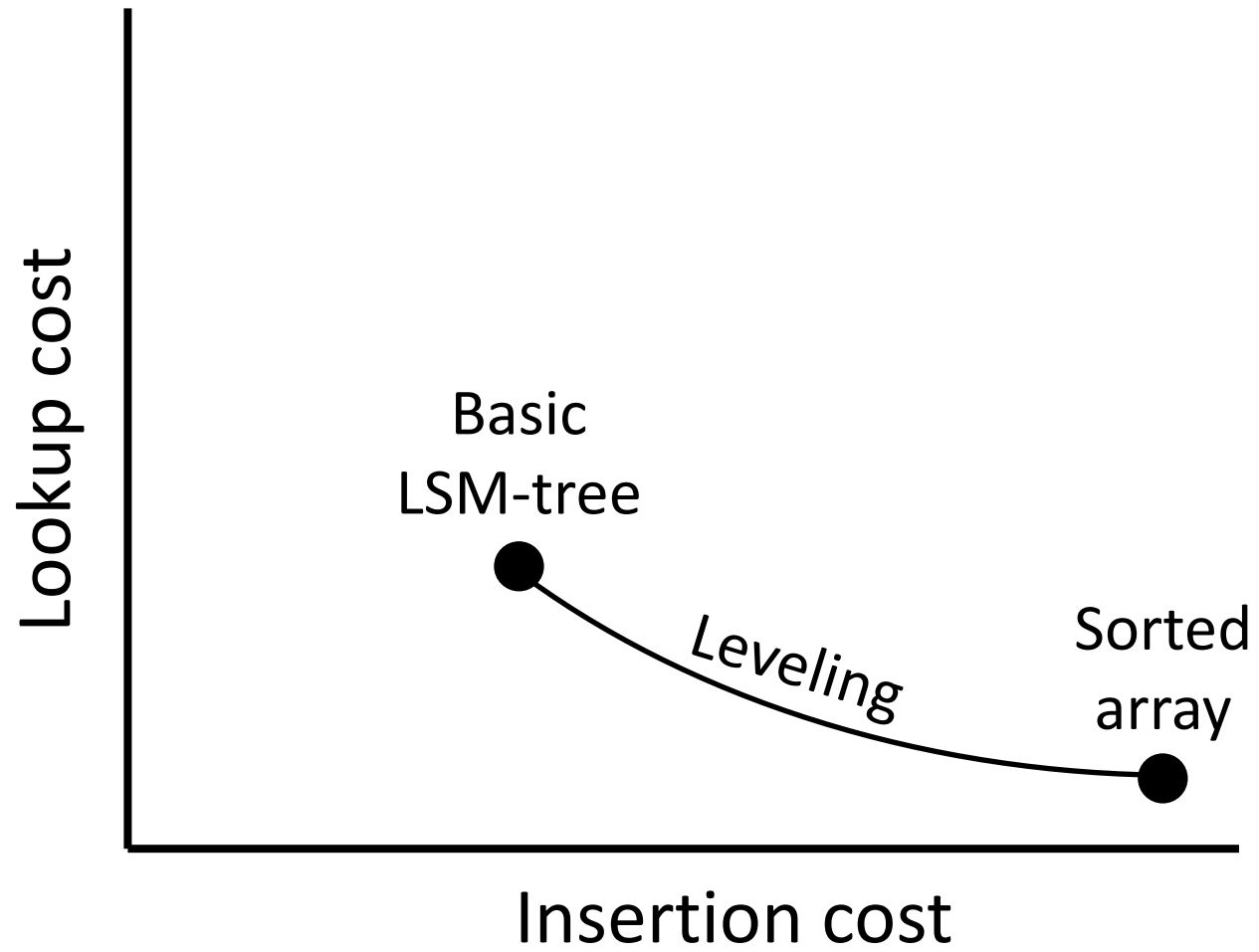
What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

What happens when size ratio T is set to be N/B ?

Lookup cost becomes:
 $O(1)$

Insert cost becomes:
 $O(N/B^2)$

The LSM-tree becomes a sorted array!



Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree	$O(\log_T(N/B))$	$O(T/B \cdot \log_T(N/B))$
Tiered LSM-tree		



Tiered LSM-tree



Tiered LSM-tree



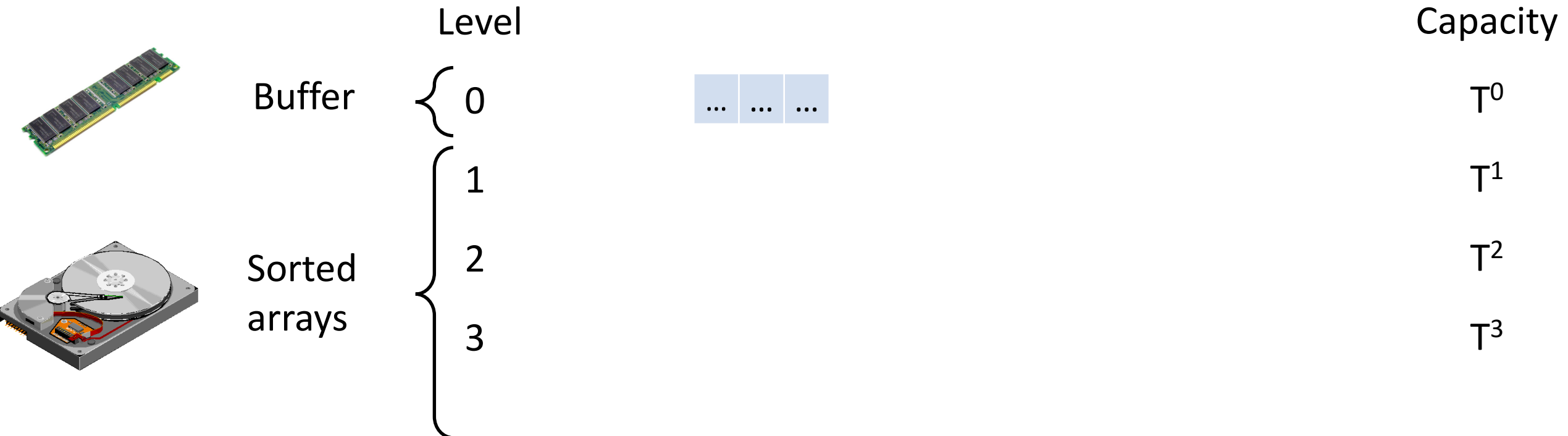
Lookup cost



Insertion cost

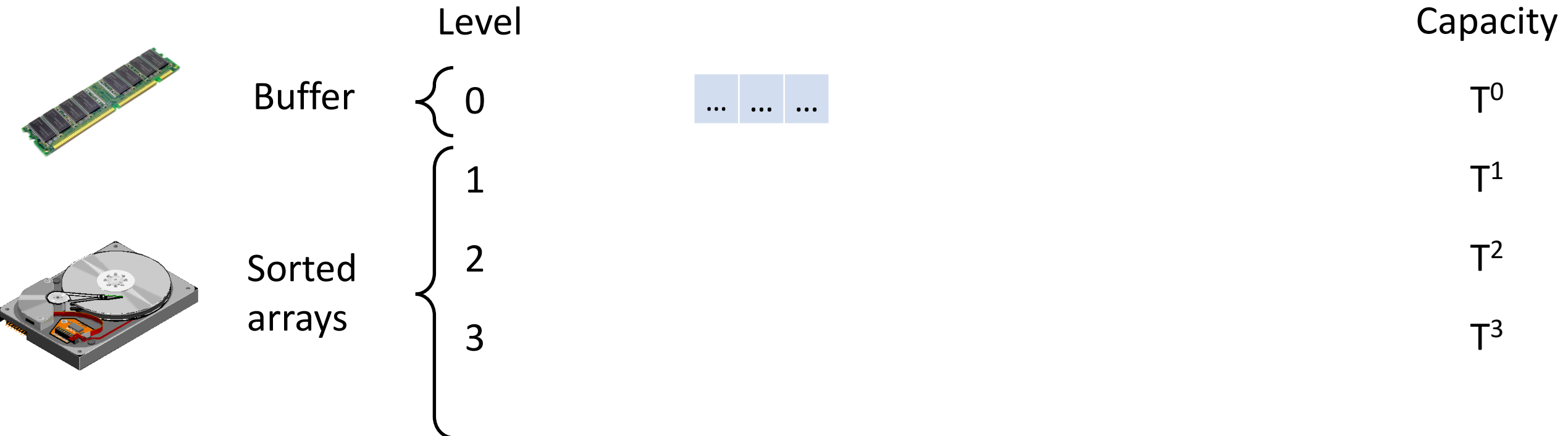
Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.



Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.
Do not merge within a level.

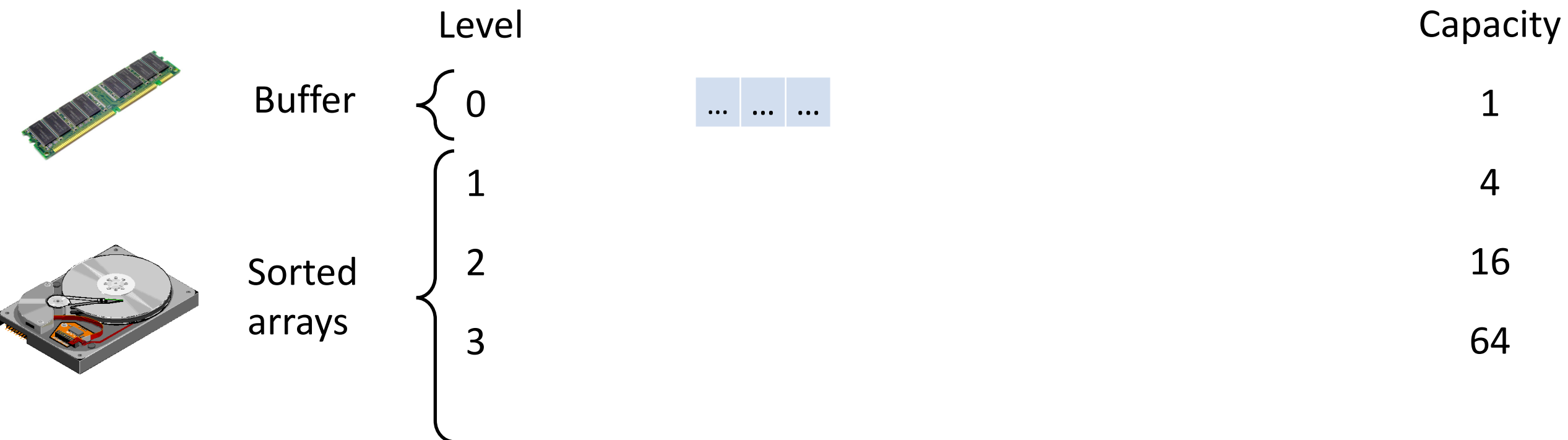


Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.

Do not merge within a level.

E.g. size ratio of 4



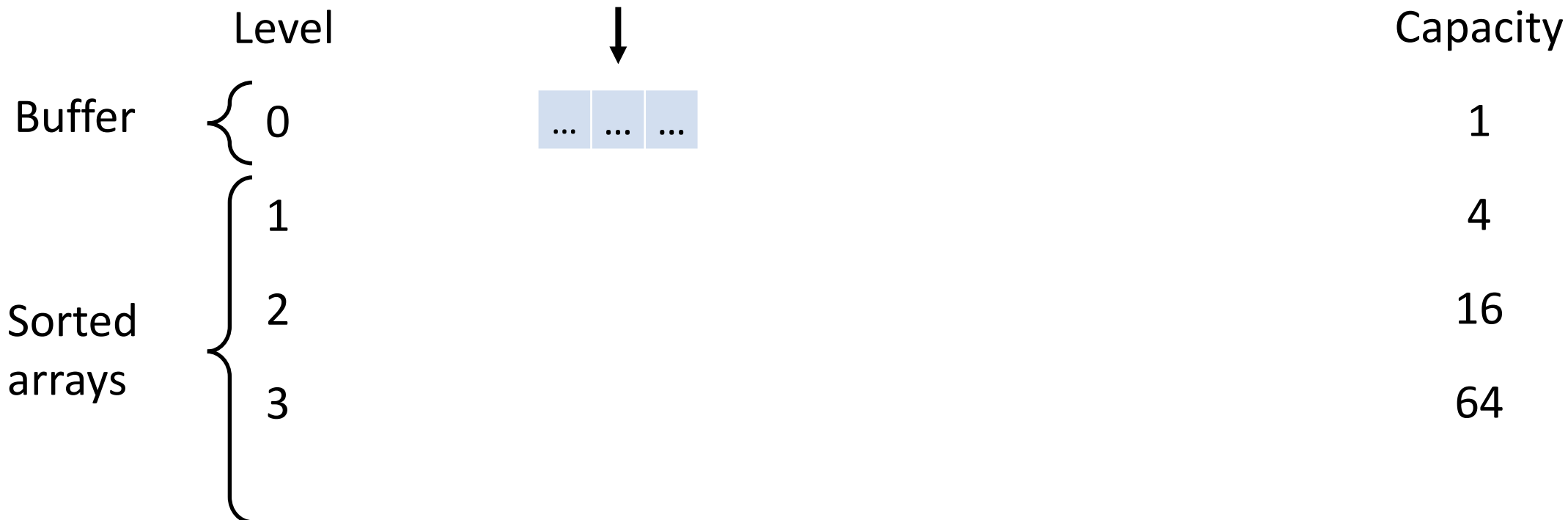
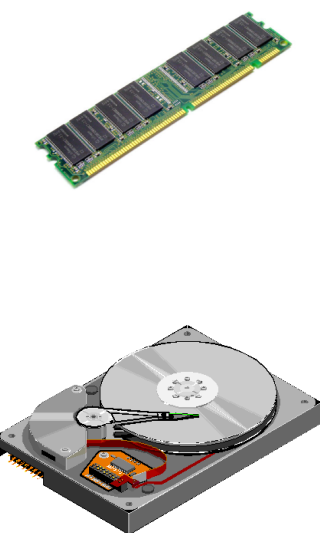


Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.

Do not merge within a level.

E.g. size ratio of 4

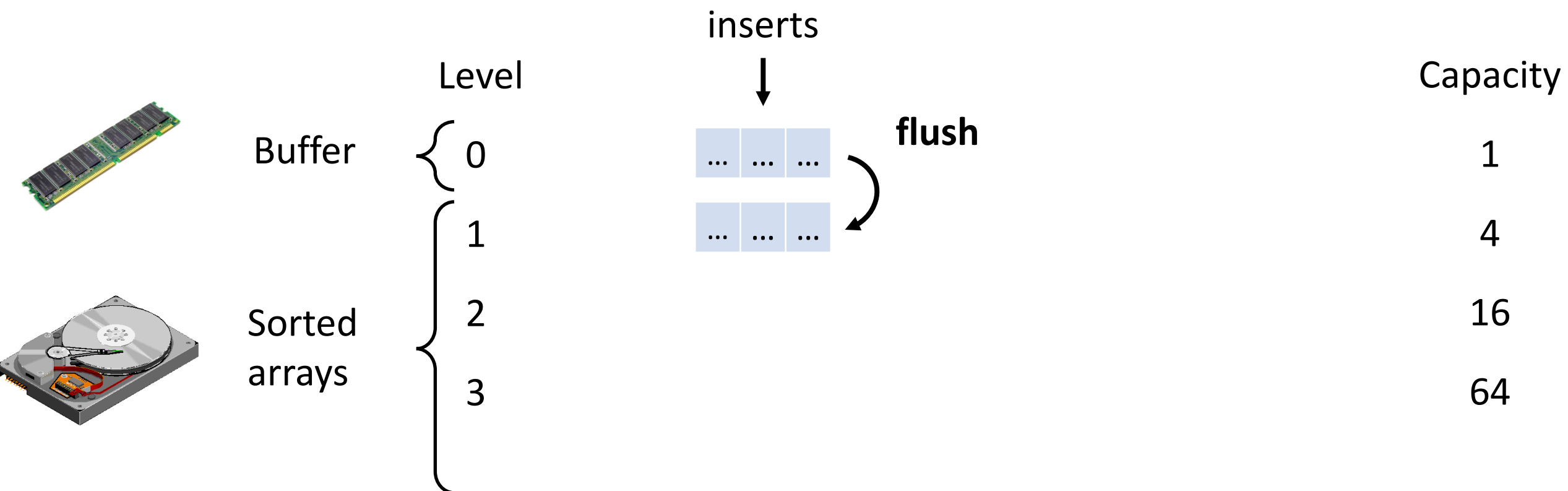


Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.

Do not merge within a level.

E.g. size ratio of 4



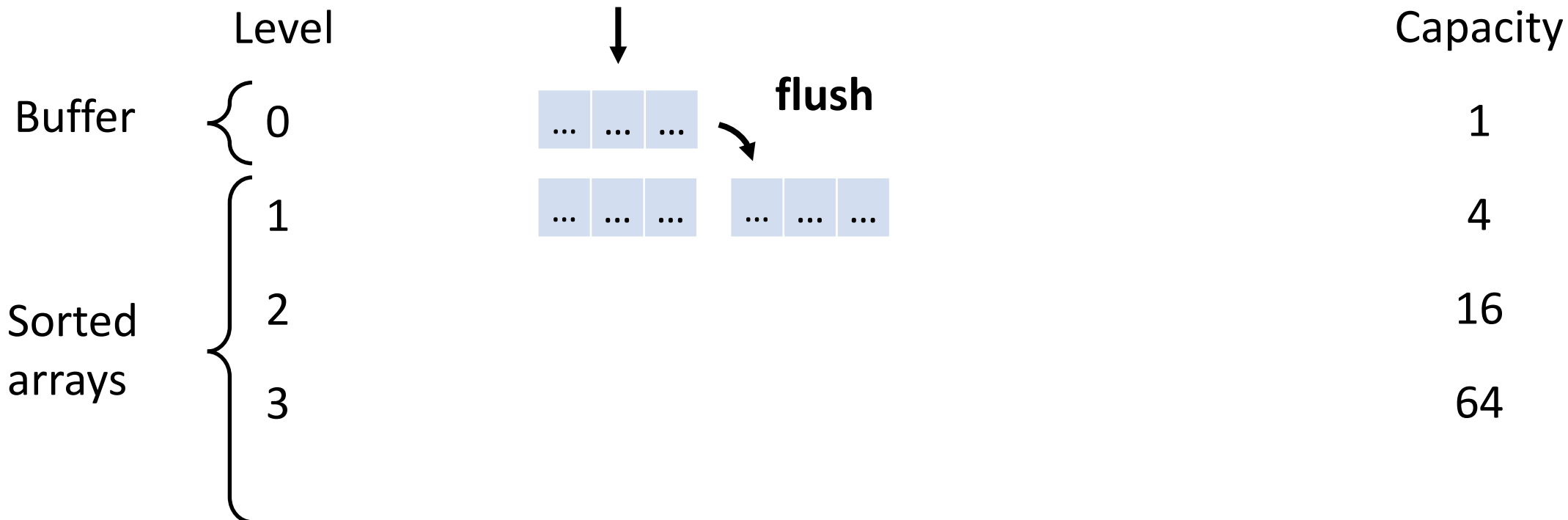
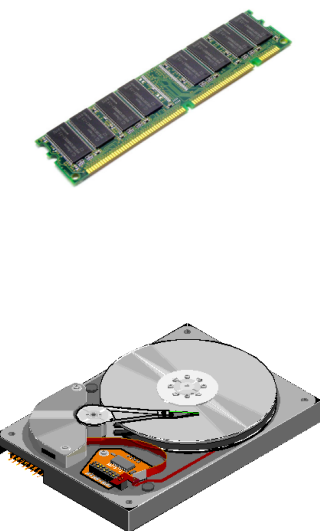


Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.

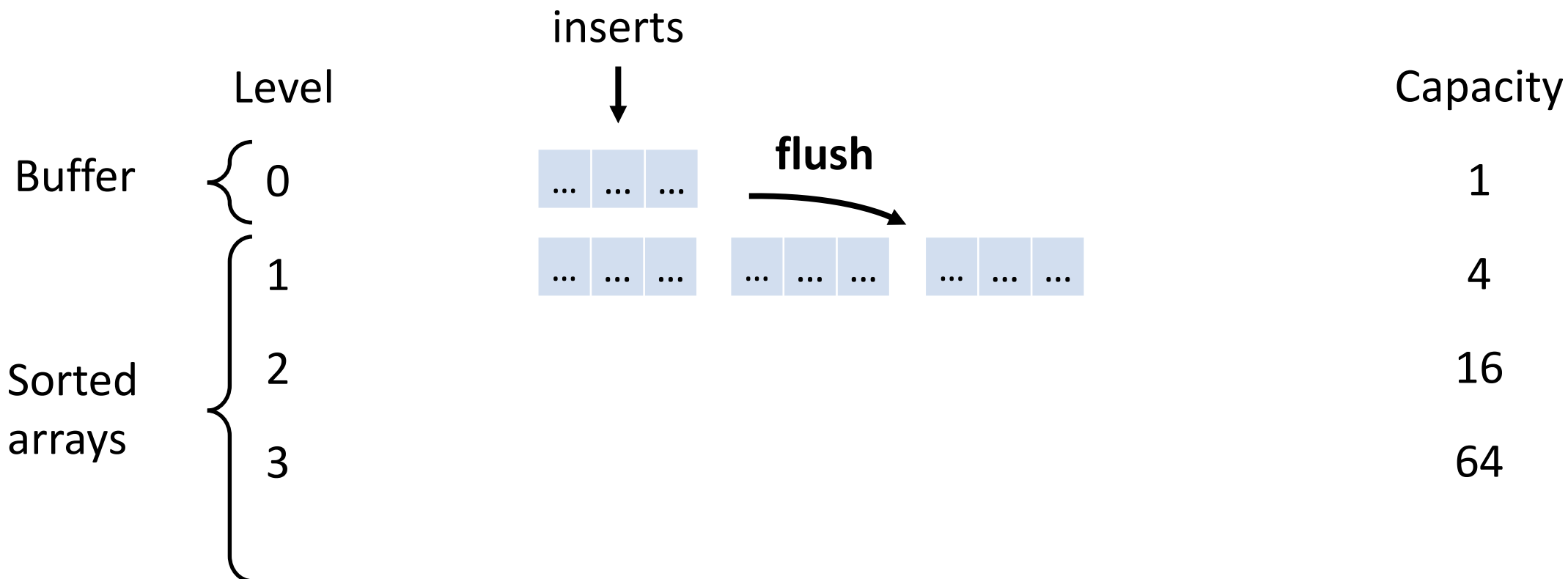
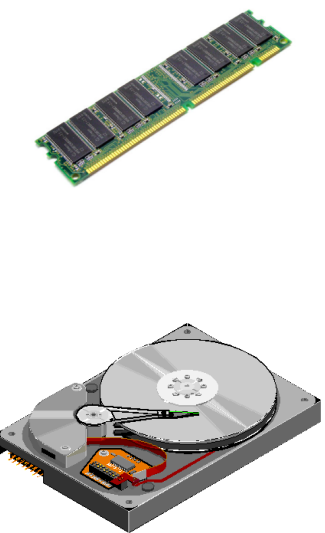
Do not merge within a level.

E.g. size ratio of 4



Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.
 Do not merge within a level.
 E.g. size ratio of 4

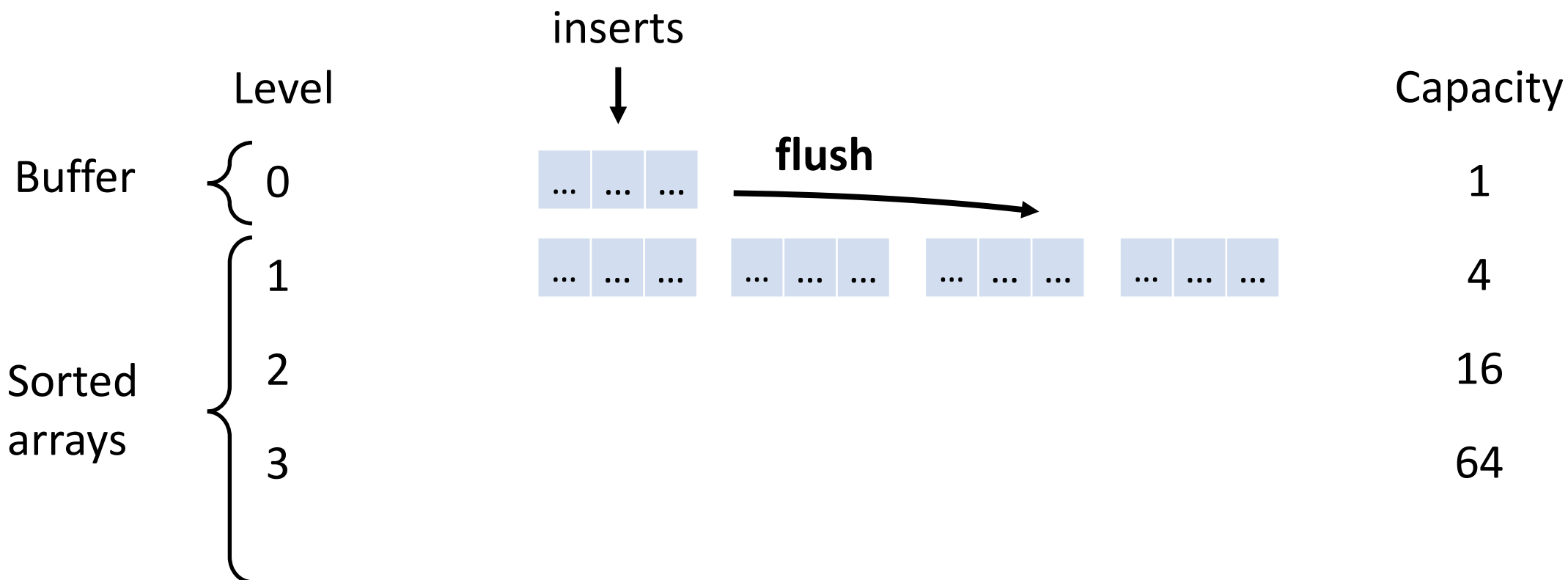
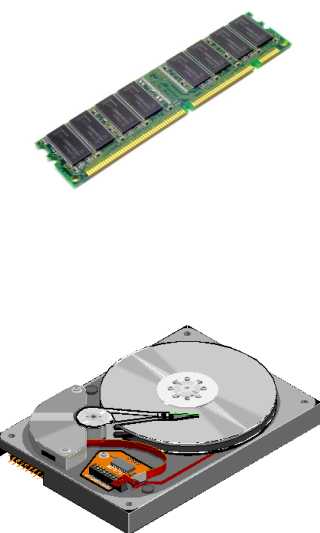


Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.

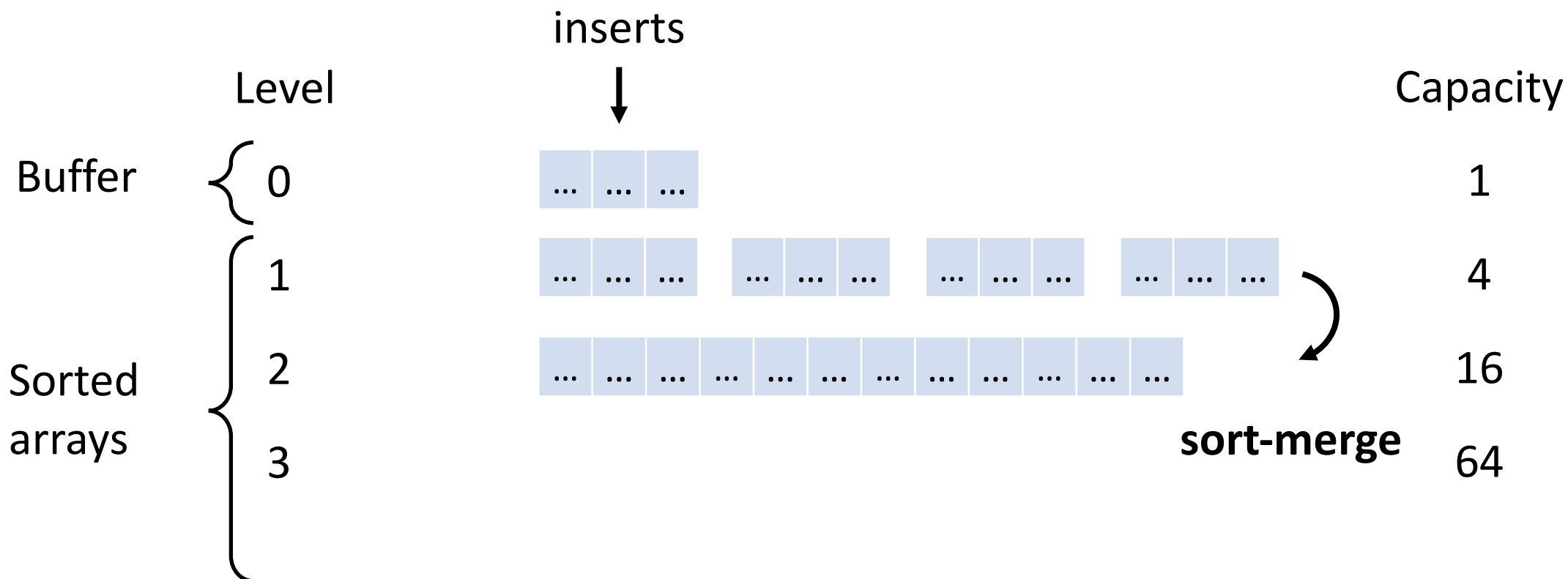
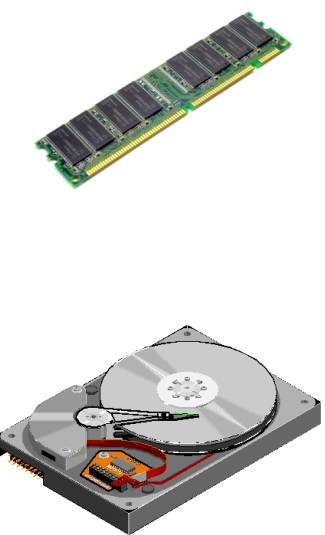
Do not merge within a level.

E.g. size ratio of 4



Tiered LSM-tree

Reduce the number of levels by increasing the size ratio.
Do not merge within a level.
E.g. size ratio of 4



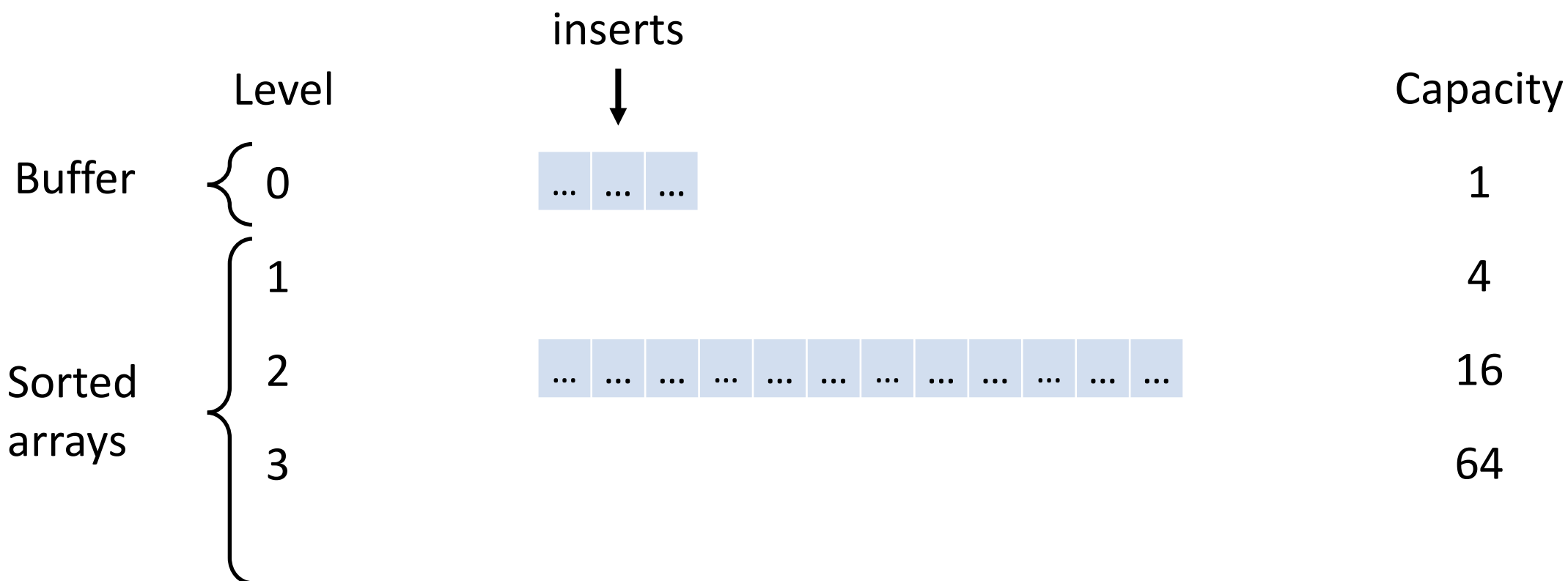
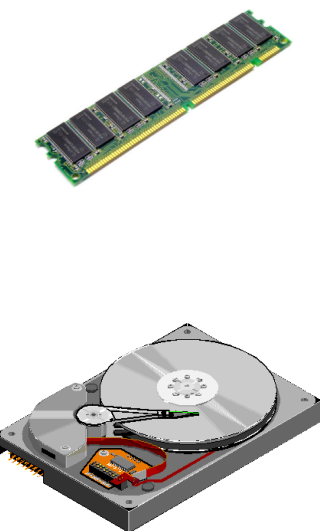


Tiered LSM-tree

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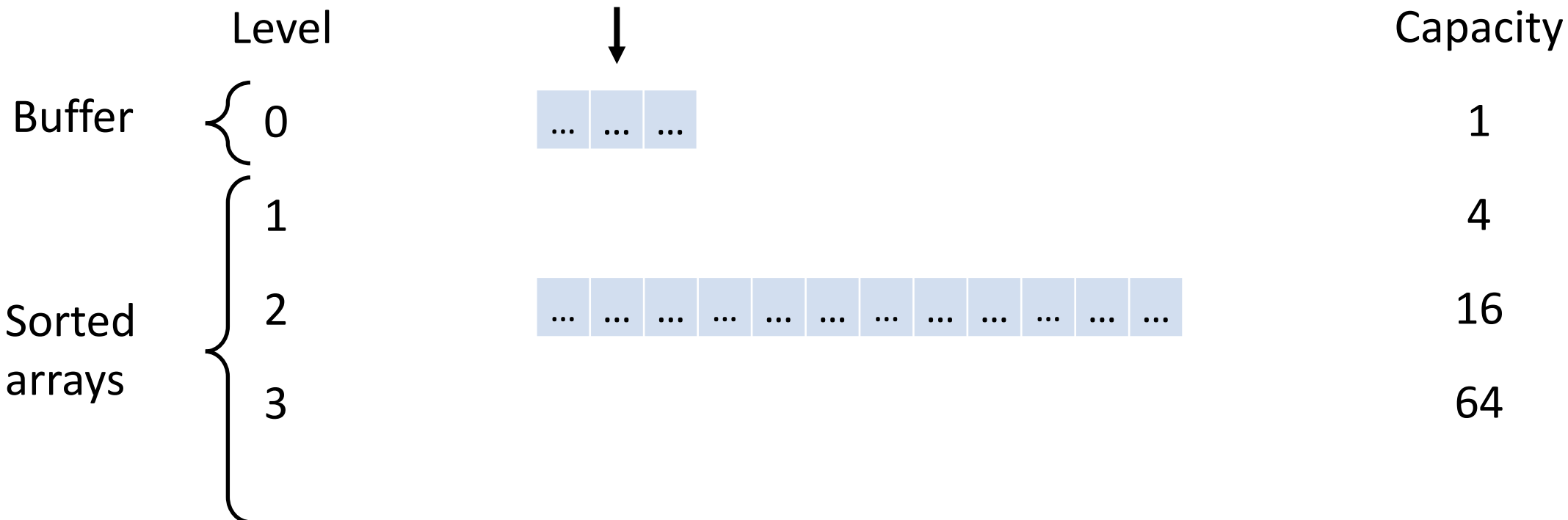
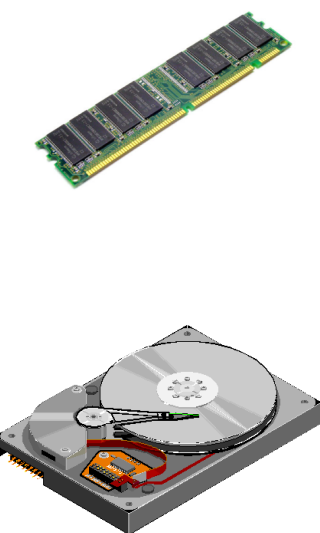
E.g. size ratio of 4





Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

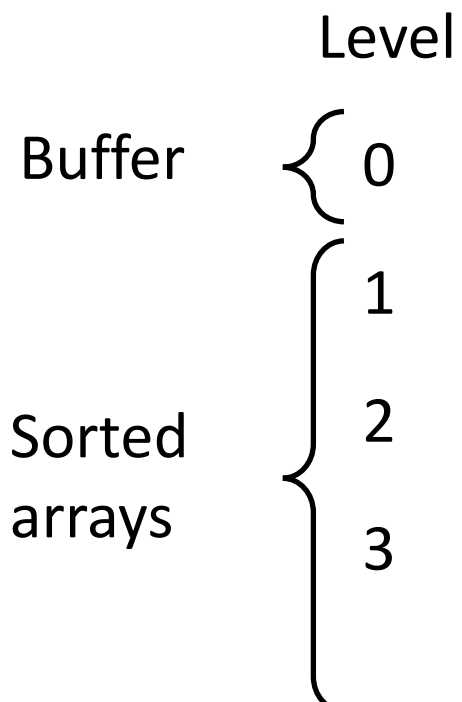
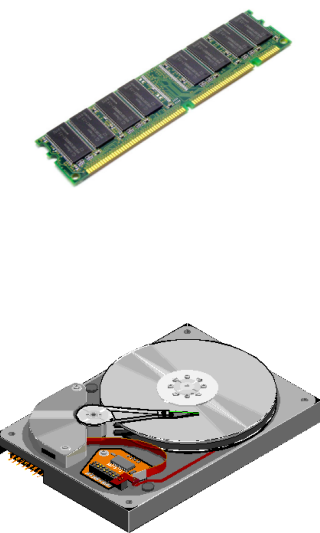




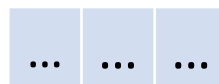
Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$



inserts



Capacity

1

4

16

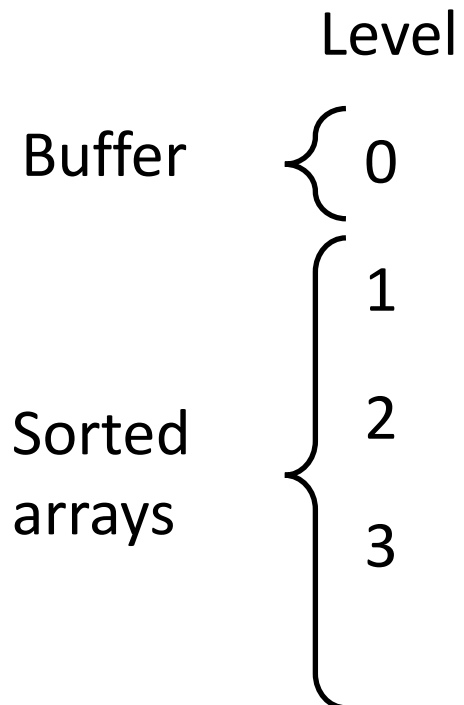
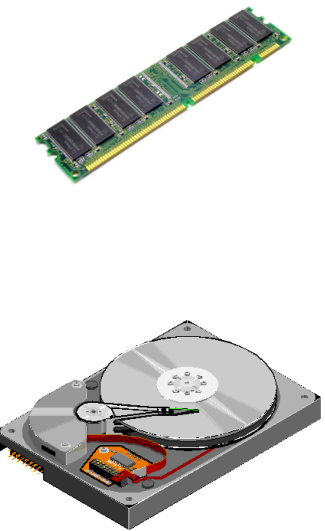
64

Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Insertion cost?



inserts
↓



Capacity

1

4

16

64

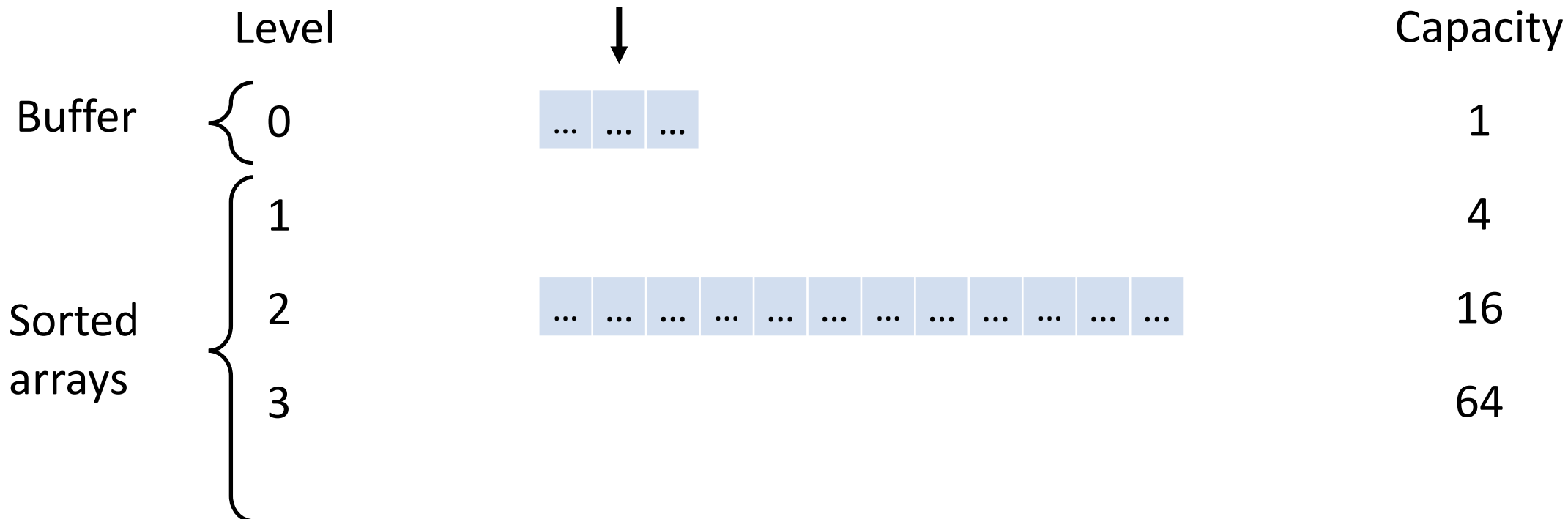
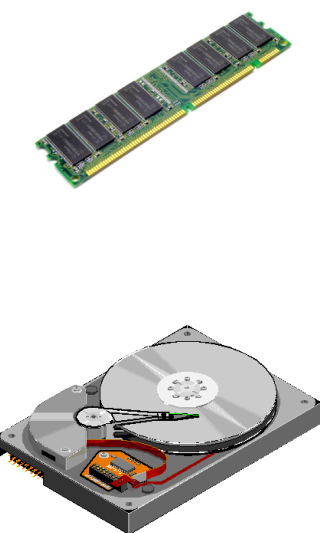
Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Insertion cost?

$$O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$





Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

Insertion cost?

$$O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$



Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

$$O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$


Insertion cost?

$$O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$$

What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?


 $O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

Insertion cost?

$O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$ 

What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?
 $O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$


Insertion cost?
 $O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$ 

What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

What happens when size ratio T is set to be N/B ?

Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?

 $O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

Insertion cost?

$O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$ 


What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

What happens when size ratio T is set to be N/B ?

Lookup cost becomes:
 $O(N/B)$

Insert cost becomes:
 $O(1/B)$

Tiered LSM-tree

Lookup cost?
 $O\left(T \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$

Insertion cost?
 $O\left(\frac{1}{B} \cdot \log_T \left(\frac{N}{B}\right)\right)$ 

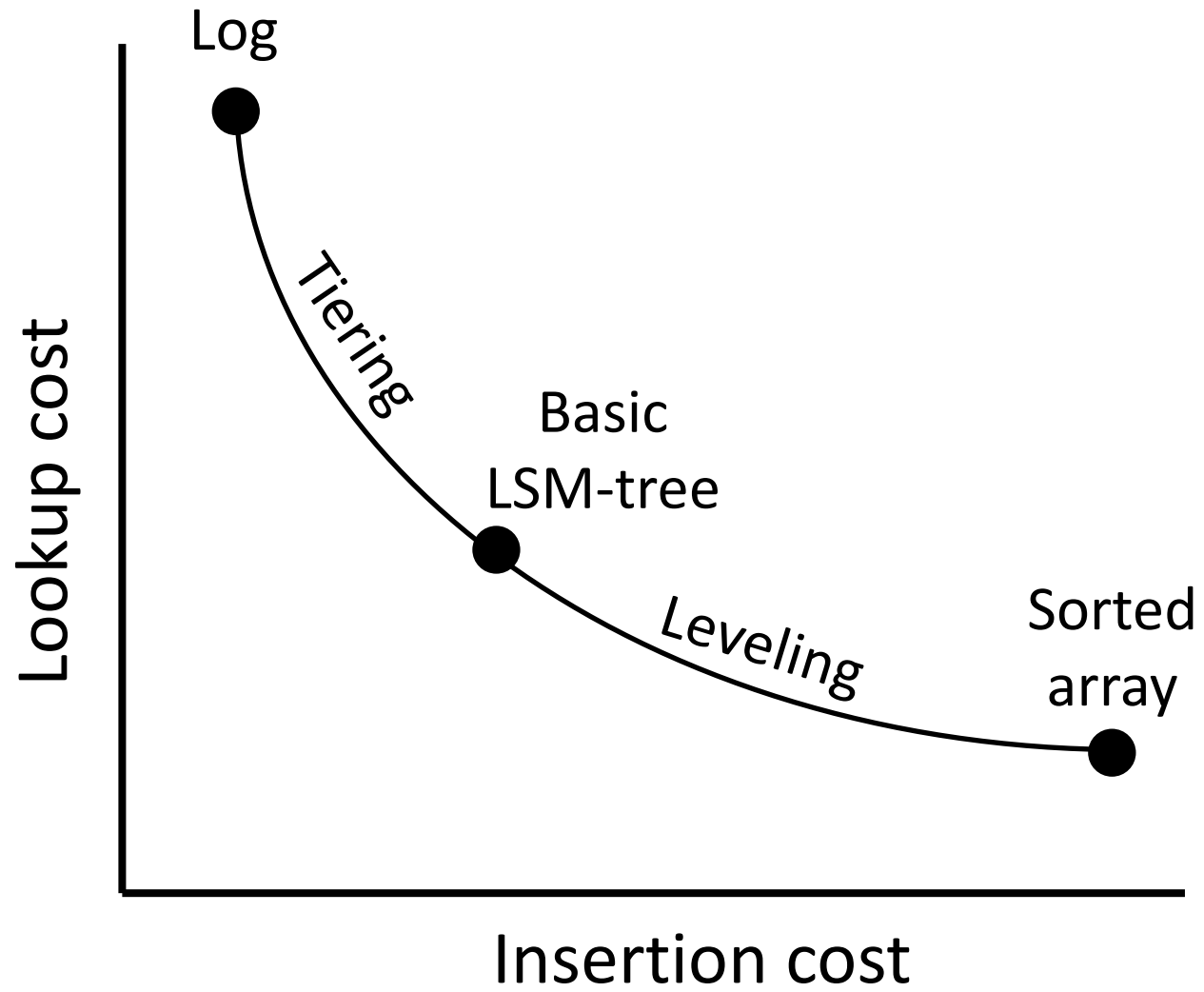
What happens as we increase the size ratio T ?

What happens when size ratio T is set to be N/B ?

Lookup cost becomes:
 $O(N/B)$

Insert cost becomes:
 $O(1/B)$

The tiered LSM-tree becomes a log!



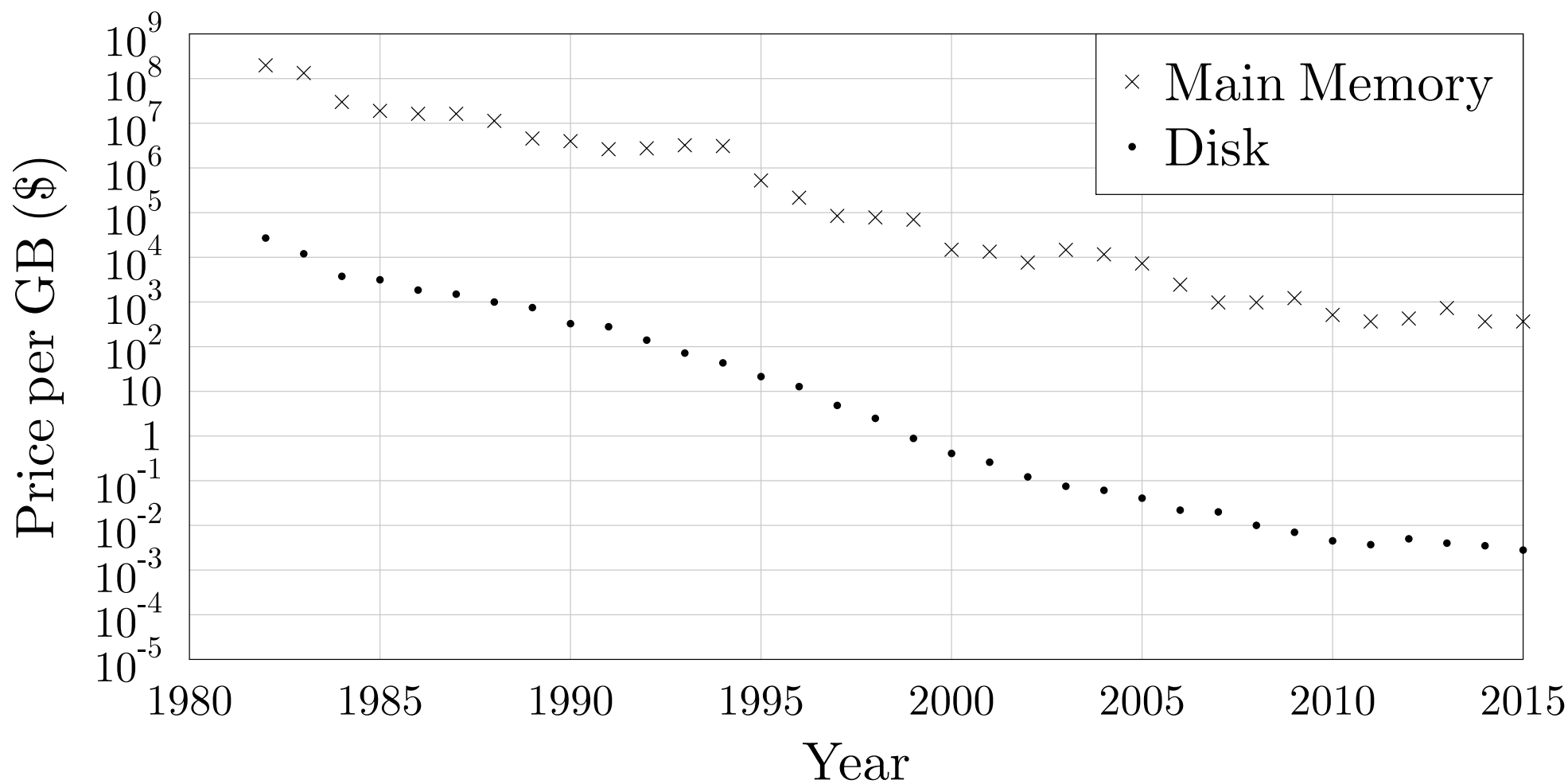
Results Catalogue – with fence pointers

	Lookup cost	Insertion cost
Sorted array	$O(1)$	$O(N/B)$
Log	$O(N/B)$	$O(1/B)$
B-tree	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
Basic LSM-tree	$O(\log_2(N/B))$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_2(N/B))$
Leveled LSM-tree	$O(\log_T(N/B))$	$O(T/B \cdot \log_T(N/B))$
Tiered LSM-tree	$O(T \cdot \log_T(N/B))$	$O(1/B \cdot \log_T(N/B))$



Bloom filters

Declining Main Memory Cost





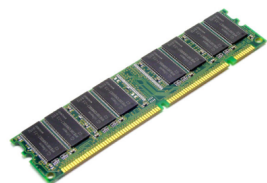
Bloom Filters

Answers set-membership queries

Smaller than array, and stored in main memory

Purpose: avoid accessing disk if entry is not in array

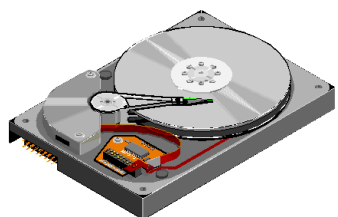
Subtlety: may return false positives.



filters



Bloom filter



array



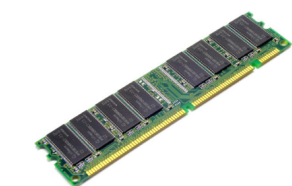
Bloom Filters

Answers set-membership queries

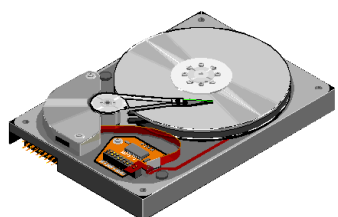
Smaller than array, and stored in main memory

Purpose: avoid accessing disk if entry is not in array

Subtlety: may return false positives.



filters



array



Lookup for X



Bloom filter



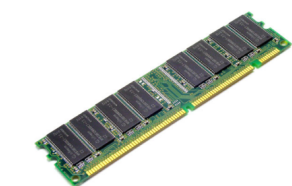
Bloom Filters

Answers set-membership queries

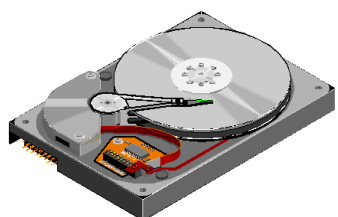
Smaller than array, and stored in main memory

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Subtlety: may return false positives.



filters



array



Lookup for X



Bloom filter



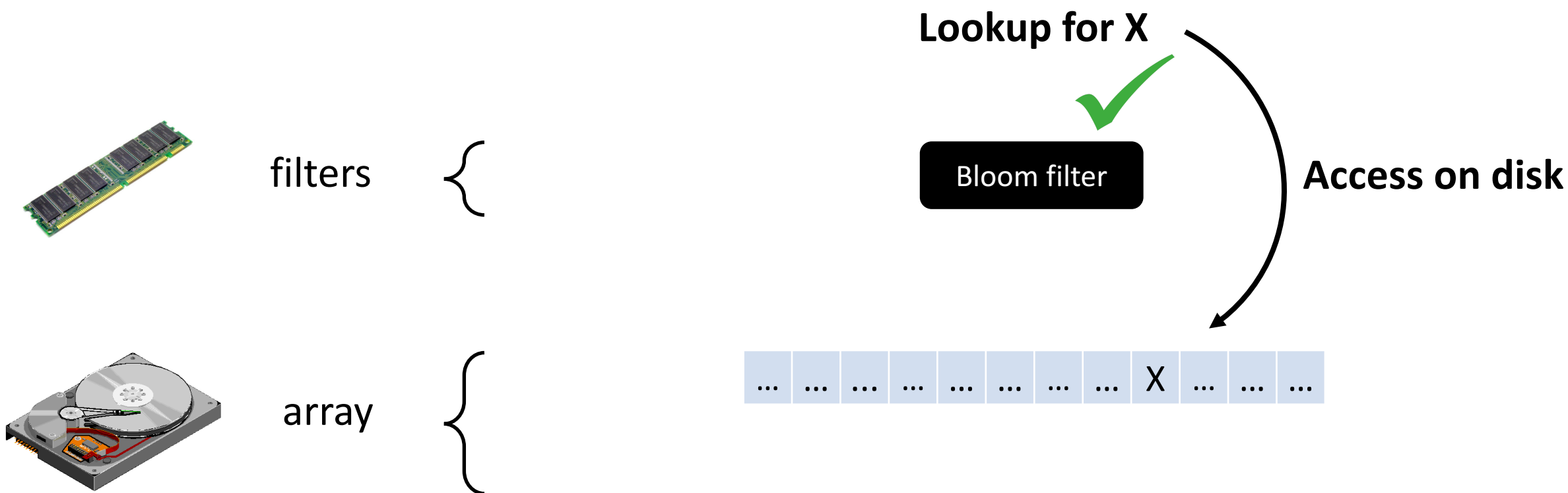
Bloom Filters

Answers set-membership queries

Smaller than array, and stored in main memory

Purpose: avoid accessing disk if entry is not in array

Subtlety: may return false positives.





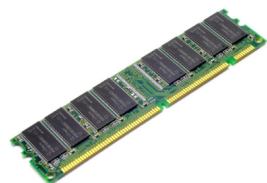
Bloom Filters

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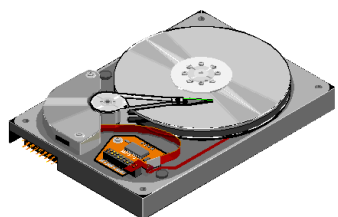
filters



Lookup for Y



Bloom filter



array





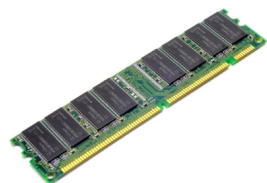
Bloom Filters

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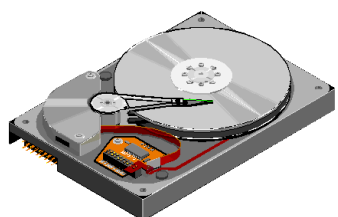
filters



Lookup for Y



Bloom filter



array





Bloom Filters

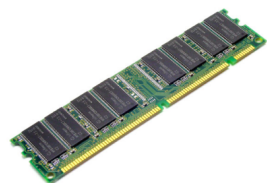
Answers set-membership queries

Smaller than array, and stored in main memory

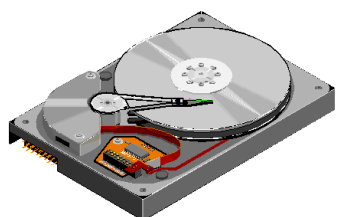
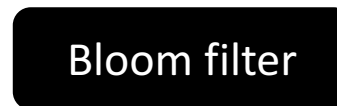
Purpose: avoid accessing disk if entry is not in array

Subtlety: may return false positives.

Lookup for Y



filters



array





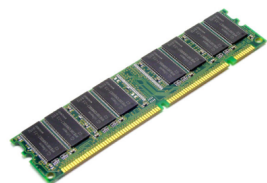
Bloom Filters

Answers set-membership queries

Smaller than array, and stored in main memory

Purpose: avoid accessing disk if entry is not in array

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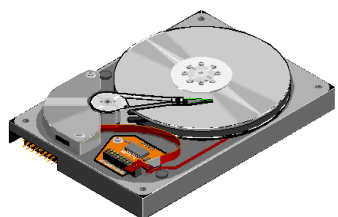
filters



Lookup for Z



Bloom filter



array





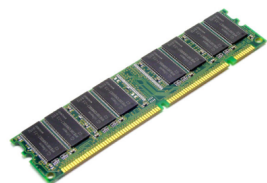
Bloom Filters

Answers set-membership queries

Smaller than array, and stored in main memory

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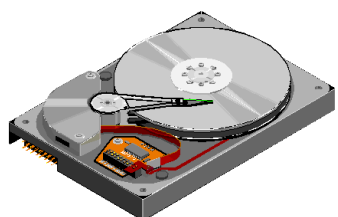
filters



Lookup for Z



Bloom filter



array





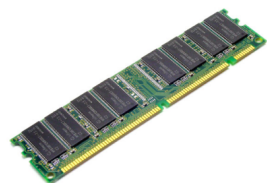
Bloom Filters

Answers set-membership queries

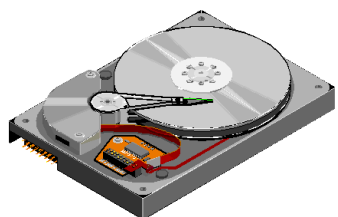
Smaller than array, and stored in main memory

Purpose: avoid accessing disk if entry is not in array

Subtlety: may return false positives.



filters



array



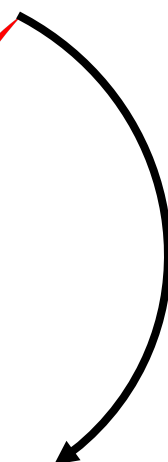
Lookup for Z



Bloom filter



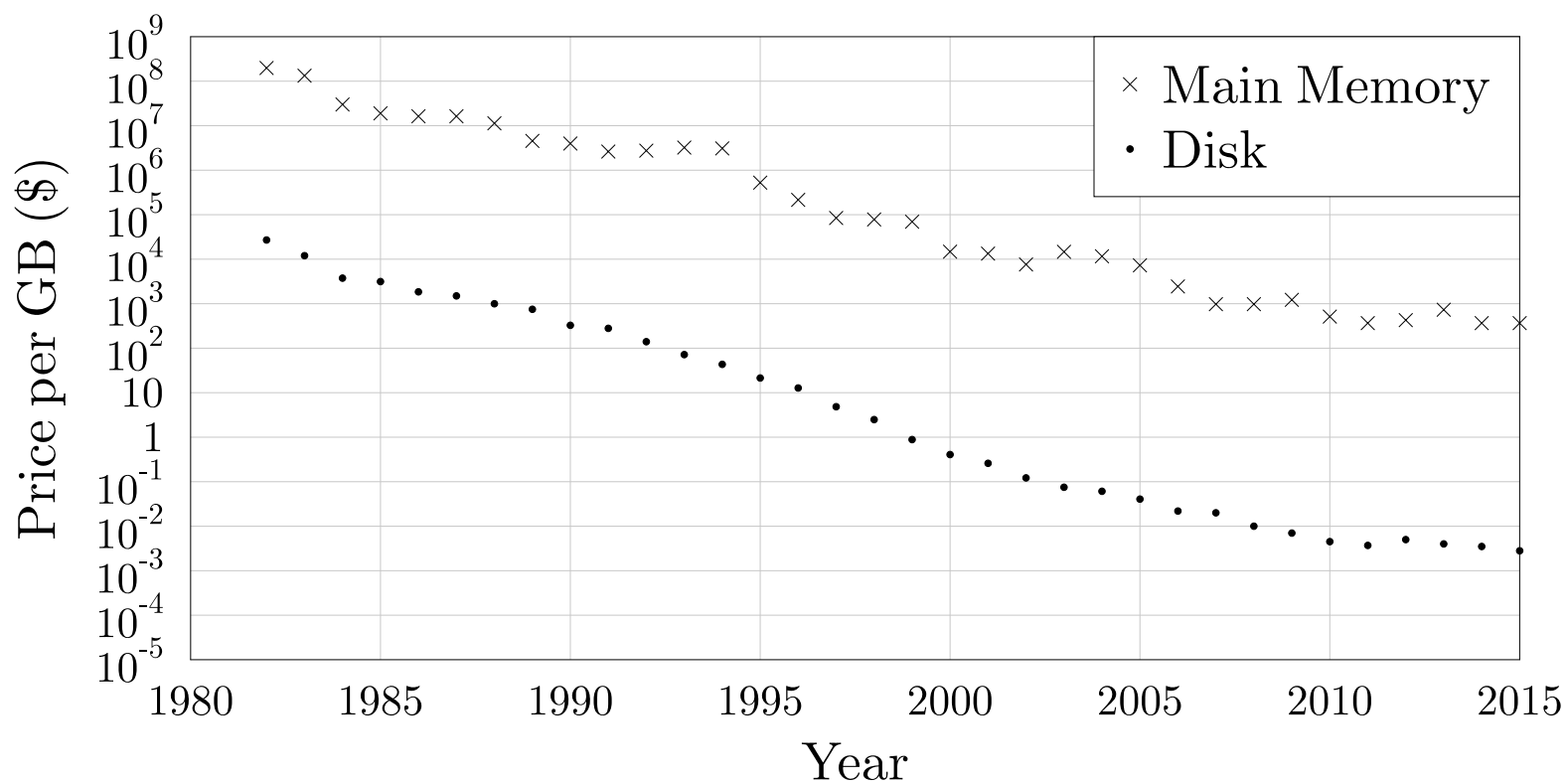
Access on disk





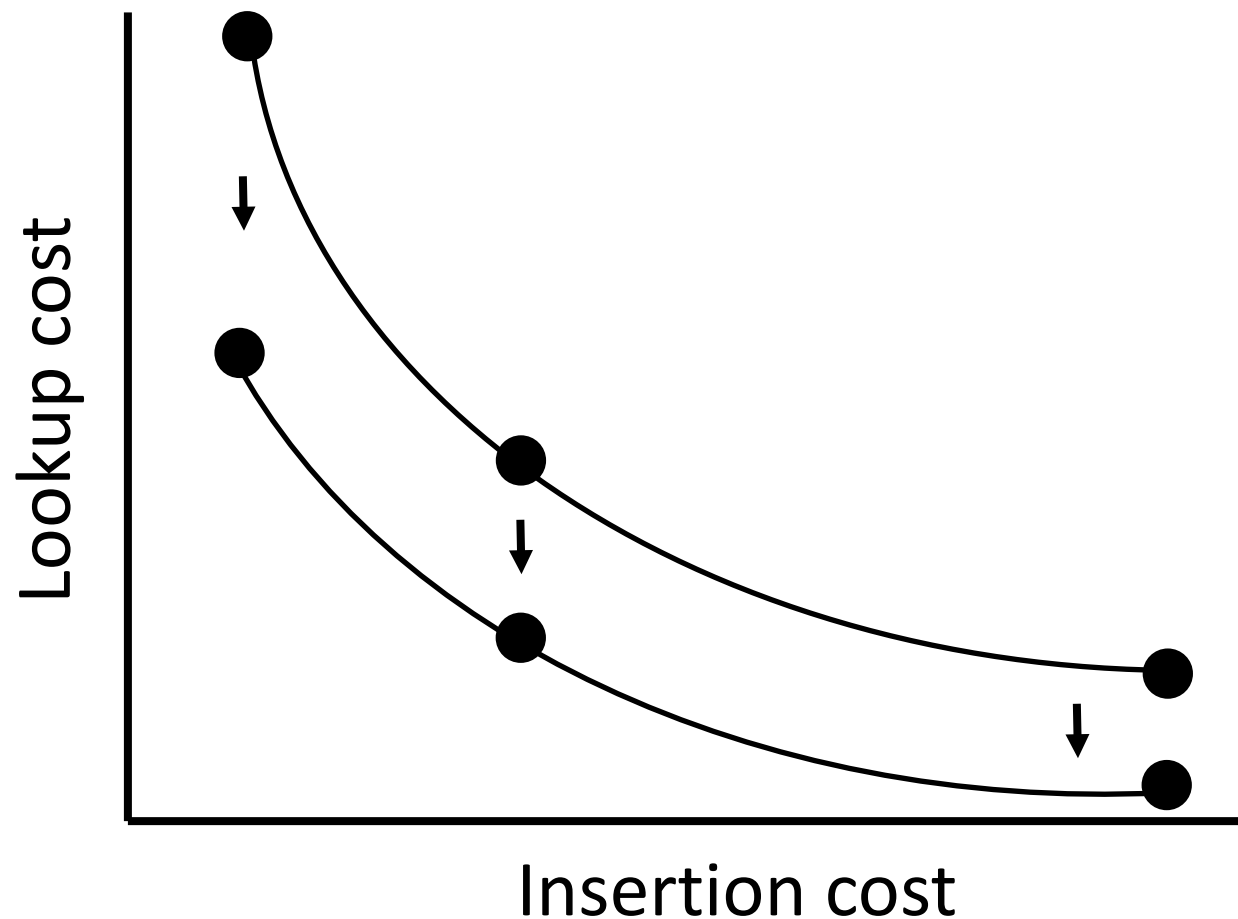
Bloom Filters

The more main memory, the less false positives \Rightarrow cheaper lookups



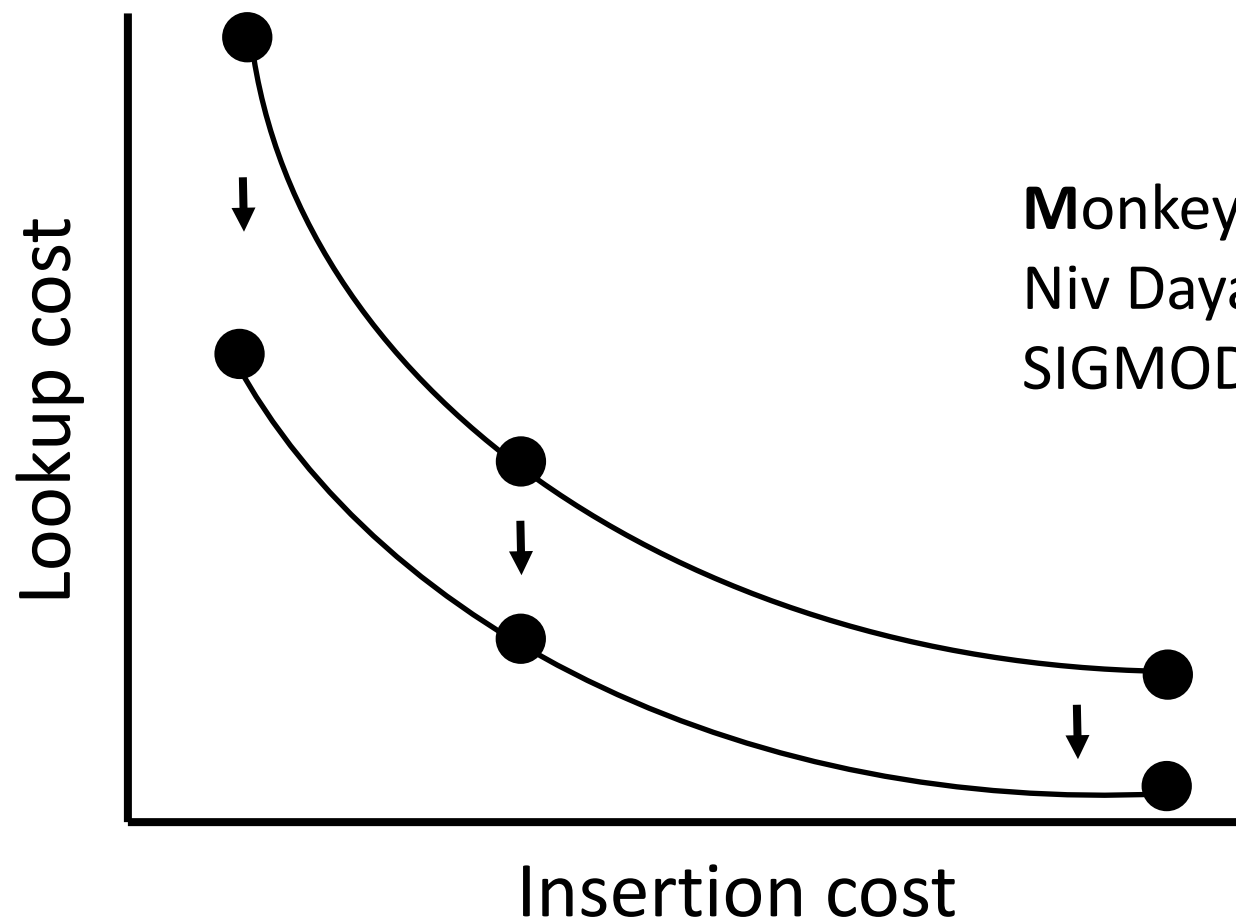
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Monkey: Optimal Navigable Key-Value Store
Niv Dayan, Manos Athanassoulis, Stratos Idreos
SIGMOD 2017



Conclusions

Write-optimized



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Highly tunable



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Backbone of many modern systems



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Trade-off between lookup and insert cost (tiering/leveling, size ratio)



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Thank you!